

Perspective for rare-decay angular analysis: $K^{(*)}\mu\mu$

Stefano Lacaprara,

stefano.lacaprara@pd.infn.it

with a lot of help from: Mauro Dinardo, Alessio Boletti, Linwei Li, Dayong Wang,

INFN Padova

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$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu \mu$

- BPH-15-008
- PAS-PUB, soon CWR
- Alessio, SL, Mauro, Linwei, Dayong
 - ▶ Padova, MIB, PKU
- Dataset 2012, $L = 20.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Signal/Background yield: 1400/1800
- Measured $BR(q^2)$, A_{FB} and F_L , P_1 , P'_5 , no correlation
- **no full angular analysis yet**

$B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu \mu / B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu \mu$

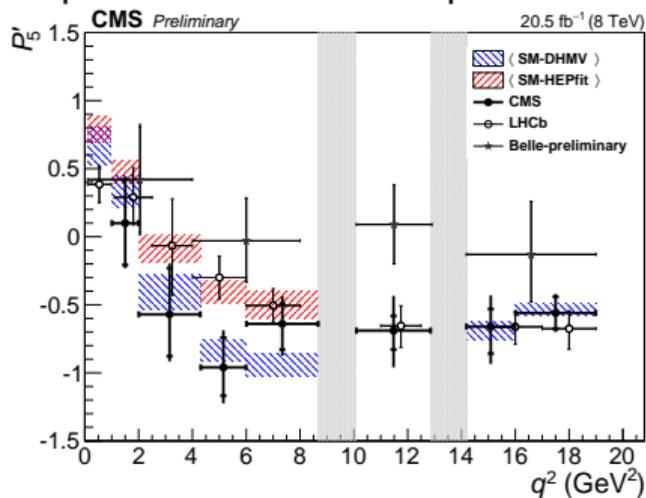
- Many people: Geng, Niladri, Po-Hsun, Dayong, Sanjay ...
 - ▶ PKU, NTU, NISER
- Dataset 2012, $L = 20.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- BPH-15-009: PreApp (24/11/2015)
 - ▶ Sgn/Bkg yield: 130/1000 events
 - ▶ Measure A_{FB} and F_L : pdf($\cos \theta_l, \cos \theta_K$)
- BPH-15-001: PreApp (2/6/2015)
 - ▶ Sgn/Bkg yield: 780/2400 ev $q^2 < 6$
 - ▶ wSgn/Bkg yield: 2300/5000 ev full q^2
 - ▶ Measure A_{FB} and F_H : pdf($\cos \theta_l$)

What can be useful to measure

We don't have (yet) a common measurement of all the angular parameters of a $b \rightarrow sll$ decay (LHCb has)

$\sim 40 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at 13 TeV, not yet looked at, plus 2017 data to collect (say other $\sim 40 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

Comparison with other exp



Yield for various experiment

- CMS: 1400 events (25 fb^{-1})
- LHCb ^[LHCb(2016)]: 2400 ev (3 fb^{-1})
full angular analysis, correlations
- ATLAS ^[ATLAS(2017)]: 342 (20 fb^{-1}) 4
different foldings, many angular
parameters, no correlation
- Belle ^[Belle(2017)]: 187μ ($127 e$)
(0.71 ab^{-1} $7.7 \cdot 10^8 \text{ BB}$): 4
foldings

Events yield for $B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu \mu$ in 2016

- Back of the envelope estimation of 2016 yield
- Inputs:
 - ▶ Signal Yield on 2012 dataset
 - ★ ($L = 20.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) 1400 $B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu \mu$
 - ▶ Inclusive B^+ x-section at 13 TeV ^[CMS(2016)] (BPH-15-004)
 - ★ in 2012 using same HLT trigger HLT_DoubleMu4_Jpsi_Displaced: Yield 600k events
 - ★ in 2016 (datasets B,C,D, and E $L = 17 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) HLT_DoubleMu4_JpsiTrk_Displaced 400k events
- Estimate for $L = 40 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2016)

$$Y(2016) = Y(2012) \cdot \frac{Y(2016, B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+) \frac{40}{17}}{Y(2012, B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+)} = 1400 \frac{400\,000 \frac{40}{17}}{600\,000} = 2200$$

Trigger: 2012

- L1 ▶ $p_T(\mu_1) > 3$ and $p_T(\mu_2) > 3$ GeV and $|\eta(\mu_1) - \eta(\mu_2)| < 2.2$
- HLT ▶ single muon $p_T > 3.5$ GeV
- ▶ dimuon $p_T > 6.9$ GeV
- ▶ $1 < m(\mu\mu) = q < 4.8$ GeV
- ▶ $L/\sigma > 3$ w.r.t. beamspot
- ▶ Vtx $CL > 10\%$

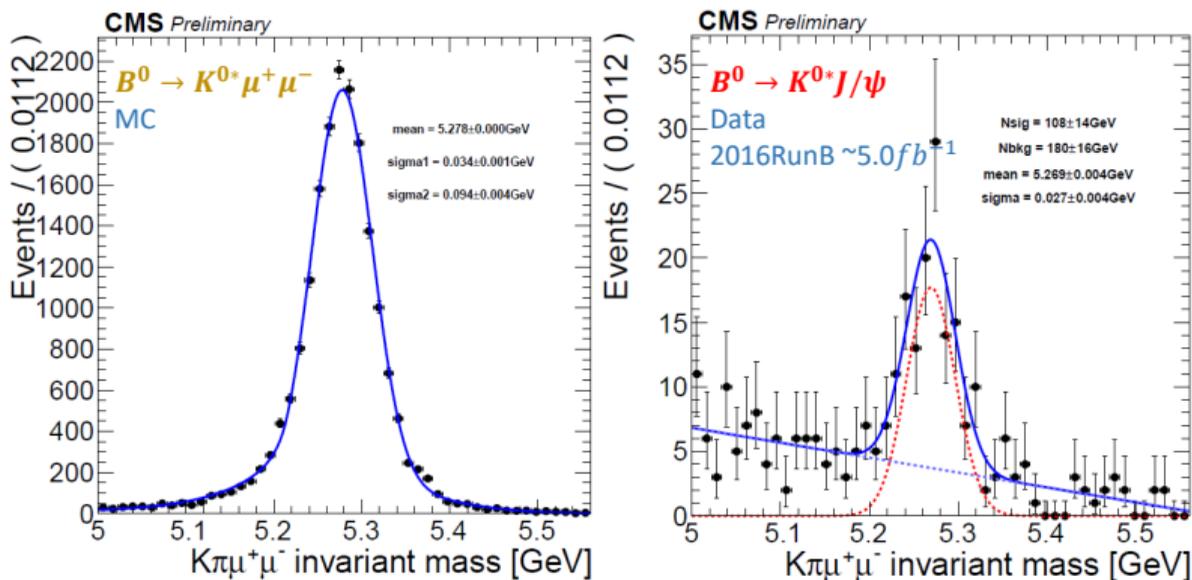
Trigger: 2016

- L1 ▶ $p_T(\mu_1) > 11(12)$ and $p_T(\mu_2) > 4(5)$ GeV
- or
- ▶ $p_T(\mu_1) > 0$ and $p_T(\mu_2) > 0$ and $|\eta(\mu_1)| < 1.6(1.4)$ and $|\eta(\mu_2)| < 1.6(1.4)$ and Opposite Sign and $|\eta(\mu_1) - \eta(\mu_2)| < 1.8$
- HLT ▶ single muon $p_T > 4$ GeV
- ▶ dimuon $p_T > 6.9$ GeV
- ▶ $1 < m(\mu\mu) = q < 4.8$ GeV
- ▶ $L/\sigma > 3$ w.r.t. beamspot
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First Look of 2016 Data with B0ToKstMuMu

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{0*} \mu^+ \mu^-$: *HLT_DoubleMu4_LowMassNonResonantTrk_Displaced_v7*

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{0*} J/\psi$: *HLT_DoubleMu4_JpsiTrk_Displaced_v7*



Comparison with LHCb/Belle2

- LHCb

- ▶ Luminosity will not increase as fast as CMS: $L \sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in Run2
- ▶ but the trigger is way more favourable: same eff as in 2012
- ▶ can expect to double the statistics at the end of Run2
- ▶ Also $K^* ee$, $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda \mu \mu$, LFU in $K^* \ell \ell$

- Belle2

- ▶ Very clean environment, but the number of B is “small” compared with LHC: $\sim 200 \text{ ev/ab}$
- ▶ for charged final state, typically LHCb is competitive/dominant
- ▶ Will reach 50 ab^{-1} by ~ 2023
- ▶ if we extrapolate from Belle: 13 000 events per ℓ channel
- ▶ also $K^* \tau \tau$ possible
- ▶ very interested in lepton universality test
- ▶ also channels $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi \ell \ell$ and $B \rightarrow X_s \ell \ell$

Charged final states: extrapolation

- Limited feedback from charged K group
- Using the ratio of B^0 to B^+ in 2012, and the expected yield for B^0 , we can expect 200 events for B^+ in 2016 dataset
- Possible to redo the current analysis with 2 bins in $q^2 < m^2(J/\psi)$?
- not enough for a full angular analysis, not even with full 2017 dataset

Alternative triggers?

From [\[Nachman and Rubbo\(2016\)\]](#) reported by M. Pierini: do not use a dedicated trigger, but look for B decays in any trigger among the PU vertexes. **Zero Bias Trigger**

Some back-on-the envelope computation

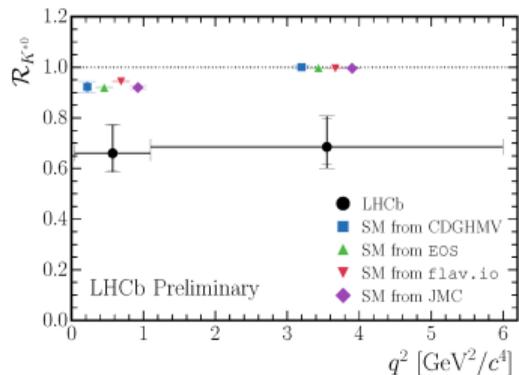
- HLT rate: 1 kHz
- LHC dutycycle: 100 days for 10^5 s/day. Total: $5 \cdot 10^{10}$ triggers
- PU average 40, total pp interaction in total $2 \cdot 10^{11}$
- $\frac{\sigma_{pp \rightarrow bb}}{\sigma_{min\ bias}} \sim 1\%$
- $N(bb) \sim N(B^0) \sim 2 \cdot 10^9$
- $BR(B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu\mu) \sim 1 \cdot 10^{-6}$
- So, we expect roughly $2 \cdot 10^3$ events, w/o considering acceptance ($\sim 10\%$) and efficiency
- **expected yield $\sim \mathcal{O}(100)$ events \times efficiency ($1 \cdot 10^{-3}$).**
- Maybe if we could run the displaced HLT trigger on all L1 seeds (so 1 kHz \rightarrow 100 kHz): but can we?

Any chance for lepton universality?

Recent results from LHCb: [LHCb(2017)] ratio of $\frac{B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu \mu}{B^0 \rightarrow K^* e e} \sim 0.67$ Lepton universality violated?

$$R_{K^{*0}} = \begin{cases} 0.660^{+0.110}_{-0.070} \pm 0.024 & \text{for } 0.045 < q^2 < 1.1 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4 \\ 0.685^{+0.113}_{-0.069} \pm 0.047 & \text{for } 1.1 < q^2 < 6.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4 \end{cases}$$

$N(K^* \mu \mu) = 285(353)$ Low (central) q^2
 $N(K^* e e) = 89(111)$ Low (central) q^2



Can we repeat the measure?

- **Short answer: no.** We do not have a trigger for low pT electron
- And very little chance to develop one at L1.
 - ▶ True, but we can maybe do something at HLT also for electron, using L1-less idea;
 - ▶ prescaled Low-Pt electron trigger might be better
- Major problem would be CPU-time and data reduction, but maybe it is worth a shot.
- if we can collect $\mathcal{O}(100)$ events in electron channel by 2017, a $\sim 10\%$ measurement might be possible...

B^0 SL, Alessio (Padova), Mauro, Sara, Paolo (MIB), Dayong, Linwei (PKU): all have expressed interest

- ▶ The analysis is not easy, and takes significant time and effort
- ▶ Initial workplan, ideas, preliminary work in place
- ▶ need a robust estimate of yield and background
- ▶ goal should be to have a full angular analysis (as at LHCb) with Run2 dataset: probably the statistics will be enough by the end of 2017.
- ▶ If we are not able to improve the efficiency (trigger, selection) the yield gap with LHCb will not be reduced

B^+ Geng to finish 8 TeV analysis, will graduate

- ▶ next year would need additional people to do for 13 TeV
- ▶ PKU will try to find someone else to work on B^+

LFU very challenging, but the interest can be very high.

- ther
- ▶ $\phi\mu\mu$: some initial work shown in 2016
 - ▶ Λ_b angular analysis maybe?
 - ★ The current trigger is not suitable, given the lifetime of Λ



Additional or backup slides

- [LHCb(2016)] LHCb. Angular analysis of the $B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$ decay using 3 fb^{-1} of integrated luminosity. *JHEP*, 02:104, 2016. doi: 10.1007/JHEP02(2016)104.
- [ATLAS(2017)] ATLAS. Angular analysis of $B_d^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$ decays in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ with the ATLAS detector. Technical Report ATLAS-CONF-2017-023, CERN, Geneva, Apr 2017. URL <http://cds.cern.ch/record/2258146>.
- [Belle(2017)] Belle. Lepton-Flavor-Dependent angular analysis of $B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-$. *Submitted to PRL*, 2017.
- [CMS(2016)] CMS. Measurement of the total and differential inclusive B^+ hadron cross sections in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$. *Submitted to: Phys. Lett. B*, 2016.
- [Nachman and Rubbo(2016)] Benjamin Nachman and Francesco Rubbo. A Bottom Line for the LHC Data by Leveraging Pileup as a Zero Bias Trigger. 2016.
- [LHCb(2017)] LHCb. Search for new physics with $b \rightarrow s \ell \ell$ decays at lhcb. Technical report, Apr 2017. URL http://lhcb-doc.web.cern.ch/lhcb-doc/presentations/Seminars/Cern_Seminar_Bifani.pdf. LHC Seminar, CERN, Simone Bifani 2017-04-18.