

$Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow \ell\ell b\bar{b}$ Preliminary studies

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One possible search for new physics at 13 TeV is the search for a Z' in the decay channel $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow \ell\ell bb$

I will cover some preliminary study on relevance, feasibility, and comparison with similar searches.

All is very, very preliminary.

- Physics motivation;
- Current and published searches;
- Back-of-the-envelope comparisons.

Physics motivations

- There a large number of thoeretical model where a Z' is present.
- In general the Z' mass is a free parameter, and can be in the range 1-10 TeV.
 - ▶ Examples are GUT with gauge simmetry group with dimension > 5
 - ★ A.Leike, "The Phenomenology of Extra Neutral Gauge Bosons", arXiv:hep-ph/9805494 or
 - ★ G.Rizzo, "Z' Phenomenology and the LHC", arXiv:hep-ph/0610104
 - ▶ Or composite-higgs, which have also more scalars in the menu;
 - ▶ Or Little-Higgs;
 - ▶ Heavy Vector Triplet model generalizes this class of model, with an heavy V' with variable coupling to SM V and f .
 - ★ *al. et* A.Wulzer, "Heavy Vector Triplets: Bridging Theory and Data", arXiv:1402.4431
- Models in general have both Z' and W' .
- Good news is that in some scenarios, apparently the $V' \rightarrow f\bar{f}$ and $V' \rightarrow VV$ are suppressed.
 - ▶ so $Z' \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu$ and $Z' \rightarrow WW$ do not cover all parameters space.

$$Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow qq\tau\tau$$

Search for narrow resonances decaying to ZH in the final state with two leptons and a merged jet pair,

CMS Paper EXO-13-007 (CWR ended. No PAS, directly to Paper)

AN-14-063: Perugia, CERN, Zurich, Rochester, SPRACE, IFT

- Search for $M'_Z \in [0.8, 2.5] \text{ TeV}$;
- Boosted regime for $Z \rightarrow qq$ and $h \rightarrow \tau\tau$;
- Trigger: SingleJet320 o HT650: fully efficient wrt analysis;
- $Z \rightarrow qq$ as a single jet (CA8) with substructures and components;
 $p_T > 400 \text{ GeV}$
- All τ decays: τ_e, τ_μ, τ_h . Six channels in total.
- $p_T(\mu/e) > 10 \text{ GeV}$, τ_h from AK5-jets with hadrons-plus-strips:
 $p_T(\tau_h) > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- τ reco*ID efficiency: $\sim 20 - 40\%$ depending on channel.

$W' \rightarrow Wh \rightarrow \ell\nu b\bar{b}$

Search for massive WH resonances decaying to the $\ell\nu b\bar{b}$ final state in the boosted regime at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV ,

CMS Paper EXO-14-010 (GoingToPreapproval)

AN-14-121: Zurich, Peking

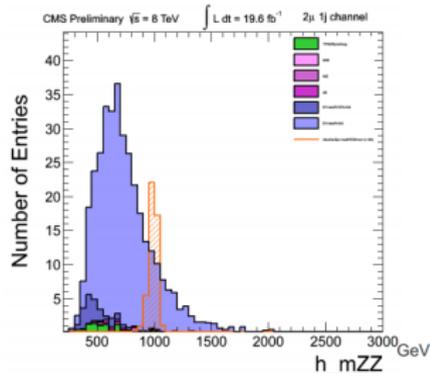
- **First search for this channel**; closely related to $WW \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}$ (arXiv:1405.3447)
- Search for $M'_W > 0.8$ TeV;
- Trigger: SingleMu40, SingleEle80
- $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ standard; $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ next slide;
- $p_T(W, h) > 200$ GeV, $\Delta R(Wh) > \pi/2$
- top-veto if additional AK5 jets m_{top}^{reco} not close to m_{top}
 - ▶ $m_{top}^{leptonic}$ (MET + ℓ +AK5-jet)
 - ▶ $m_{top}^{hadronic}$ (CA08-jet+AK5-jet)

$h \rightarrow bb$ reconstruction

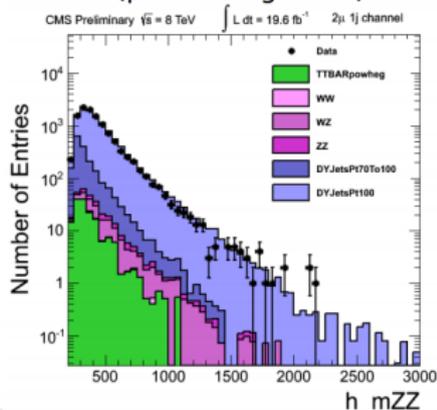
- reconstructed as a single, massive CA08 $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$
- ID uses both reconstructed bb mass and b-tagging
- N-subjettiness (τ_{12}) does not increase sensitivity;
- CA08 plus *jet pruning*
 - reduce pile-up by removing soft or large angle stuff from jet;
 - standard choice for many/all boosted jets study in CMS;
- compute pruned m_{jet} and select $110 < m_{jet} < 135 \text{ GeV}$
 - m_{jet} performance checked in $W \rightarrow qq'$ decay from semileptonic $t\bar{t}$ events;
 - b-quark fragmentation model checked with m_{top} reconstruction in same events;
 - total syst $\sim 5\%$
- b-tagging:
 - if CA08 jet is splitted in two sub-jets with $\Delta R > 0.3$, use CSV (loose-loose) on subjets
 - otherwise use CSV (loose) directly on CA08
 - BTagPog recipe
 - b-tagging efficiency for signal is $\epsilon \sim 70\%$

NOT active analysis on $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llJ$

- Two presentations by A.Mauri (Pisa) (plus A.Bonato & J-R.Vlimant (CERN)) 21/8/2013
30/10/2013
- Note $h \rightarrow Jet$, so including also $h \rightarrow cc/ss$
- Based on bulkGraviton $\rightarrow ZZ$ (AN-13-040)
- Preliminary, but apparently in good shape
 - ▶ some signals available (with problems), studied at parton level;
 - ▶ selections: $m_h \in [110, 130] \text{ GeV}$, $p_T(Z/h) > 80 \text{ GeV}$, $\tau_{12} < 0.75$;
 - ▶ study on cut optimization (mostly subjettiness)
 - ▶ considering also $h \rightarrow WW/ZZ$ full hadronic as signal
 - ▶ background estimate from fit of m_{ZH}
 - ▶ signal template as Crystal Ball



Data sidebands
(pure background)



What can we do in $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llbb$ channel?

- Comparing this channel with $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow qq\tau\tau$;
- Branching Ratios \times Efficiencies

$Z \rightarrow ll$ from $A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llbb$

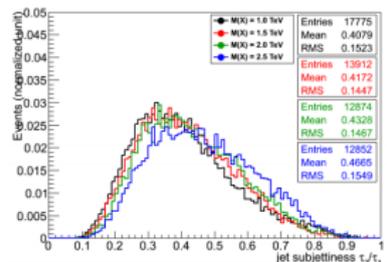
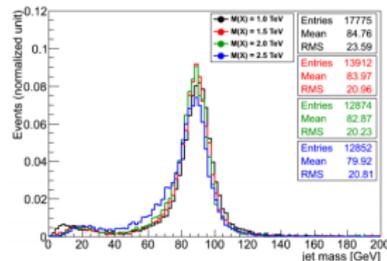
$h \rightarrow bb$ from $W' \rightarrow Wh \rightarrow l\nu bb$

$Zh \rightarrow qq\tau\tau$ from PAS/AN

- $\mathcal{B}(Zh \rightarrow qq\tau\tau) = (.7 \times 0.064) = 0.045$
- $\mathcal{B}(Zh \rightarrow llbb) = (.066 \times 0.58) = 0.038$
 - ▶ BR are not so different
 - ▶ You gain with $h \rightarrow bb$ what you lose in $Z \rightarrow ll$
 - ▶ $\mathcal{B}(Zh \rightarrow qqbb) = .7 \times 0.58 = .40 \times 10!$ Doable? hmmm...

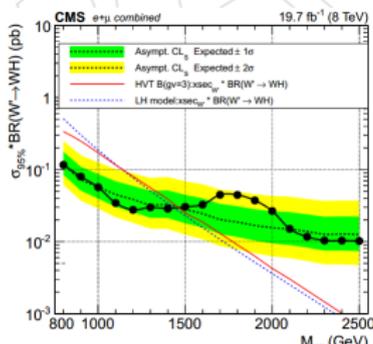
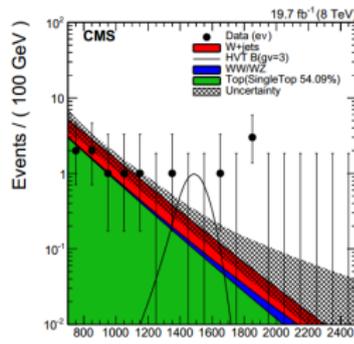
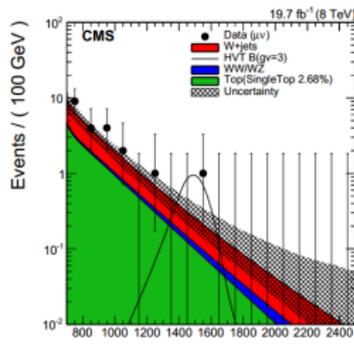
What about efficiencies?

- Trigger efficiency is 100% in both channel (large boost)
- $\epsilon(Z \rightarrow qq) \approx 80\%$ (my estimate)
 - ▶ $70 < M_{jet} < 110$ and $\tau_{12} < 0.75$
- $\epsilon(h \rightarrow \tau\tau)$ 30%
 - ▶ taking into proper account all (six) τ decay channels BR and individual efficiencies;
- $\mathcal{B} \times \epsilon(Zh \rightarrow qq\tau\tau) \approx 0.045 \times 0.8 \cdot 0.3 = 0.011$
- $\epsilon(Z \rightarrow \ell\ell) \approx 0.9^2 = 80\%$
 - ▶ Can be lower wrt $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ due to large boost of the Z;
- $\epsilon(h \rightarrow bb)$ 70%
- $\mathcal{B} \times \epsilon(Zh \rightarrow \ell\ell bb) \approx 0.038 \times 0.8 \cdot 0.7 = 0.021$



- For $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow qq\tau\tau$ is mostly Z +jets and $t\bar{t}$, plus some VV ;
- For $W' \rightarrow Wh \rightarrow \ell\nu bb$ is the same: W +jets, $t\bar{t}$, some WW/WZ ;
- In both cases the final selection has very little events left $\mathcal{O}(1)$
- $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow \ell\ell Jet$ shows more background $\mathcal{O}(10)$ (but w/o b-tagging);
- Final search is in Zh/Wh invariant mass.

- The physical case is there;
- The reach of this channel seems better than the analogous $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow qq\tau\tau$;
- The tools are already available and used by several analysis;
- I send a mail to D.Dal Re asking why the 8TeV analysis is not active: waiting for reply;
- I was not able to find anything on the subject published by ATLAS.
- btw: W' finds a 2.5σ excess at 1.8 TeV...



- about $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llJet$ at 8 TeV:
 - ▶ Student produced his master thesis (not PhD!) and left Tesi.pdf
- **Di certo non e' un canale per lo startup.**
- Alternatives with simial final state:
 - ▶ Heavy Majorana Nu and $WR \rightarrow m(eejj)$ bump search (ripetendo circa quello che e' gia' stato fatto per verificare il bump a 2 TeV);
 - ▶ 1st gen LQ $eejj$ and $evjj$ (qui cercando di migliorare o eventualmente rivoluzionare la strategia di analisi);
 - ▶ $W' \rightarrow Wh \rightarrow l\nu + Hjet$

Q: why would be W' better than Z' ?

- ▶ First reason is the BR:

if we consider $W' \rightarrow Wh \rightarrow l\nu bb$ wrt to $Z' \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llbb$, the BR advantage in for W is about $10/3 = \text{BR}(W \rightarrow l\nu) / \text{BR}(Z \rightarrow ll)$.

- ▶ Second reason is production rate:

if W' and Z' belongs to the same triplet, their coupling to fermions is the same, and then the production rate depends on the abundance of correct quarks in the colliding protons, namely on PDF.

In general, we can expect W' to be produced from qq' , while Z' from $q\bar{q}$, as for SM W and Z .

So, we can expect the same ratio (about 10) of W'/Z' production.

Of course, if the Z' belongs to a singlet, this reasoning is not valid anymore.

- ▶ a presentation about this issue Presentation from Jennifer Ngadiuba