

Decay Properties: New Possible Analyses in CMS

M. Margoní

A couple of measurements still not pursued at CMS

- CPV in interference between Mixing and Decay:
 - $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \pi \pi : \Phi_s$
 - $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s : \beta$

Other ideas for the future:

- B Physics in $t\bar{t}$ events
 - Ongoing: b mixing (see Paolo talk)
 - Challenge: reconstruct B states in b-jets from top?

Time dependent CPV Measurements

- Reconstruct B/\bar{B} decays in the same CP eigenvalue:

$$\mathcal{A}_{f_{CP}}(t) \equiv \frac{d\Gamma/dt[\bar{M}_{\text{phys}}^0(t) \rightarrow f_{CP}] - d\Gamma/dt[M_{\text{phys}}^0(t) \rightarrow f_{CP}]}{d\Gamma/dt[\bar{M}_{\text{phys}}^0(t) \rightarrow f_{CP}] + d\Gamma/dt[M_{\text{phys}}^0(t) \rightarrow f_{CP}]}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_f(t) = \frac{S_f \sin(\Delta mt) - C_f \cos(\Delta mt)}{\cosh(\Delta\Gamma t/2) - A_f^{\Delta\Gamma} \sinh(\Delta\Gamma t/2)}$$

$$S = -\eta \sin 2\beta(\Phi_s), \quad C = 0$$

- Ingredients of the Measurement:

- Flavor Tagging, FOM: $P_{\text{TAG}} = \epsilon(1-2\omega)^2$
 - LHCb > 3%; CMS (only OS) ~ 1.3%
- Time resolution, σ_t
 - LHCb: ~ 40 fs; CMS ~ 75 fs
- Integrated Statistics... next slide...

“Very difficult” to be competitive with LHCb, but useful exercise to look for possible improvements

Run 2 Projections & Challenges

- Back of envelope Run2 projection at CMS:
 $\sigma_{bb}(\text{Run2}) \approx 2 \sigma_{bb}(\text{Run1}); [\sigma_{tt}(\text{Run2}) \approx 4 \sigma_{tt}(\text{Run1})]$
 $L(\text{Run2}) \approx 100/120 \text{ fb}^{-1} \approx 5 L(\text{Run1})$
- Total sample (Run1 + Run2) $\approx 11 \times \text{Run1}$ (5 \times Run1 for LHCb)
 - Expect factor ~ 3 improvement in statistical errors wrt Run1 & systematic uncertainties scaling with statistics

But:

- Increased Pile-up: $\sim 40 \text{ PU}$ @ 13 TeV with $L=1.4 \cdot 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Trigger: stay within the Run1 bandwidth ($L1=10 \text{ kHz} \sim 10\%$ of the total Bandwidth, $\text{HLT}=100 \text{ Hz}$) despite the increase of a factor 4 in rate.
 - Trigger selection defined to reduce the rate without affecting too much the signal, path driven by specific analysis

$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s$

LHCb (Phys. Rev. D 115, 031601) $L=3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

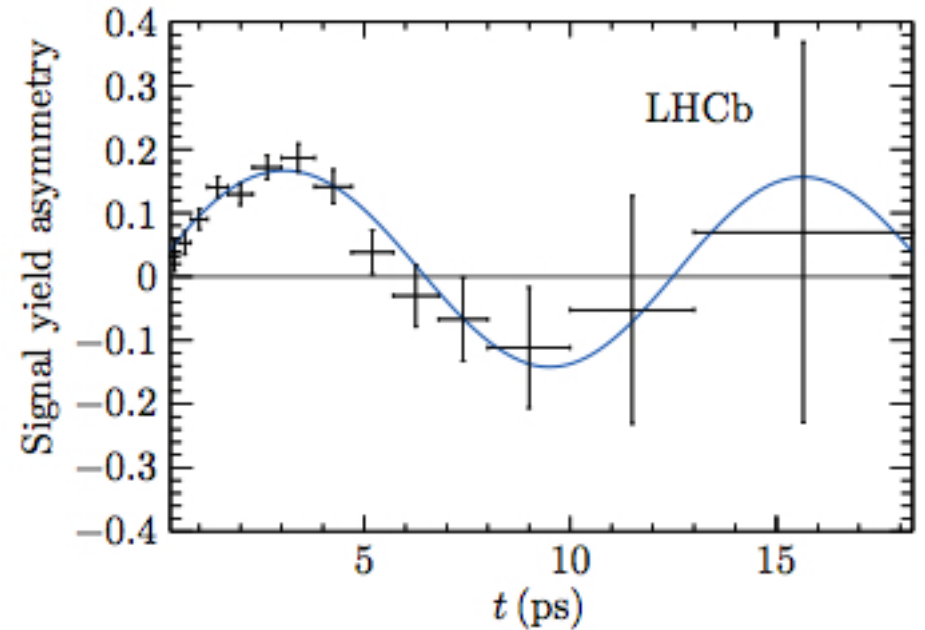
$$S = 0.731 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.020$$

$$C = -0.038 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.005$$

$$N_{\text{sig}} = 114000 \text{ (All)} \rightarrow 41500 \text{ (Tagged)}$$

$$P_{\text{TAG}} = 3.02\% \text{ (OS+SS}\pi\text{)}$$

Origin	σ_S	σ_C
Background tagging asymmetry	0.0179 (2.5%)	0.0015 (4.5%)
Tagging calibration	0.0062 (0.9%)	0.0024 (7.2%)
$\Delta\Gamma$	0.0047 (0.6%)	—
Fraction of wrong PV component	0.0021 (0.3%)	0.0011 (3.3%)
z-scale	0.0012 (0.2%)	0.0023 (7.0%)
Δm	—	0.0034 (10.3%)
Upper decay time acceptance	—	0.0012 (3.6%)
Correlation between mass and decay time	—	—
Decay time resolution calibration	—	—
Decay time resolution offset	—	—
Low decay time acceptance	—	—
Production asymmetry	—	—
Sum	0.020 (2.7%)	0.005 (15.2%)



Extrapolation for Run2:

$$N_{\text{sig}} = 570000$$

$$\delta S_{\text{stat}} \sim 0.016; \delta C_{\text{stat}} \sim 0.014$$

Systematic error not significantly reducible with statistics

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \pi \pi$

LHCb (Phys. Lett. B 736, 186-195) $L=3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$$\Phi_s = 70 \pm 68 \pm 8 \text{ mrad}$$

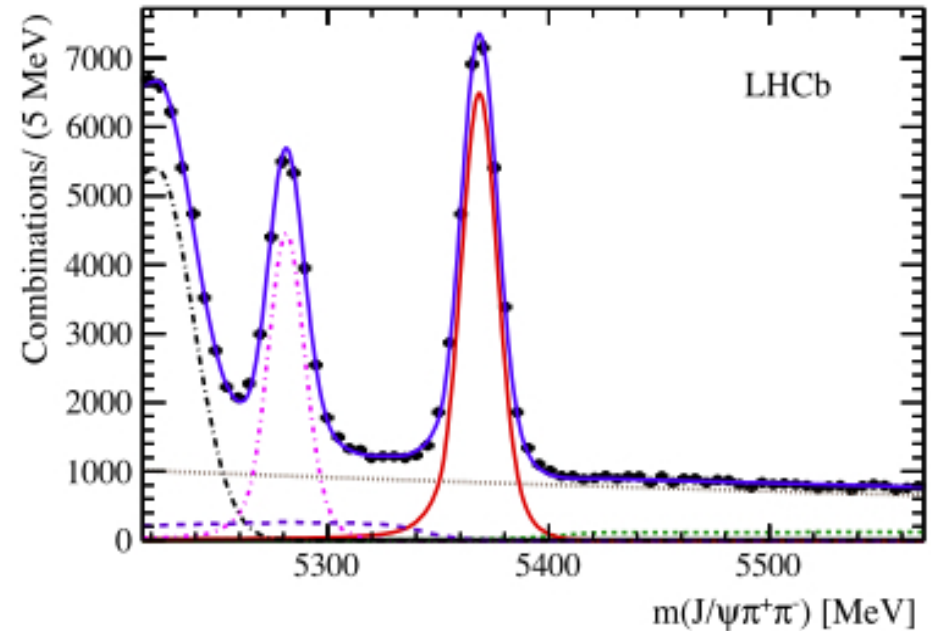
$$N_{sig} = 27100 \text{ (All)} \rightarrow 14800 \text{ (Tagged)}$$

$$P_{TAG} = 3.89\% \text{ (OS+SSK)}$$

Table 2

Systematic uncertainties. The total is the sum in quadrature of each entry.

Sources	ϕ_s (mrad)
Decay time acceptance	± 0.6
Mass acceptance	± 0.3
Background time PDF	± 0.2
Background mass distribution PDF	± 0.6
Resonance model	± 6.0
Resonance parameters	± 0.7
Other fixed parameters	± 0.4
Production asymmetry	± 5.8
Total	± 8.4



Extrapolation for Run2:

$$N_{sig} = 135500$$

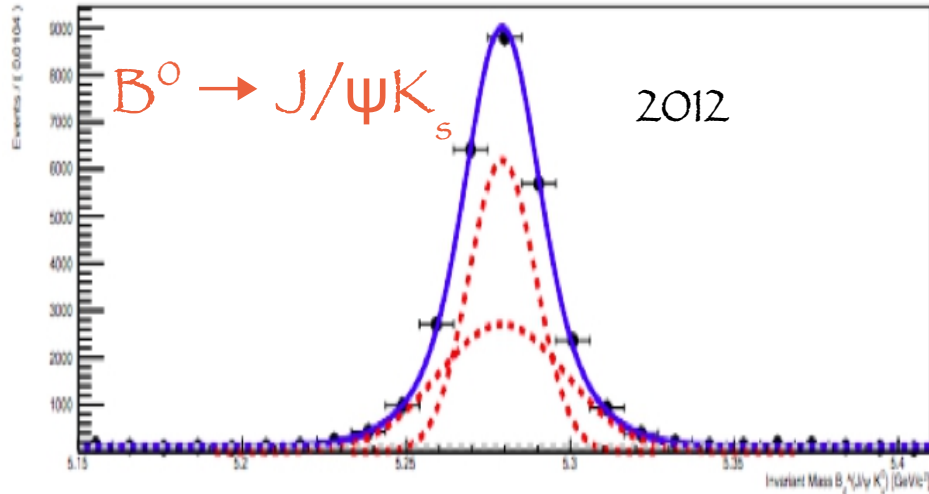
$$\delta_{stat} \sim 30 \text{ mrad}$$

Precision still dominated by statistical error

CMS Perspectives

Thanks to
Jhovanny & Sara

Run1 Reconstructed Yields in CINESTAV Lifetime analyses:



$$N_{sig} \text{ (No Tag)} = 35188$$

Run1 HLT used Paths:

HLT_Dimuon7_Jpsi_Displaced

HLT_DoubleMu4_Jpsi_Displaced

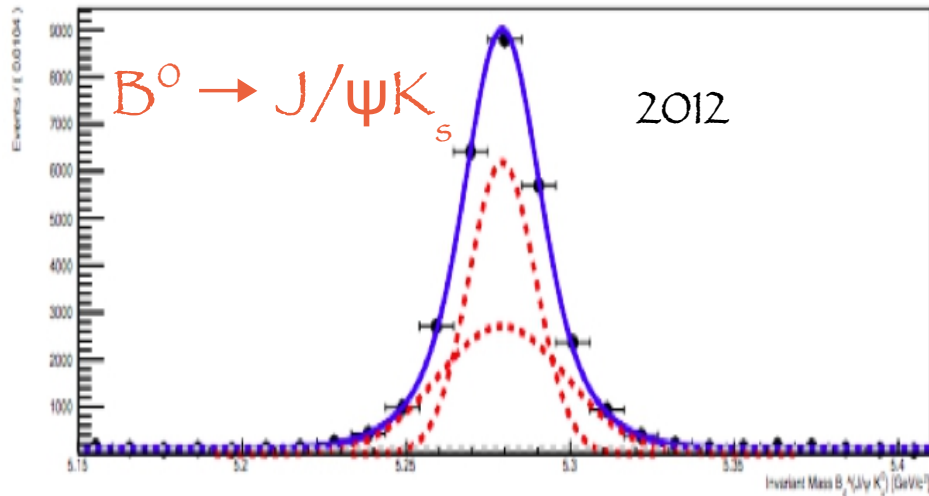
Run2 HLT available Paths:

7e33 HLT prescale	1e34 HLT prescales	Path	Modified L1 seed	1e34 L1 prescales	Total (7e33 column)	
2	5	HLT_DoubleMu4_3_Jpsi_Displaced_v2	Prescaled: control channel for $B \rightarrow \mu\mu$ Not needs full statistics	120 1 1	26.9	± 1.92
1	1	HLT_DoubleMu4_JpsiTrk_Displaced_v2	L1_DoubleMu0_Eta1p6_WdEta18 OR L1_DoubleMu0_Eta1p6_WdEta18_OS OR L1_DoubleMu_10_0_WdEta18	120 1 1	41.48	± 2.71
1	0	HLT_Dimuon16_Jpsi_v2	L1_DoubleMu_10_0_WdEta18	1	17.33	± 1.03

CMS Perspectives

Thanks to
Jhovanny & Sara

Run1 Reconstructed Yields in CINVESTAV Lifetime analyses:



$$N_{sig} \text{ (No Tag)} = 35188$$

- Run2 Extrapolation:

$$N_{sig} \text{ (No Tag)} = 330000$$

(assuming 15% ϵ reduction)

L1 seed (2015) was L1_DoubleMu0er1p6_dEta_Max1p8 or
L1_DoubleMu_10_0dEta_Max1p8 (prescaled by factor 10) probably will move to
L1_DoubleMu_10_3p5 → Endcap Efficiency reduction

$$\delta_{stat} \text{ (CMS)} / \delta_{stat} \text{ (LHCb)} = \text{Statistics} \times \text{Tagging} \times \text{Resolution} = \text{Total}$$

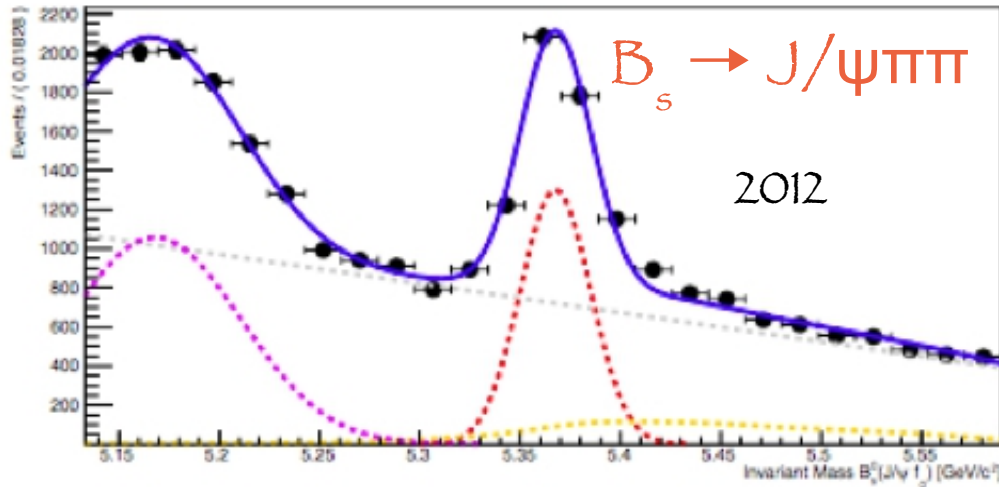
$$1.2 \quad \times \quad 1.5 \text{ (1.4)} \quad \times \quad 1.4 \quad = \quad 2.5 \text{ (2.3)}$$

Very naïve evaluation → $\delta_{stat}^S \sim 0.037$; $\delta_{stat}^C \sim 0.032$

CMS Perspectives

Thanks to
Jhovanny & Sara

Run1 Reconstructed Yields in CINVESTAV Lifetime analyses:



$$N_{sig} \text{ (No Tag)} \approx 4010$$

- Run2 Extrapolation

$$N_{sig} \text{ (No Tag)} \approx 37500$$

(assuming 15% ϵ reduction)

$$\delta_{stat} \text{ (CMS)} / \delta_{stat} \text{ (LHCb)} = \text{Statistics} \times \text{Tagging} \times \text{Resolution} = \text{Total}$$

$$1.9 \quad \times \quad 1.7 \text{ (1.5)} \quad \times \quad 1.4 \quad = \quad 4.5 \text{ (4.0)}$$

Very naive evaluation: $\rightarrow \delta_{stat} \Phi_s \sim 120 \text{ mrad}$

B Physics in tt events?

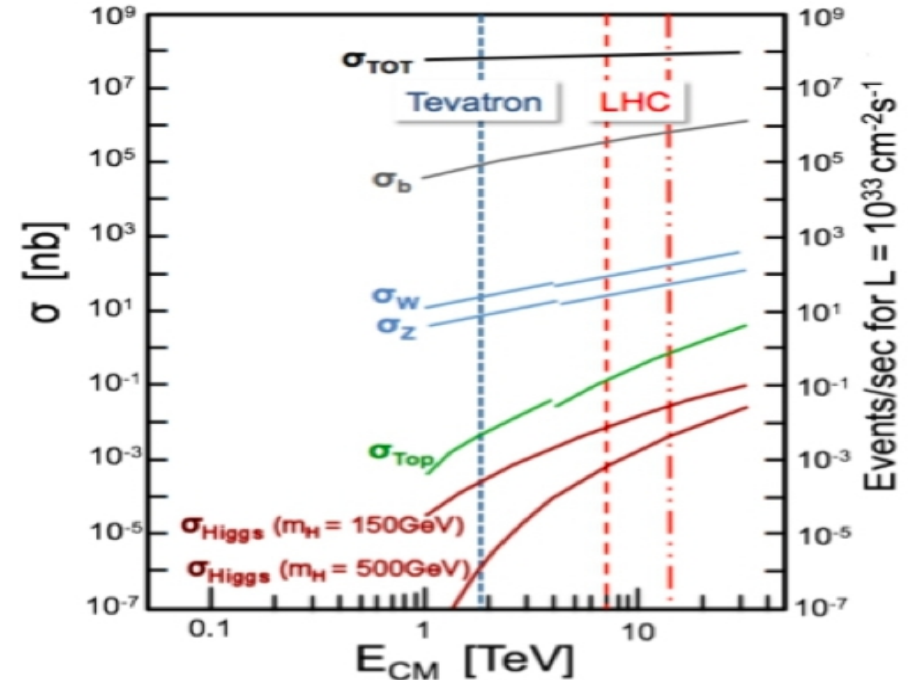
- Pros:

- High P_T Physics will not be penalized by trigger paths
- σ_{tt} increases by a factor 4 from 8 TeV to 13 TeV
- Expertise in the group on Flavor Tagging both at low P_T (Jacopo Pazzini) and high P_T (Alessio Boletti)
- Leptons from semileptonic $t \rightarrow l\nu b$ decays tag the b flavor at production time

$$\sigma_{tt}(\text{Run2}) \approx 4\sigma_{tt}(\text{Run1})$$

$$L(\text{Run2}) \approx 5L(\text{Run1})$$

→ Expect $\sim 4.5 \cdot 10^6$ tt, $t \rightarrow l\nu b$ evts



B Physics in tt events?

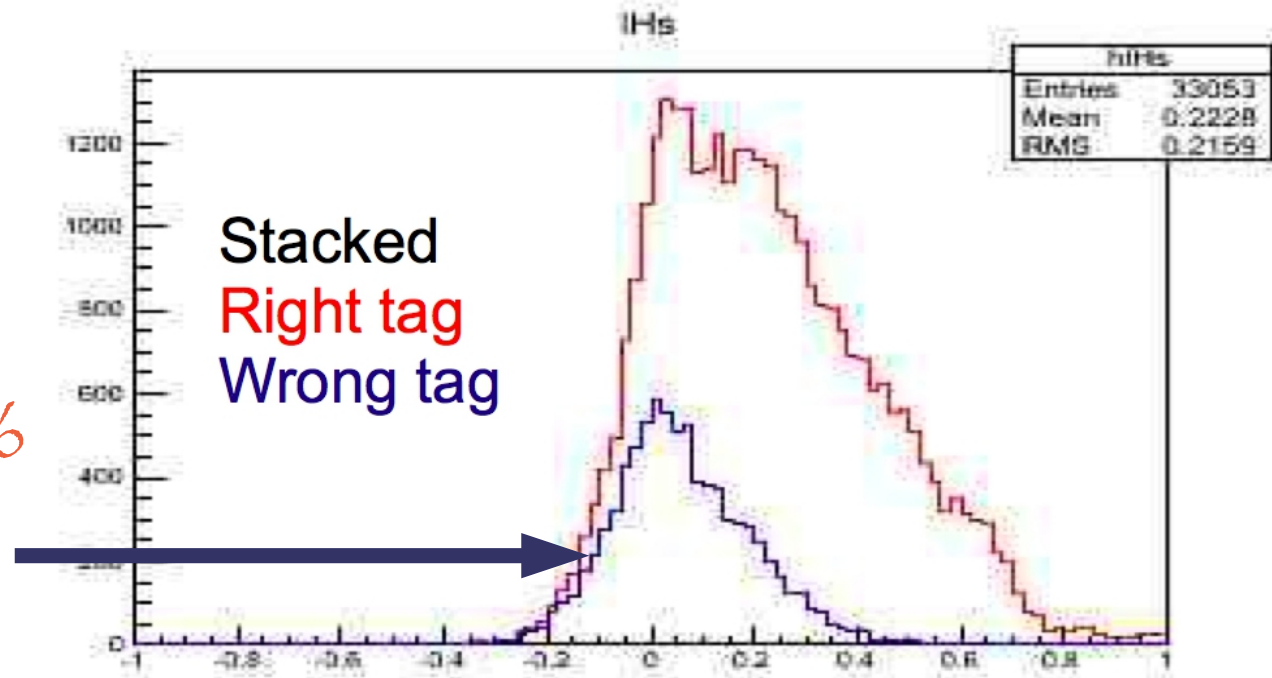
- Pros:

- High P_T Physics will not be penalized by trigger paths
- σ_{tt} increases by a factor 4 from 8 TeV to 13 TeV
- Expertise in the group on Flavor Tagging both at low P_T (Jacopo Pazzini) and high P_T (Alessio Boletti)
- Leptons from semileptonic $t \rightarrow l\nu b$ decays tag the b flavor at production time

- B flavor assignment from lepton charge in $t \rightarrow l\nu b$:

$$\langle \omega \rangle = 25.40 \pm 0.14\%$$

- Improvement by fitting BDT output



B Physics in tt events?

- Pros:

- High P_T Physics will not be penalized by trigger paths
- σ_{tt} increases by a factor 4 from 8 TeV to 13 TeV
- Expertise in the group on Flavor Tagging both at low P_T (Jacopo Pazzini) and high P_T (Alessio Boletti)
- Leptons from semileptonic $t \rightarrow lX$ decays tag the b flavor at production time

- Challenges:

- What kind of measurements could we do?
 - Inclusive: use additional lepton from $b \rightarrow l$ (as for B-mixing, already ongoing) or $b \rightarrow K$
 - Exclusive B reconstruction in boosted environment?

Backup

CMS Perspectives

Thanks to Sara

Trigger Efficiency and Rates comparison between “old”
HLT_DoubleMu4_Jpsi_Displaced and new
HLT_DoubleMu4_JpsiTrk_Displaced

Signal: $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^*$

Trk $P_T > 0.5/3.4$ GeV in steps of 0.1 GeV

Trk IP Significance wrt BS $d_0 > 0/5.8$ in steps of 0.2

