

Status of the Analysis on CPV in Mixing using P.R. D^*lv and K tags

Martino, 26/10/08

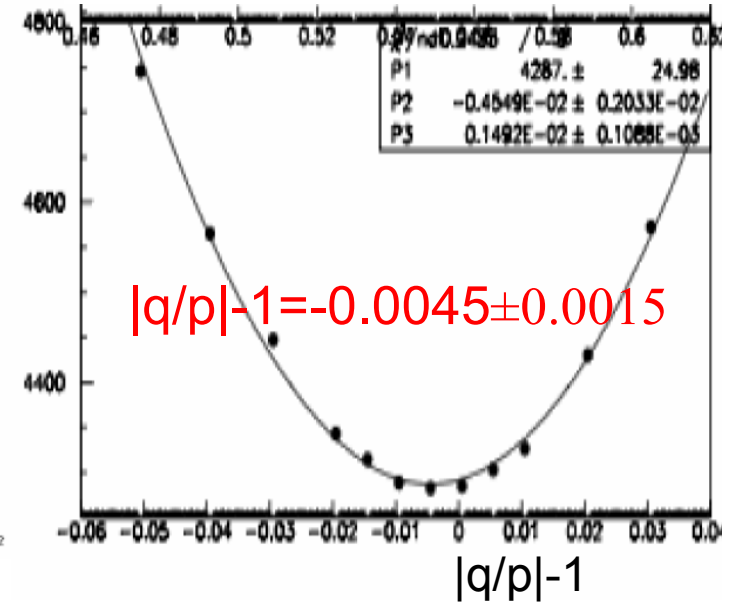
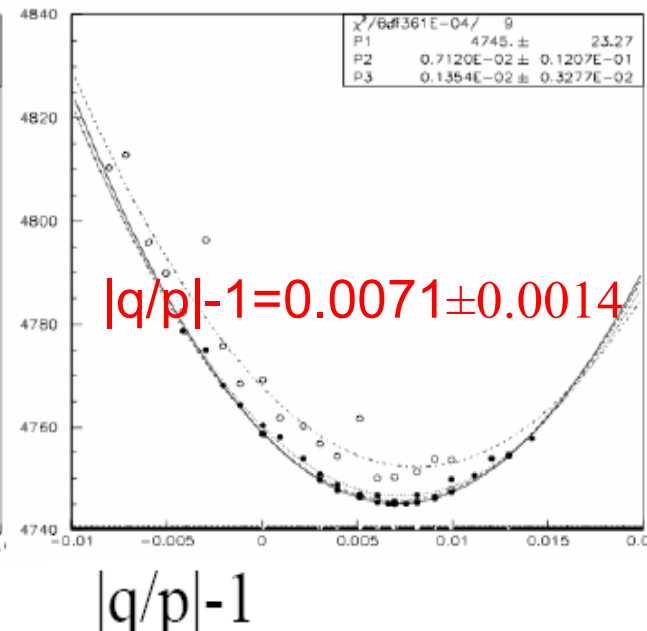
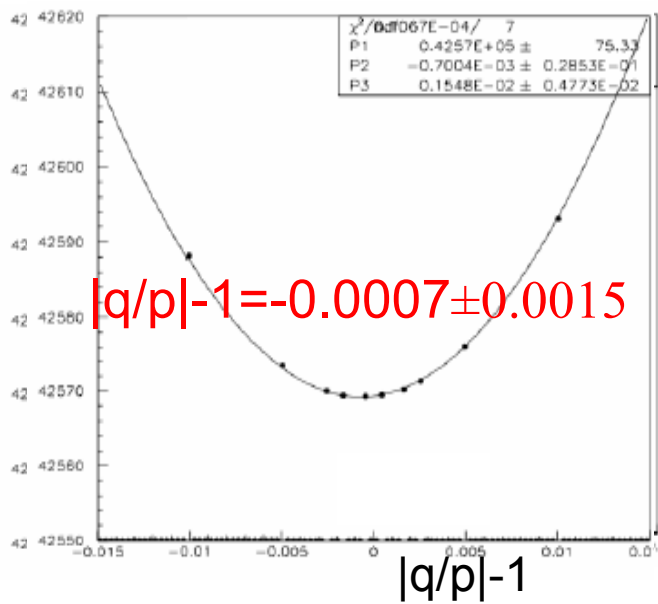
- Reason why we missed the Summer Conferences: Analysis Bias;
- Possible sources of Bias: tests & checks;
- Work in progress;
- Next Steps

Analysis Bias on q/p from MC

Pure B⁰ SIGNAL

B⁰ BKG

Full MC FIT



- No bias on B⁰ Signal
- Very Strong bias on B⁰ BKG
- Strong bias on Full MC (~Alessandro thesis result)
- RC & authors agreed to skip Summer Conf. to reach a full comprehension of the problem before publication

**LAST
SUMMER
RESULTS**

What we did to understand the bias

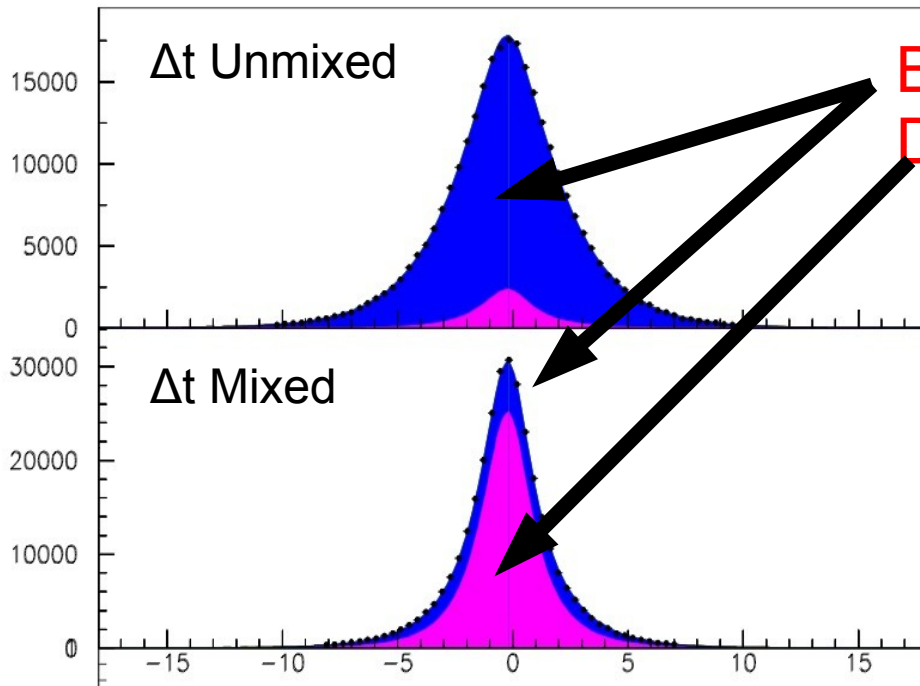
First Possible source of bias: Dtag Fraction misdetermination

• $|q/p|$ obtained from Semileptonic Asymmetry of Btag B^0 Signal sample $Asl = -2(|q/p| - 1)$

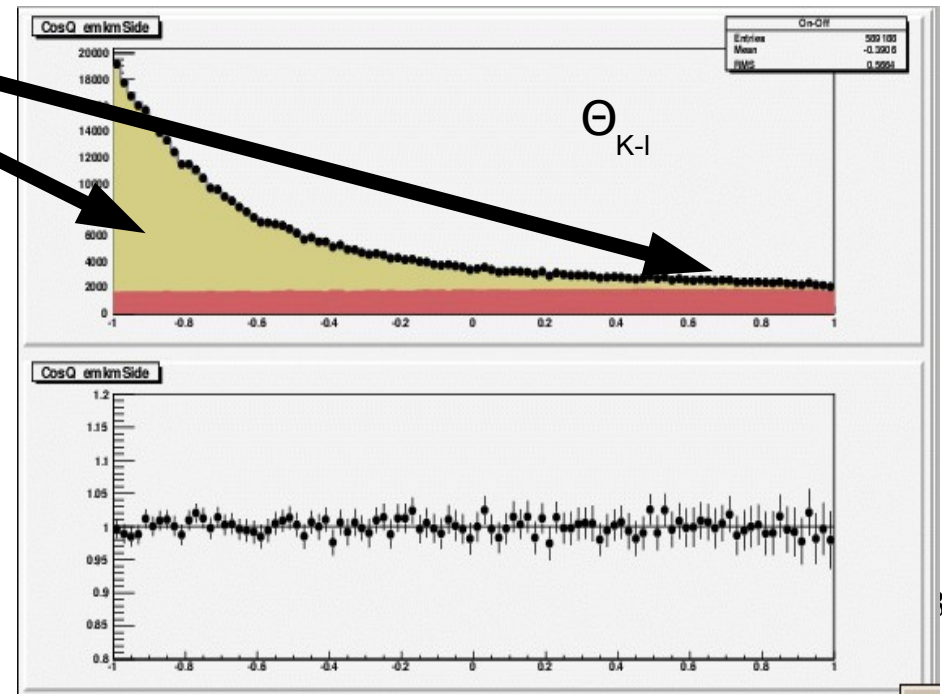
• **Standard Approach:** Dtag events fraction for **ALL** the event categories ($B^{0(+)}$, **SIGNAL/BKG**, **mixed/unmixed**) determined in the global fit from:

→ Narrower Δt distribution w.r.t. Btag sample;

→ Distribution of the angle between the tagging K and the lepton from the P.R. Decay;



Btag
Dtag



Dtag Fraction: a possible source of bias

- B^0 BKG PDF(Δt) does not reproduce correctly the data: BIAS in the $|q/p|$ determination from the B^0 BKG;
- Due to the **very similar shape of the Δt and Θ_{K-l} distributions for the different samples**, the corresponding Dtag fractions are strongly correlated:
 - Wrong $F(\text{Dtag})$ for B^0_{BKG} reflects in a wrong $F(\text{Dtag})$ for B^0_{SIG} if fitted together
 - **Suspect is not possible to determine simultaneously ALL the Dtag Fractions for the different samples without introducing a bias:**
 - ➔ **Try to fix (some of) the Dtag Fractions to the MC Truth.**

→ Btag & Dtag samples show different semileptonic asymmetries:

$Asl(\text{Btag}) = -2(|q/p| - 1)$ (lepton & kaon from different Bs)

$Asl(\text{Dtag}) = Asl(\text{Btag}) * \chi_d$ (lepton & kaon from same B)

which reflects in a q/p dependence of the Dtag Fraction

➔ Two alternative strategies exploited:

→ Dtag Fraction fitted as a “running” parameter;

→ Explicit Dtag Fraction q/p dependence introduced in the fit

(float $F_{\text{Dtag}}(|q/p|=1)$)

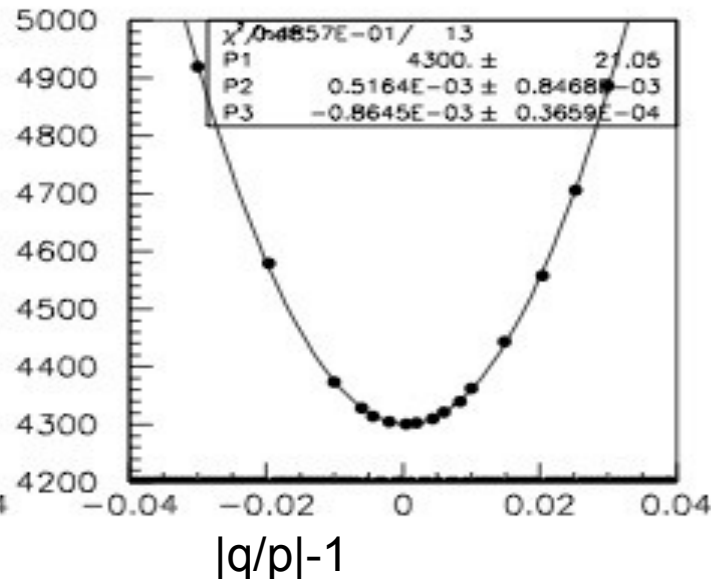
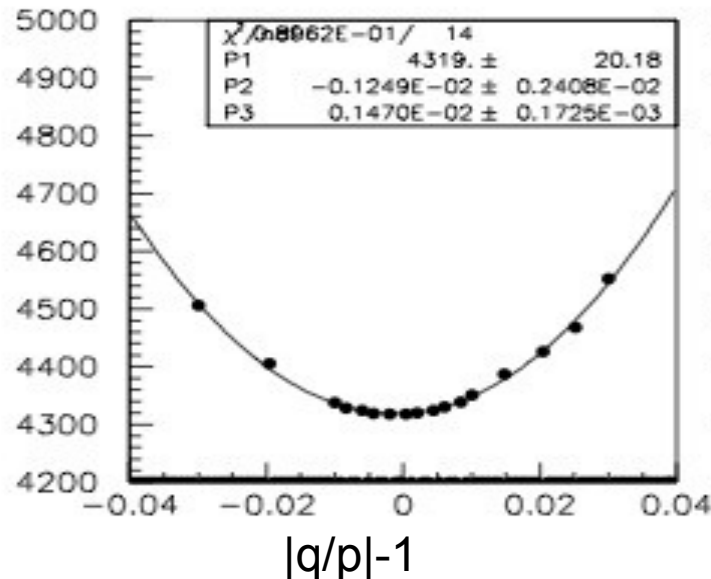
Signal Results

Explicit q/p dependence: NO

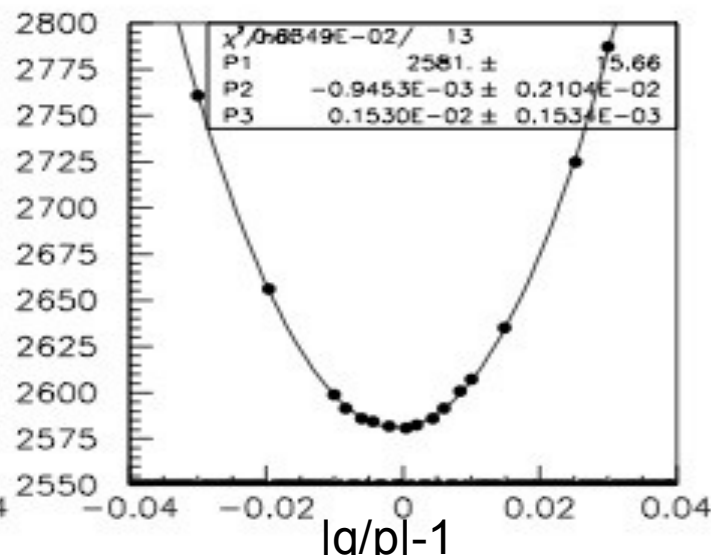
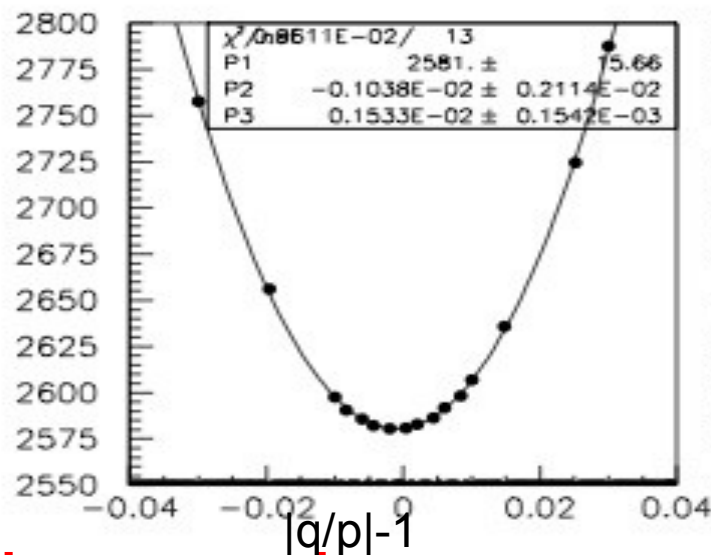
YES

Dtag Fractions:

FIXED



FLOATED



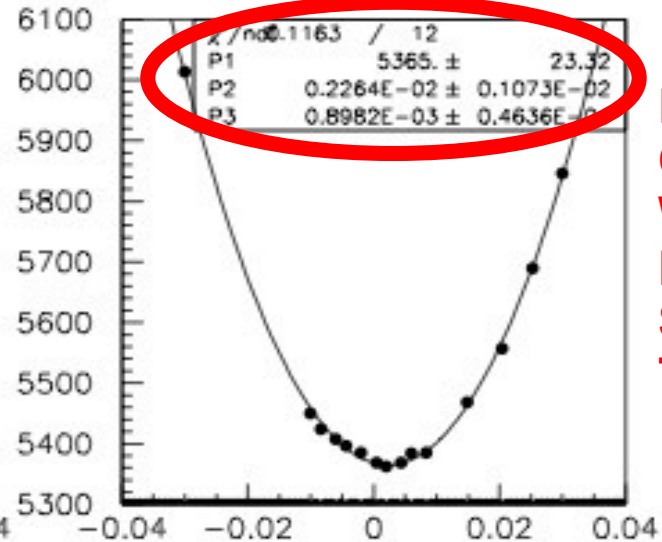
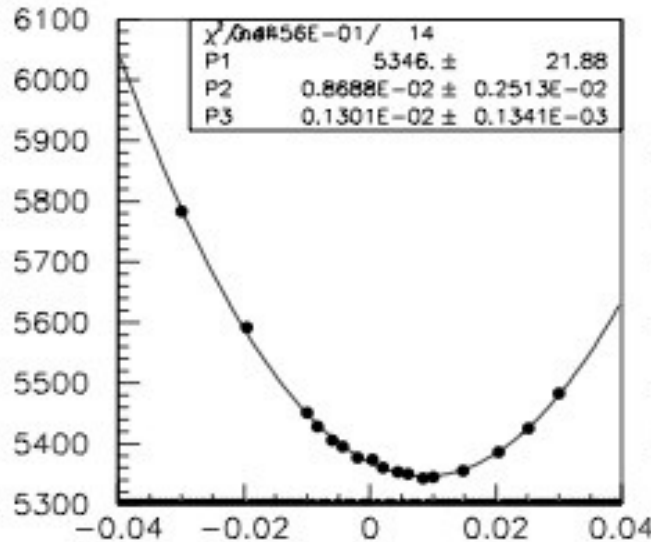
No bias in all the approaches

BKG Results

Explicit q/p dependence: **NO**

YES

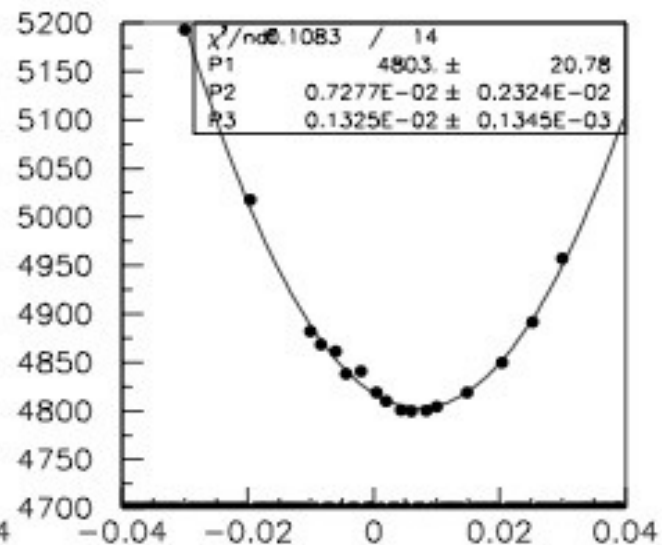
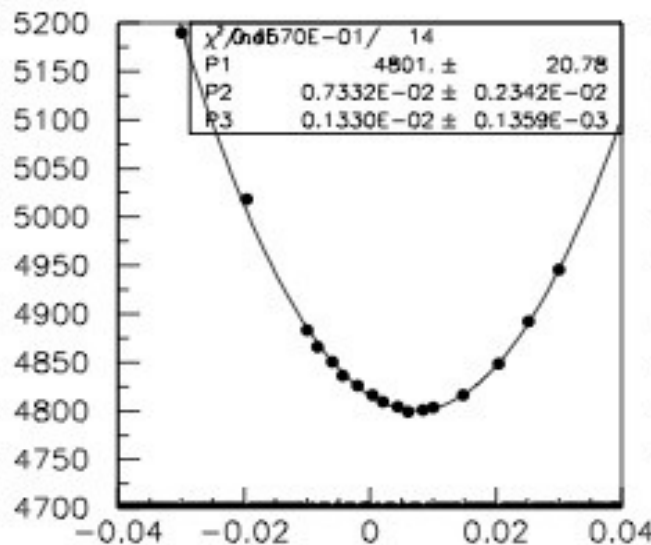
Dtag Fractions:



LOWEST BIAS

FIXED

FLOATED



Typical bias ~0.007

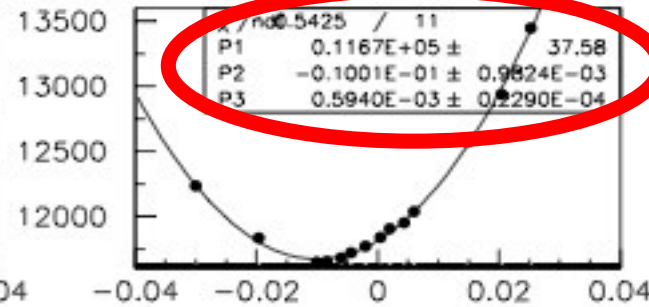
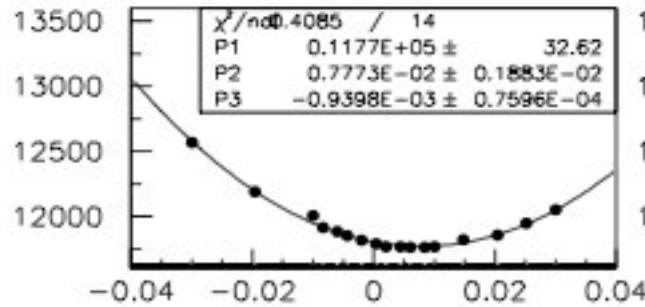
SIGNAL+BKG Results

Explicit q/p dependence: NO

YES

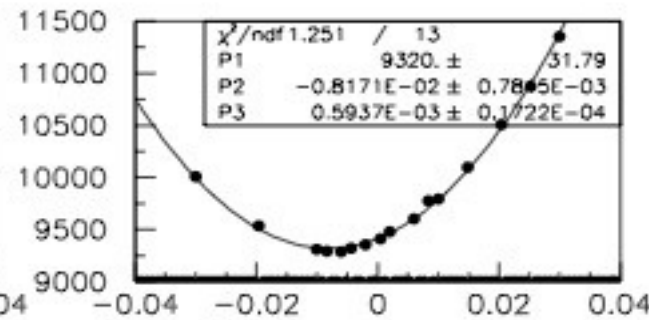
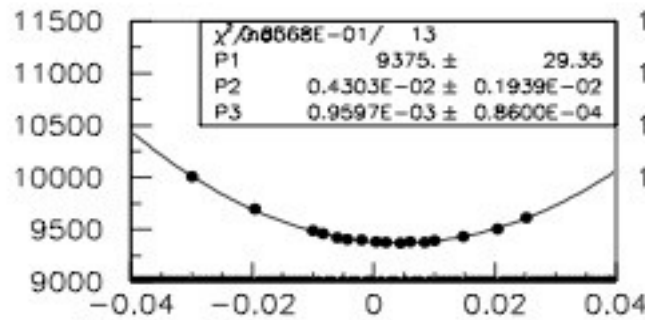
Dtag Fractions:

FIXED

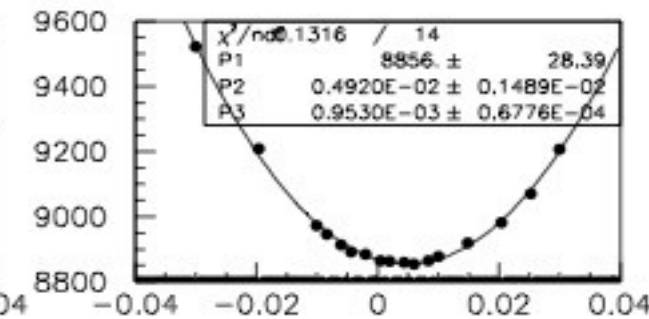
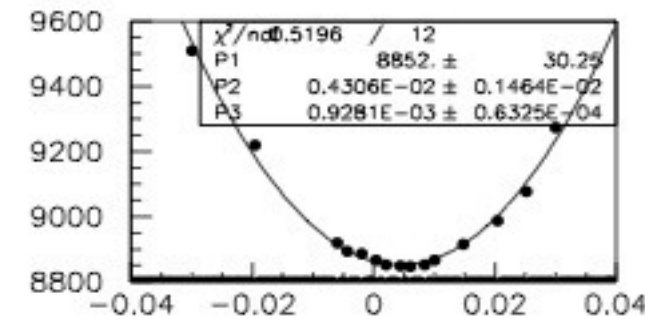


What's happening?

SIGNAL FLOATED



ALL FLOATED

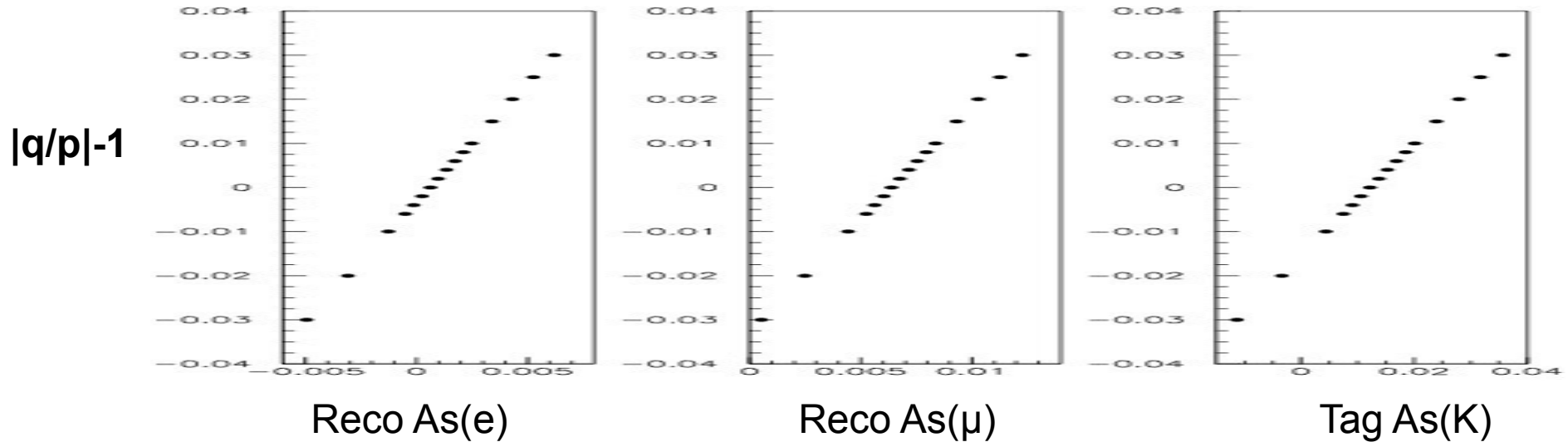


$|q/p|-1$

BIAS always bigger than 0.004...

Detector Asymmetry: SIG vs BKG

$|q/p|$ very strongly correlated with the detector asymmetry:



Fitted Asymmetry pattern

	SIG	BKG	SIG+BKG
Reco AS(e)	~ 0.0002	~ 0.0030	-0.0020/0.0050
Reco AS(μ)	~ 0.0055	~ 0.0130	0.0050/0.0115
Tag AS(K)	~ 0.0125	~ 0.0100	0/0.0150
$ q/p -1$	~ 0	~ 0.0070	-0.0100/0.0040

RECO Asymmetry: BKG > SIG

Detector Asymmetry: SIG vs BKG

B^0 BKG Components:

$B1 \rightarrow l$

$B2 \rightarrow K$

B_{tag} (Signal-like)

$B1 \rightarrow l$

$B1 \rightarrow K$

D_{tag} (Signal-like)

$B1 \rightarrow D \rightarrow l$

$B2 \rightarrow K$

B_{tag} (NOT in Signal)

$B1 \rightarrow D \rightarrow l$

$B1 \rightarrow K$

D_{tag} (NOT in Signal)

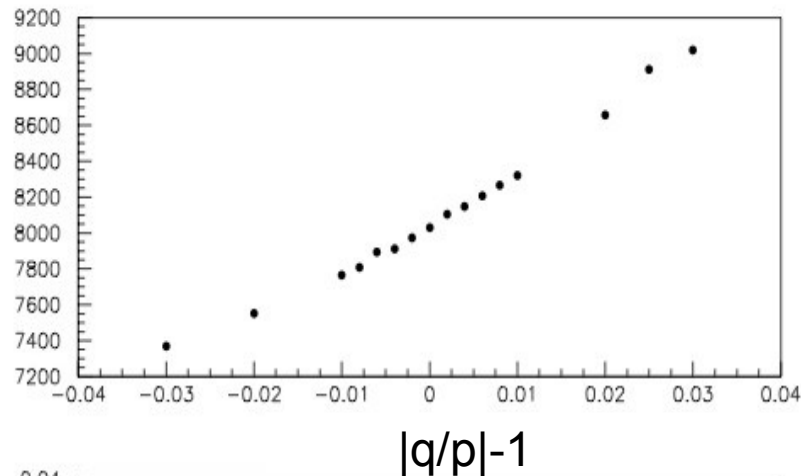
REVERSED
LEPTON CHARGE
SIGN



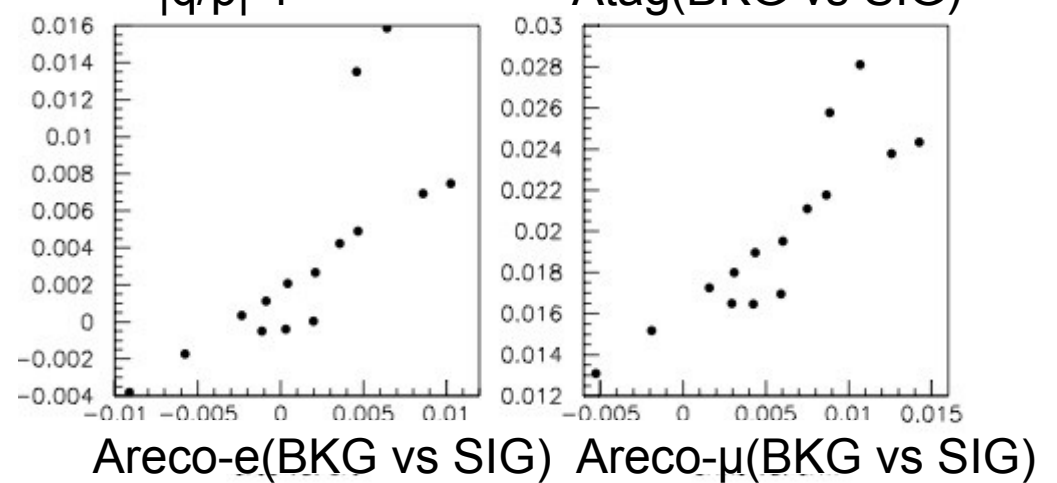
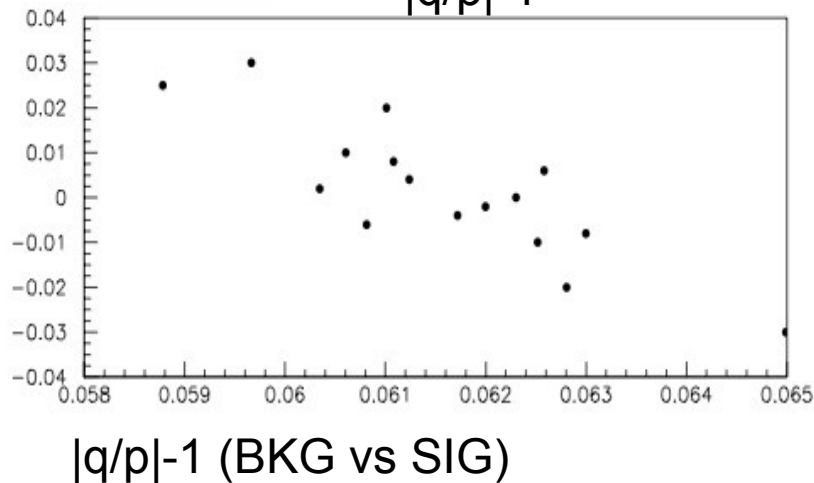
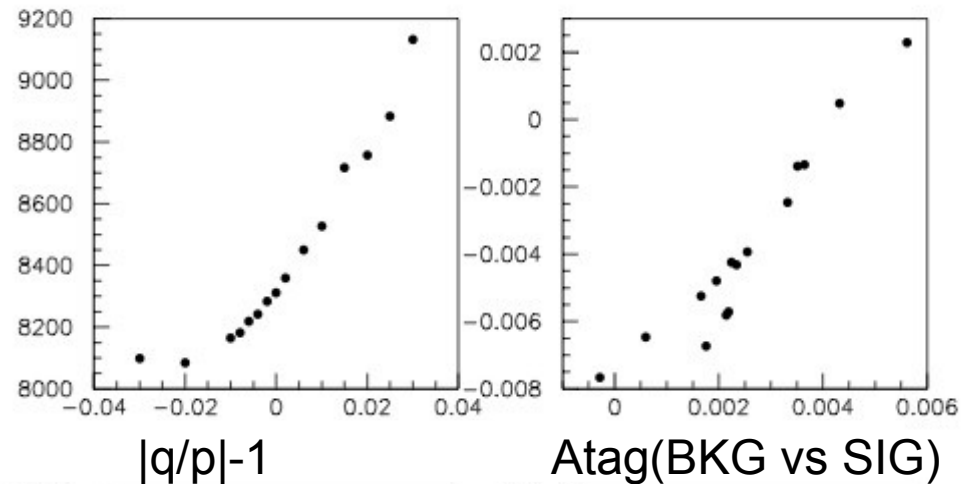
Try to use different asymmetries for Signal & BKG in the fit
Test: use the BKG without the cascade lepton subsample

SIG+BKG with different Asymmetry

Different $|q/p|$ Signal vs BKG



Same $|q/p|$ Signal vs BKG



Strong correlation between Signal & BKG corresponding parameters

Fit does not give proper results

Work in Progress

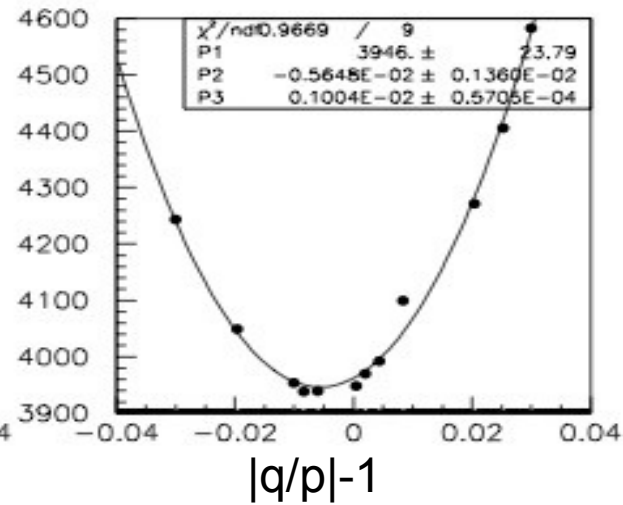
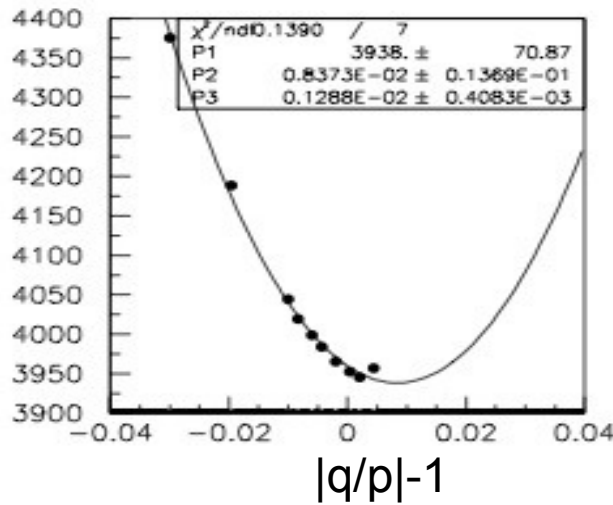
BKG without cascade leptons

Explicit q/p dependence NO

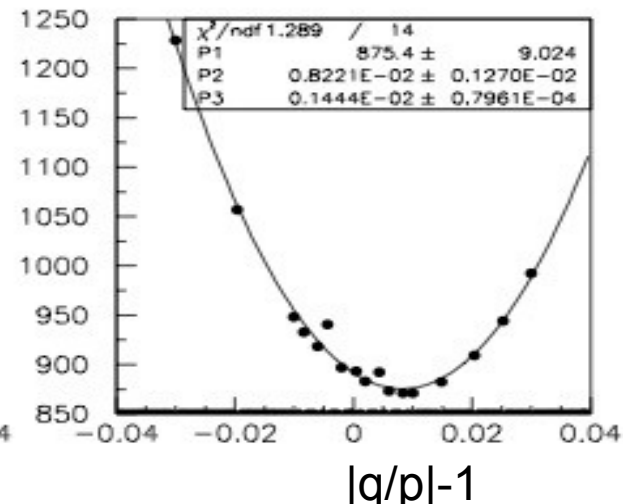
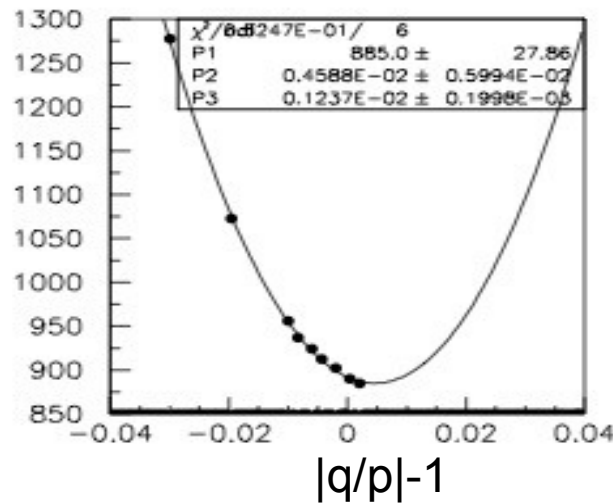
YES

Dtag
Fractions

FIXED



FLOATED



Scan not yet finalized, however it does not seem to be the right solution...

Next Steps

- Crucial point: determination of the detector asymmetry in the BKG sector:
 - Perform a scan using signal $B^0 + B^+$ BKG to avoid correlation between $|q/p|$ and effective BKG parameters $(|q/p|, \chi_d)$;
 - Try to improve the Reco-asymmetry determination by using in addition also the untagged event sample;