

Direct Detection of Dark Matter: an experimental review

Igor G. Irastorza
Universidad de Zaragoza

MULTI3 Workshop
Padova, Italy
March 2010

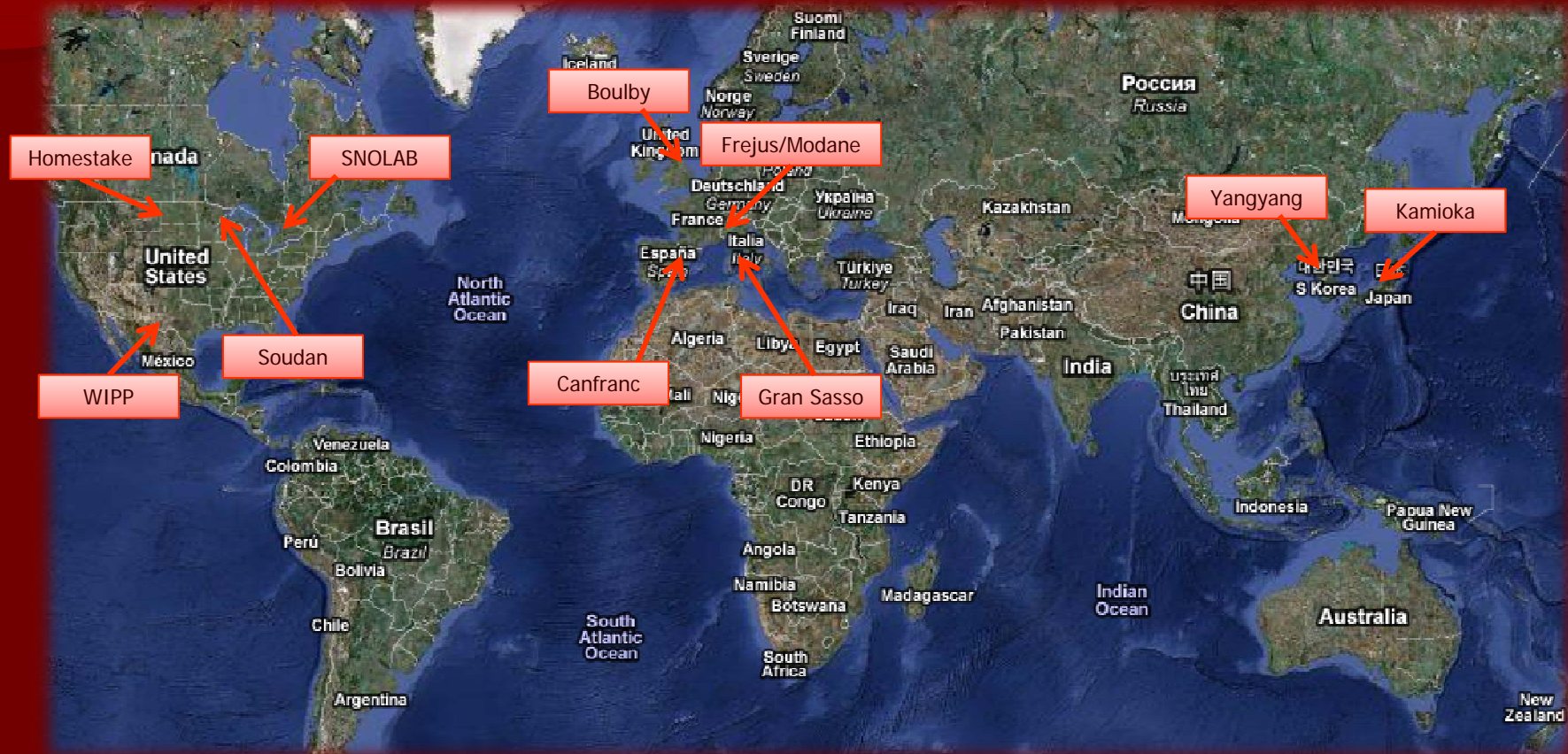


Summary:

- Direct detection of Dark Matter
- The experimental challenge
- Status and latests results (XENON, CDMS,...)
- Future prospects
- Special focus on WIMP Directional detection
- What about axions...?

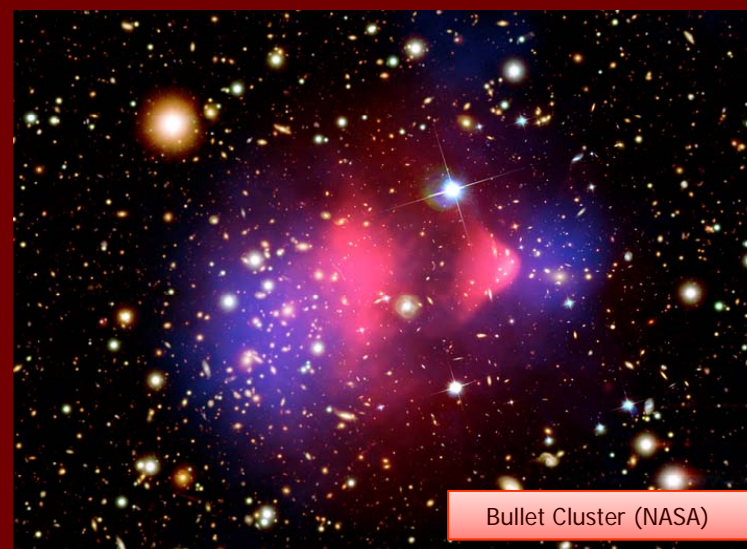
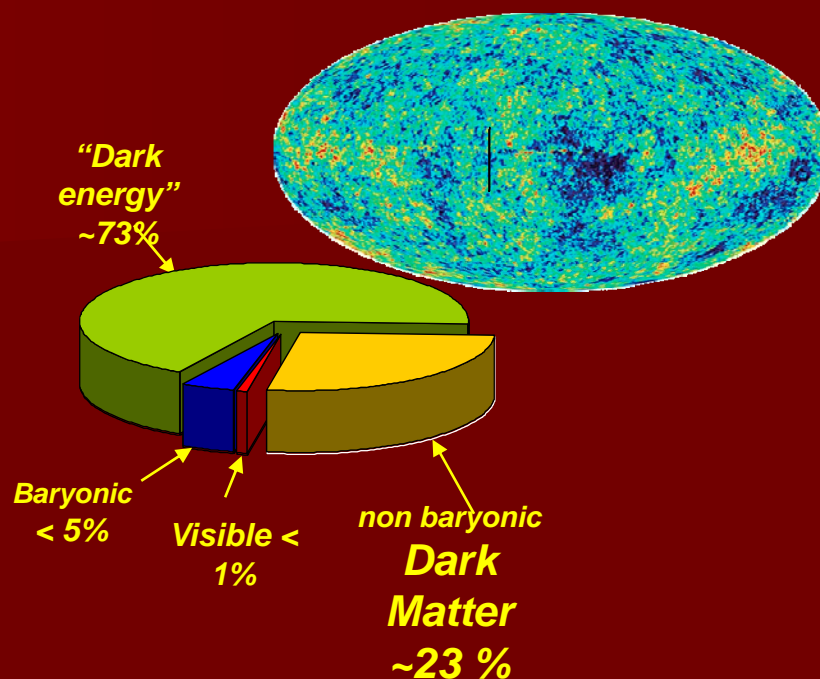


Deep Underground Labs



Dark Matter

- Cosmological evidences:
 - Multiple CMB observations. Last WMAP precision data adds evidence for Λ CDM cosmological model.
 - Distant Supernova Ia measurements (universe is accelerating its expansion \rightarrow Dark energy).
 - Large Scale Structure (cold dark matter).
 - Nucleosynthesis, Lyman α forest, ...
- Galactic evidences:
 - Galactic rotation curves
 - Gravitational mass of galaxy clusters (oldest evidence; 1933 Zwicky)
 - ...



What can Dark Matter be?

- Baryonic matter? **NO**
 - Dust, gas, planets, brown stars,... MACHOS (non visible conventional matter)
 - Ruled out by primordial Nucleo-synthesis, and the rest of cosmological observations.
 - Gravitational lensing of MACHOS → not enough
- Non baryonic, but standard, matter? **NO**
 - Neutrinos would be the only candidate in the SM. Ruled out by cosmological observations (they would constitute Hot Dark Matter)
- Non baryonic, beyond standard? **most probable**

Candidates to Dark Matter

- Two main candidates attract most of the present activity in the field:

WIMPS

Neutral
Heavy
Fermion

- Like the LSP of supersymmetric theories (usually the neutralino).
 - WIMP stands for Weakly Interacting Massive Particle (generic name).
-
- Axions appear as Nambu-Goldstone bosons in the PQ spontaneous symmetry breaking.
 - More generically, we speak about **axion-like** particles, to refer to fundamental (pseudo)scalars of similar properties without referring to a specific theory model.

AXIONS

Neutral
Very light
(pseudo)scalar

Dark Matter WIMPs detection

WIMP
galactic halo

In order to do predictions of expected WIMP fluxes/signals one has to make working **hypothesis** about how WIMPs are clustered in the galactic halo

WIMP
phenomenology

- Mass
- WIMP-nucleon cross section
- SD/SI coupling?

ρ_w
and

$f(v)$
at Earth

→ Standard (=simpler) halo model

- Sphericity
- Isotropy
- Non-rotation
- Thermalization

→ Non-Standard

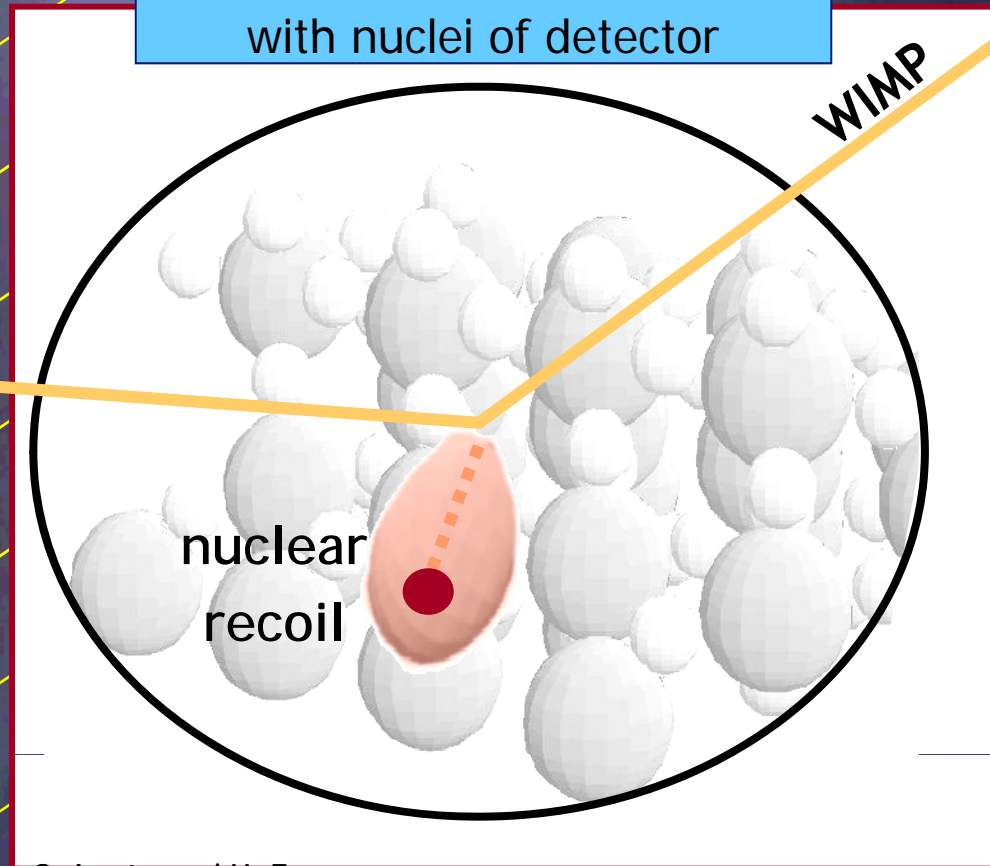
- Relaxing one or more of the above assumptions to some degree

→ Must explain rotation curve of Milky Way

WIMP "wind"

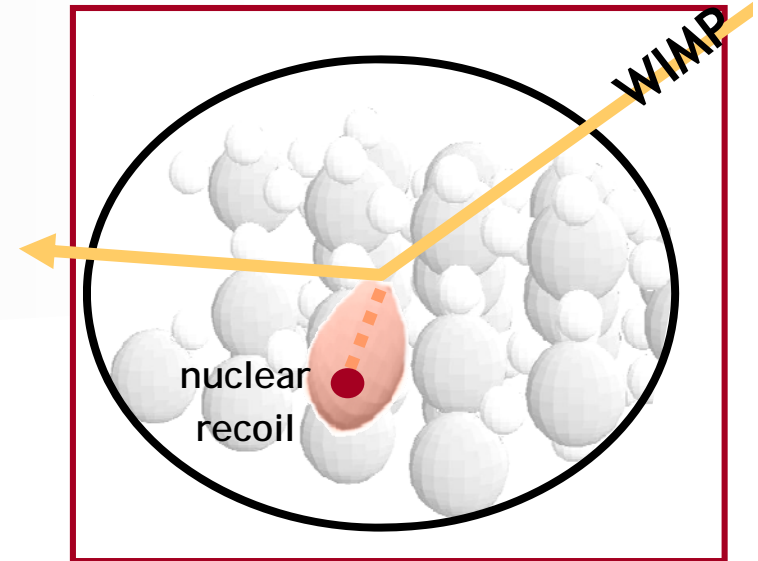
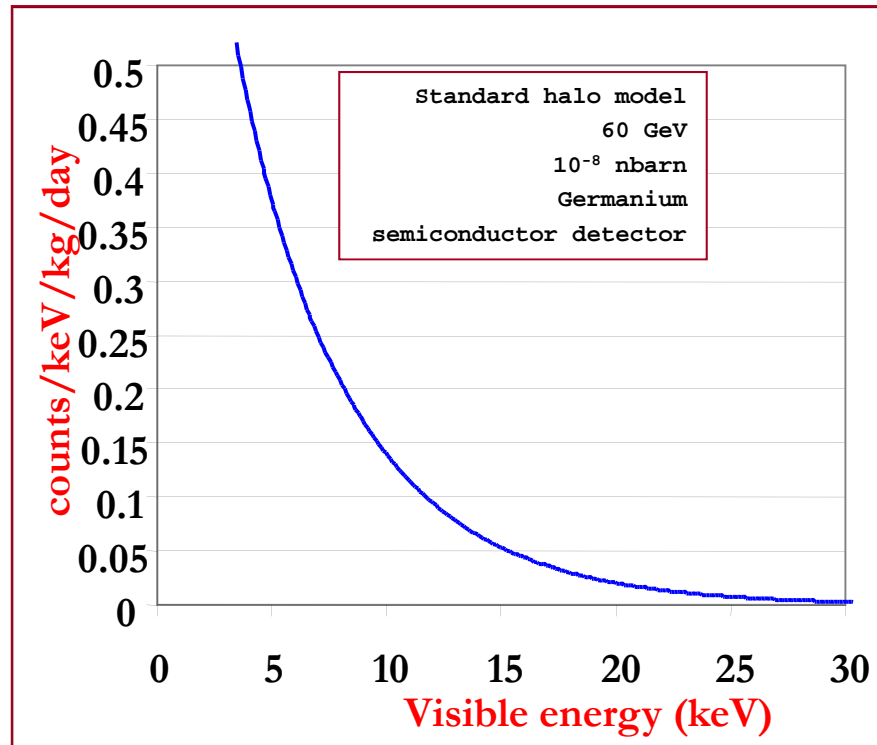
WIMP detection

Effect looked for at laboratory:
Elastic dispersion of WIMPs
with nuclei of detector



WIMP detection

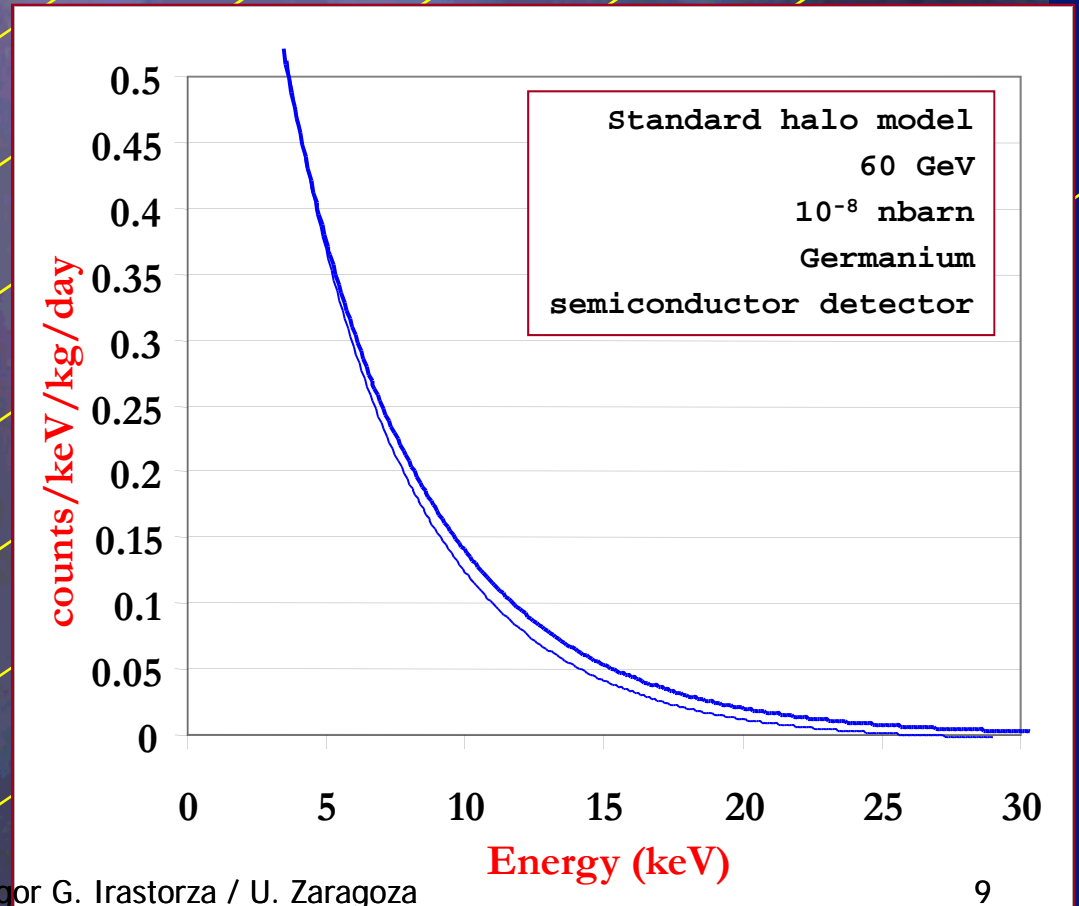
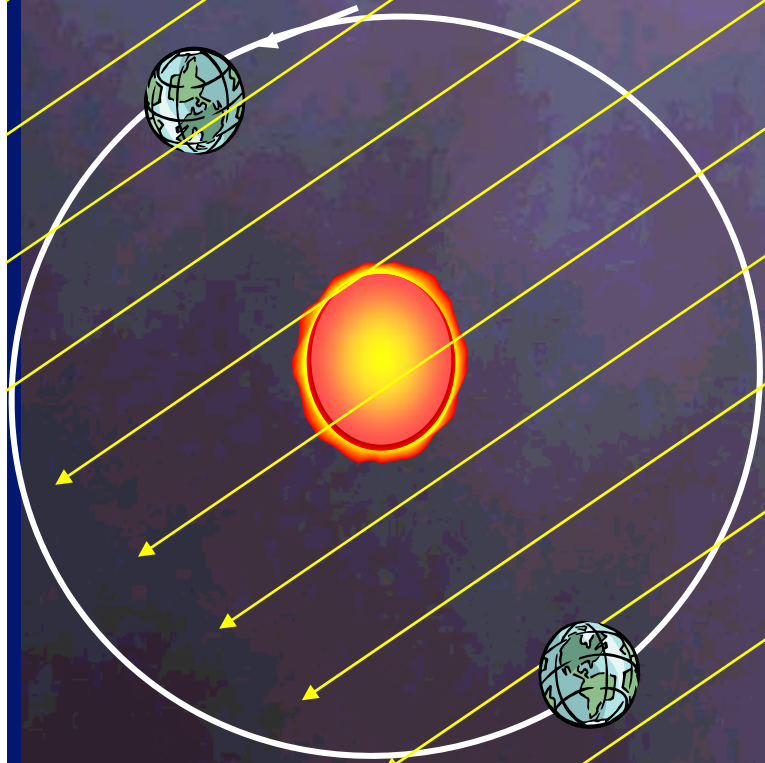
- Expected signal:
rare low energy event



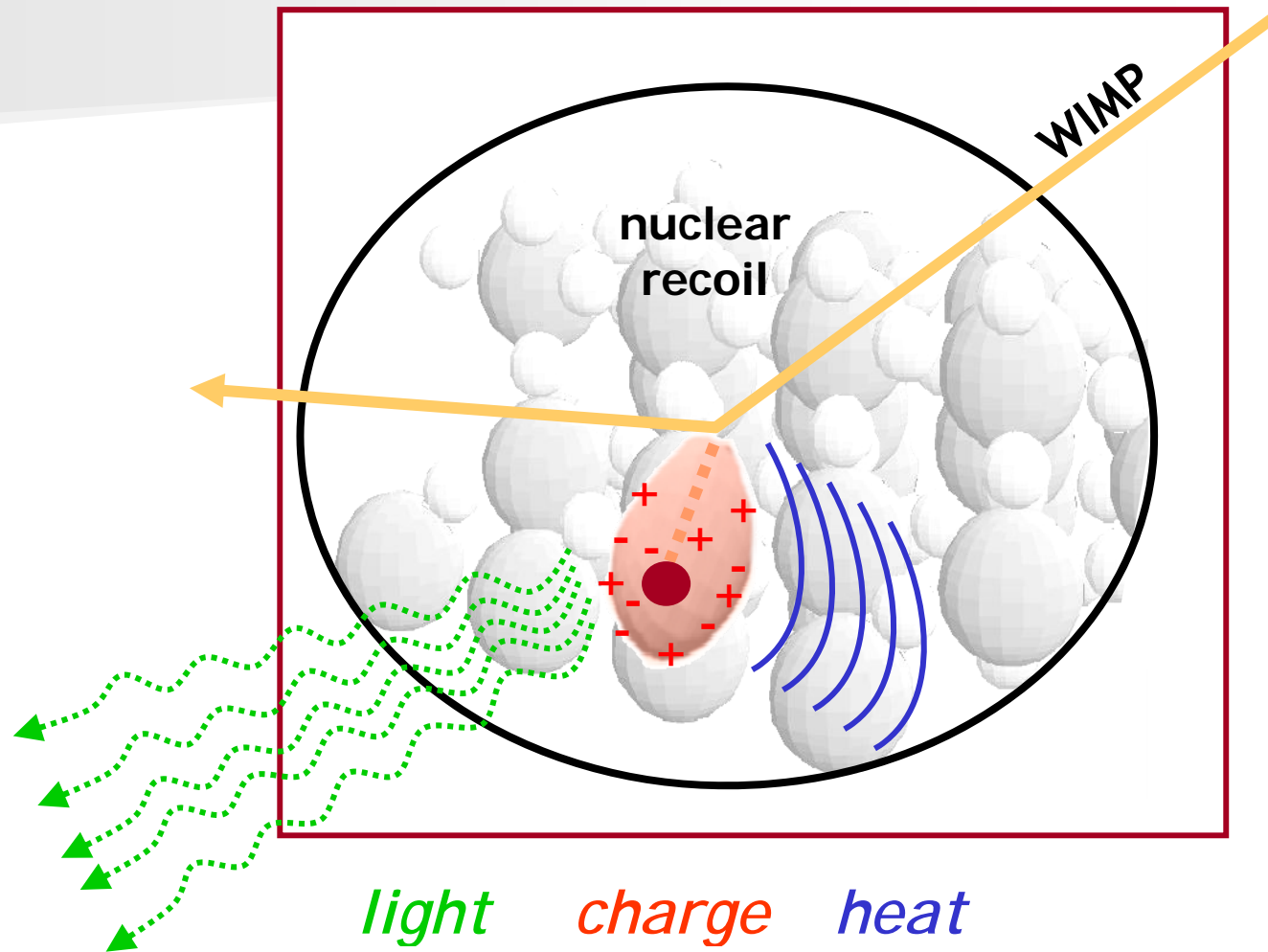
Specific challenges:

- ✓ Low threshold (\sim keV)
- ✓ Reasonable resolution
- ✓ Very low background at keV scale:
 - ✓ Radiopurity & rejection techniques
- ✓ Aim for large detector masses
- ✓ Great stability over time.

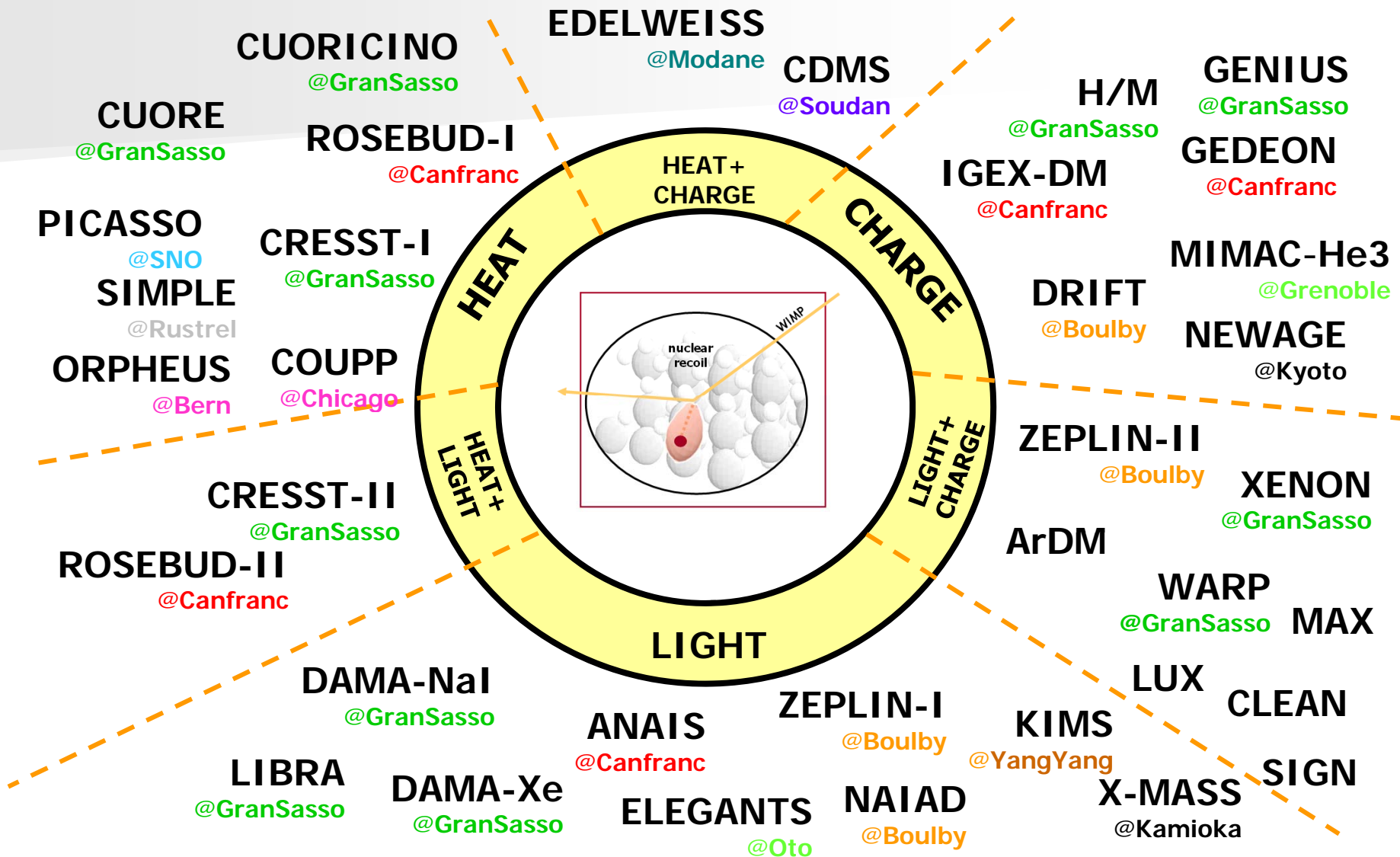
Annual modulation signal



WIMP detection mechanism



WIMP detection: *some* past, present efforts & projects



Ability to scale-up

Ability of signal identification
(amount of information per event)

Scintillators

(only energy, statistical nuclear/electron discrimination)

DAMA, LIBRA,
ANAIS, KIMS...



Noble Liquids

(nuclear/electron discrimination)

ZEPLIN+, **XENON**,
WARP, ArDM,...

→ LUX, MAX,...



Hybrid bolometers

(nuclear/electron discrimination)

CDMS, EDELWEISS,
CRESST, ROSEBUD,

→ EURECA



Gas TPCs

(Recoil direction)

DRIFT, DMTPC, MIMAC,
NEWAGE... → CYGNUS

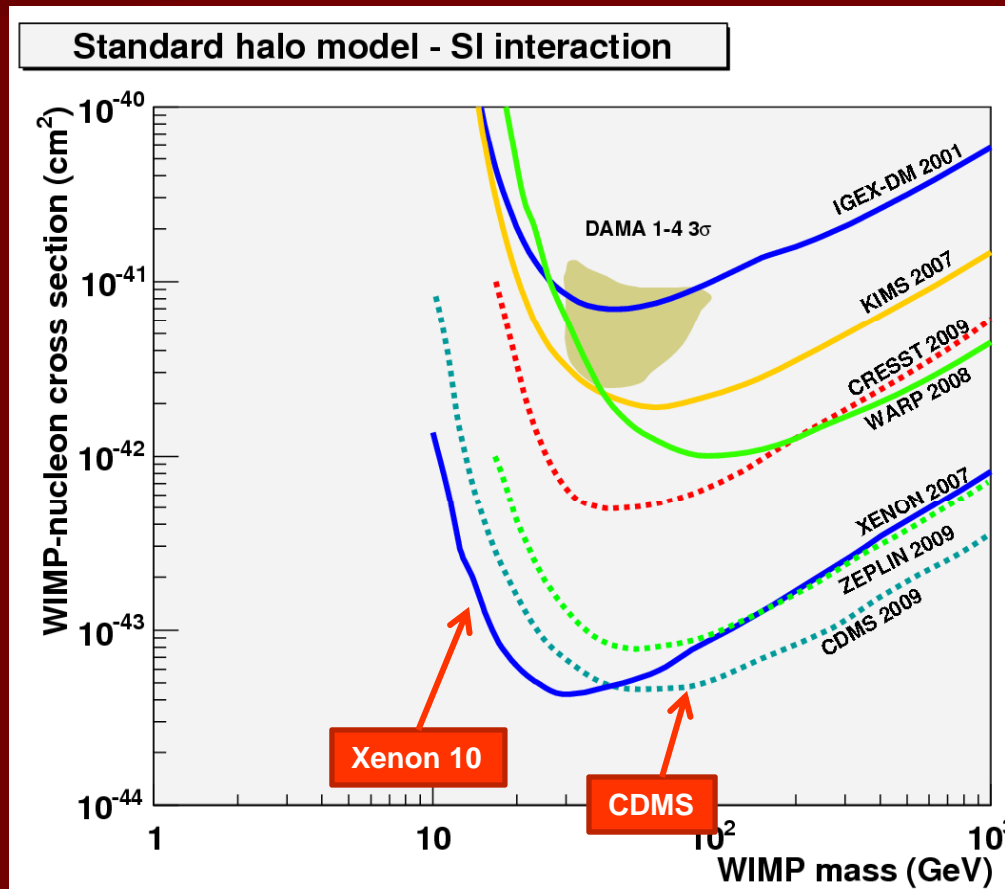


**Best current limits
from XENON and
CDMS**

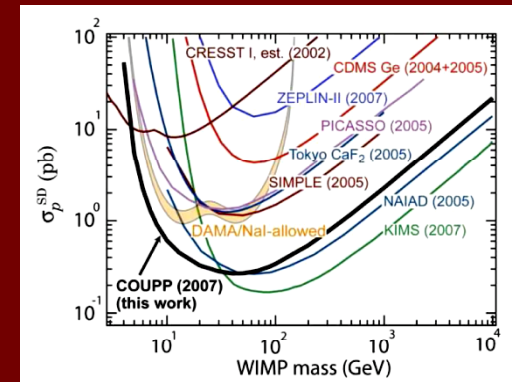
Others: COUPP
best limits for SDp

Best current limits

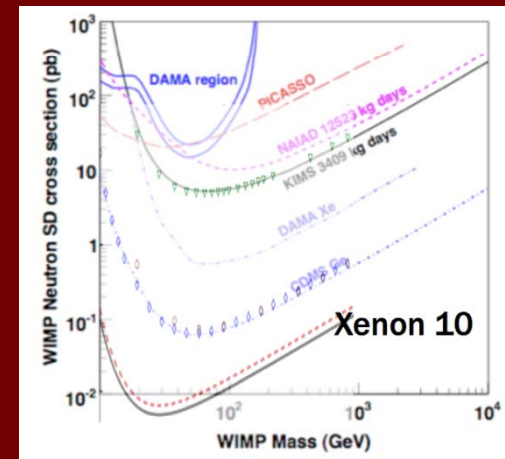
■ SI coupling



■ SD coupling proton

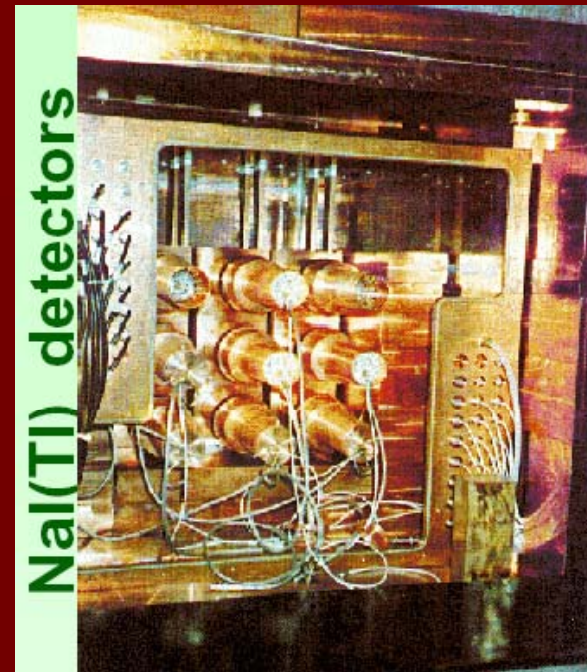


■ SD coupling neutron



DAMA-LIBRA

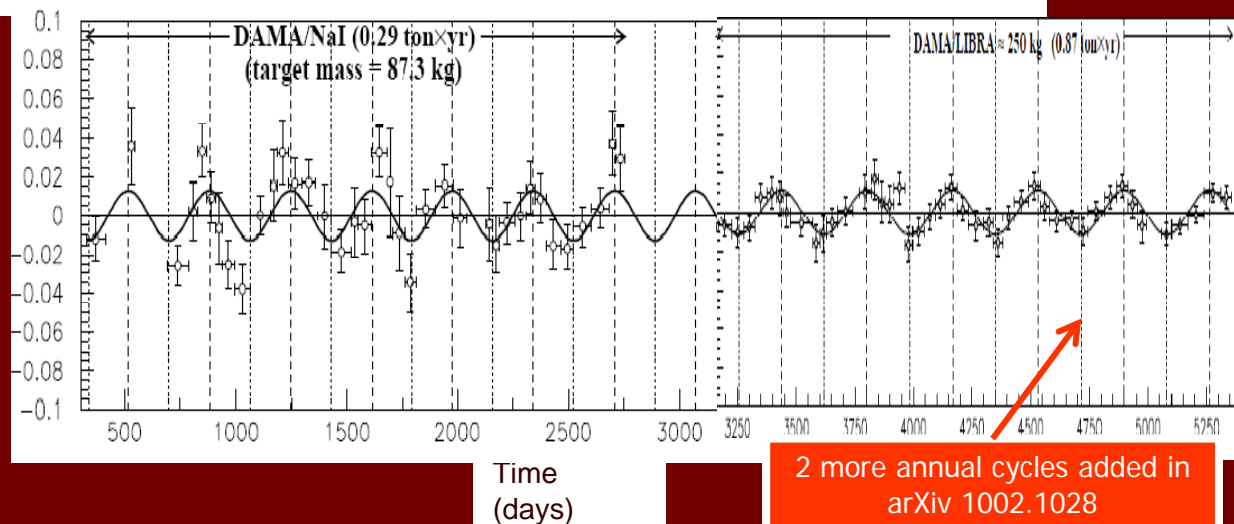
- DAMA: 100 kg of ultrapure NaI(Tl) operating for about 7 years at Gran Sasso
- Looked for annual modulation of the data
- LIBRA: 250 kg. Operated for 6 more years, total exp. 1.17 ton year.
(arXiv 1002.1028)



POSITIVE CLAIM

- 6.3σ statistical significance went up to 8.9σ after LIBRA.
- No systematic effect found that can mimic that signal
- Modulation absent above 6 keV
- Only single hit events

event/kg/keV/day



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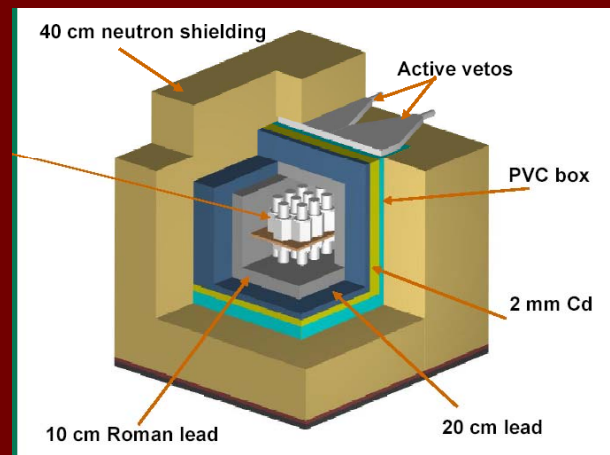
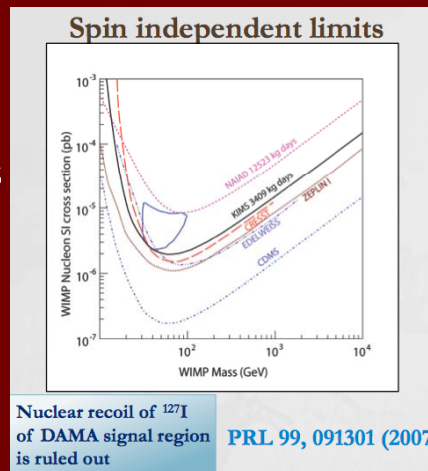
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DAMA Positive result: WIMP interpretation

- No systematic effect can explain it satisfactorily (neutrons, temperature,...)
- Classical WIMP excluded by other experiments, but some marginal options (non-standard set of assumptions) at low mass...
- Other NaI experiments that could refute/corroborate DAMA result
- ANAIS in Canfranc:
 - Prototyping phase finished.
 - 100 kg available, 250 funded.
 - But lower 40K crystals needed → R&D to purify ongoing

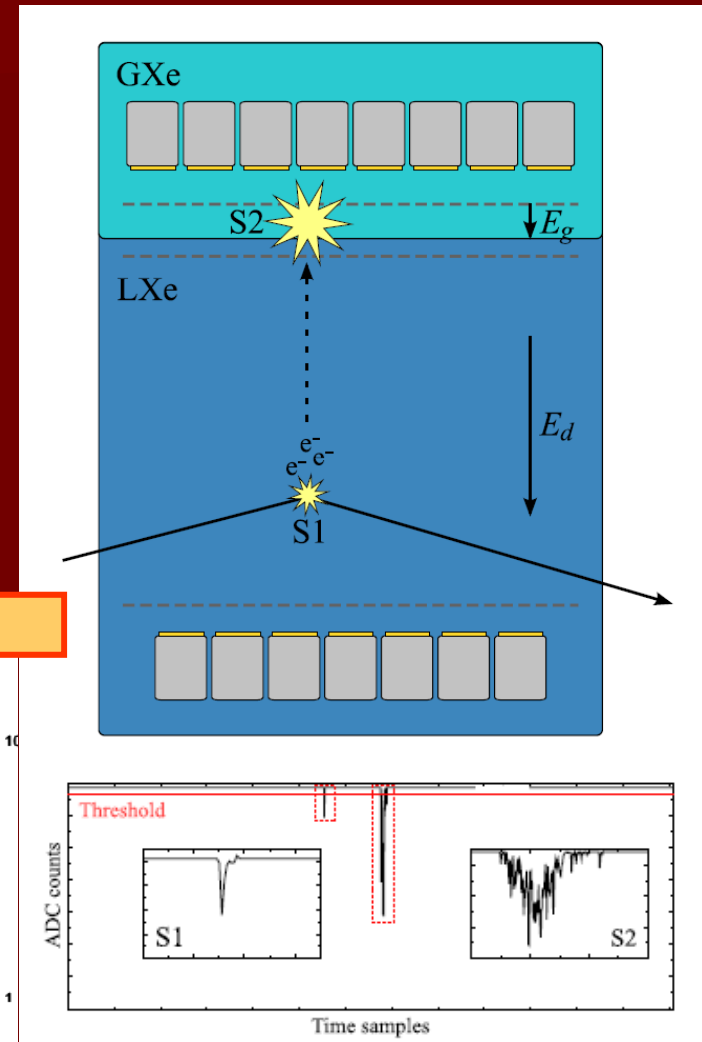
- KIMS in Korea:
 - CsI crystals



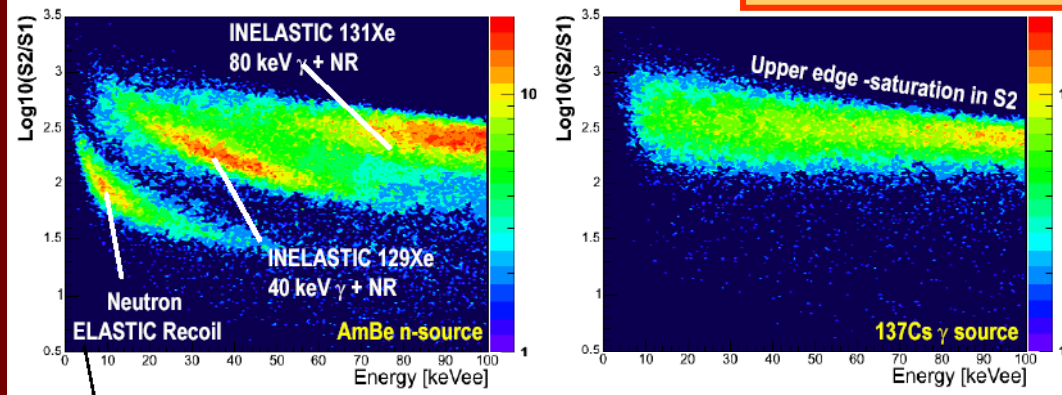
- Alternative solutions.

Noble liquid detectors

- Nuclear recoil discrimination by measurement of both charge and scintillation (2-phase mode)
- 3D position of interaction site \rightarrow self-shielding
- "Monolithic" detector \rightarrow no internal walls
- Relatively easy **scaling up**
- Very clean media (purification by filtering)

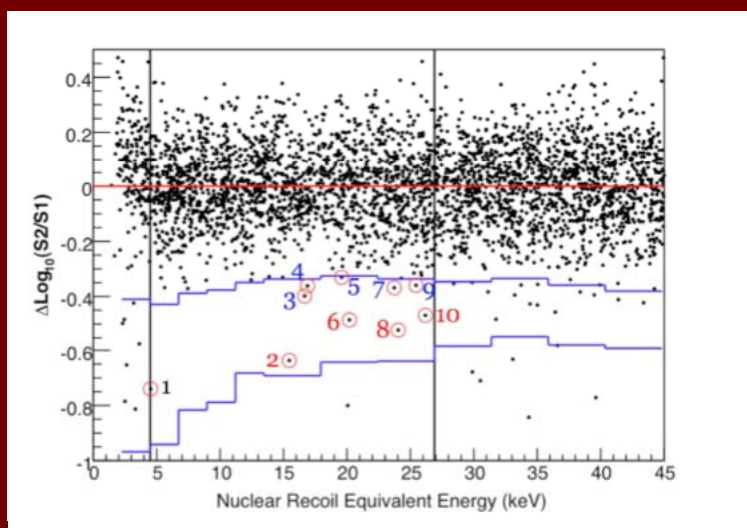


XENON coll



Noble Liquid detectors: XENON

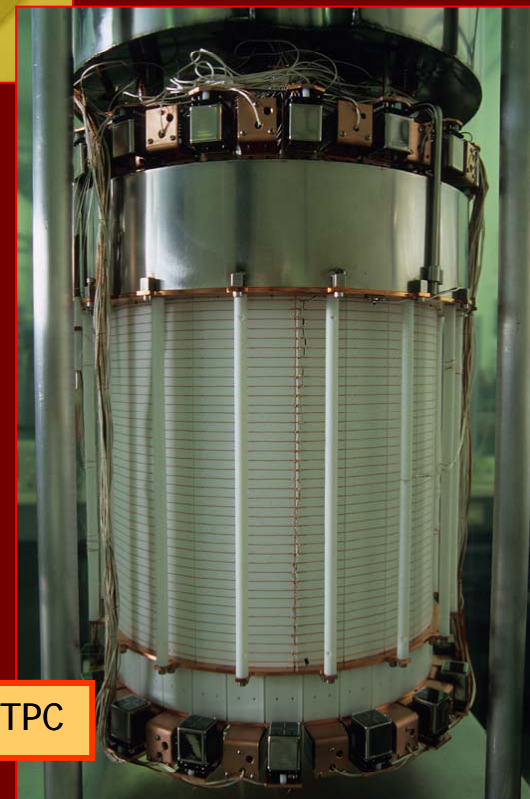
- XENON10 at Gran Sasso: one of best exclusions up-to-date
- 4.5 kg fiducial mass, data 58.6 days, 10 events in NR zone



- Now moving to XENON100 (commissioning)



XENON10 PMT plane



XENON100 TPC

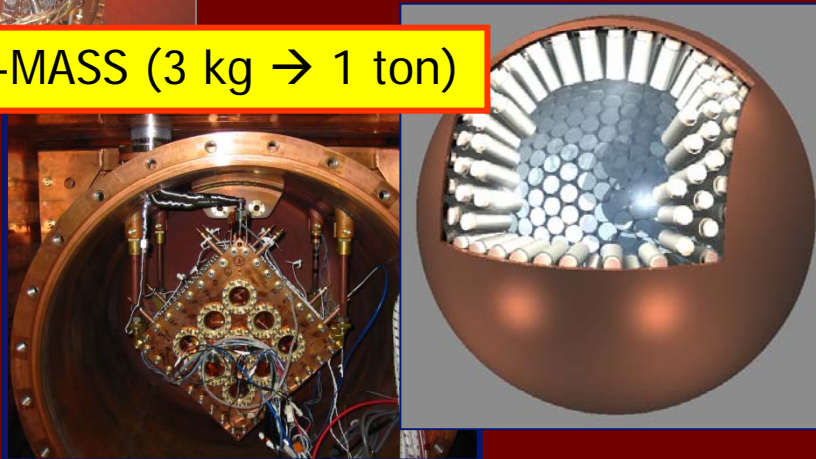
Noble Liquid detectors

ZEPLIN-III

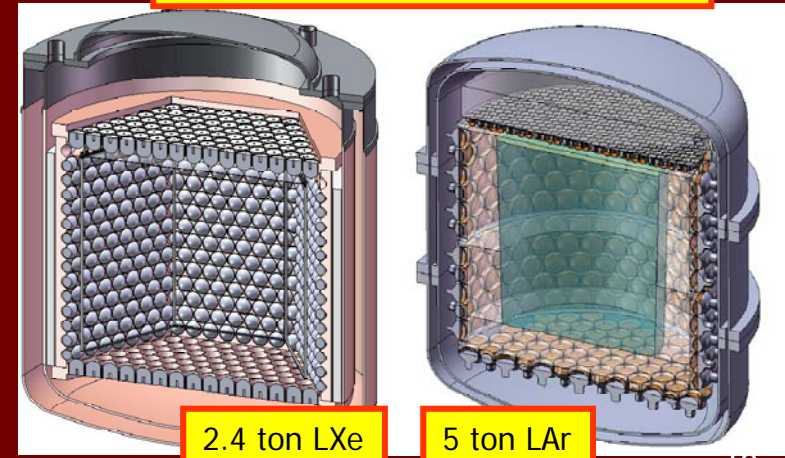


■ FUTURE exps

X-MASS (3 kg → 1 ton)



MAX Multi-ton Argon & Xenon

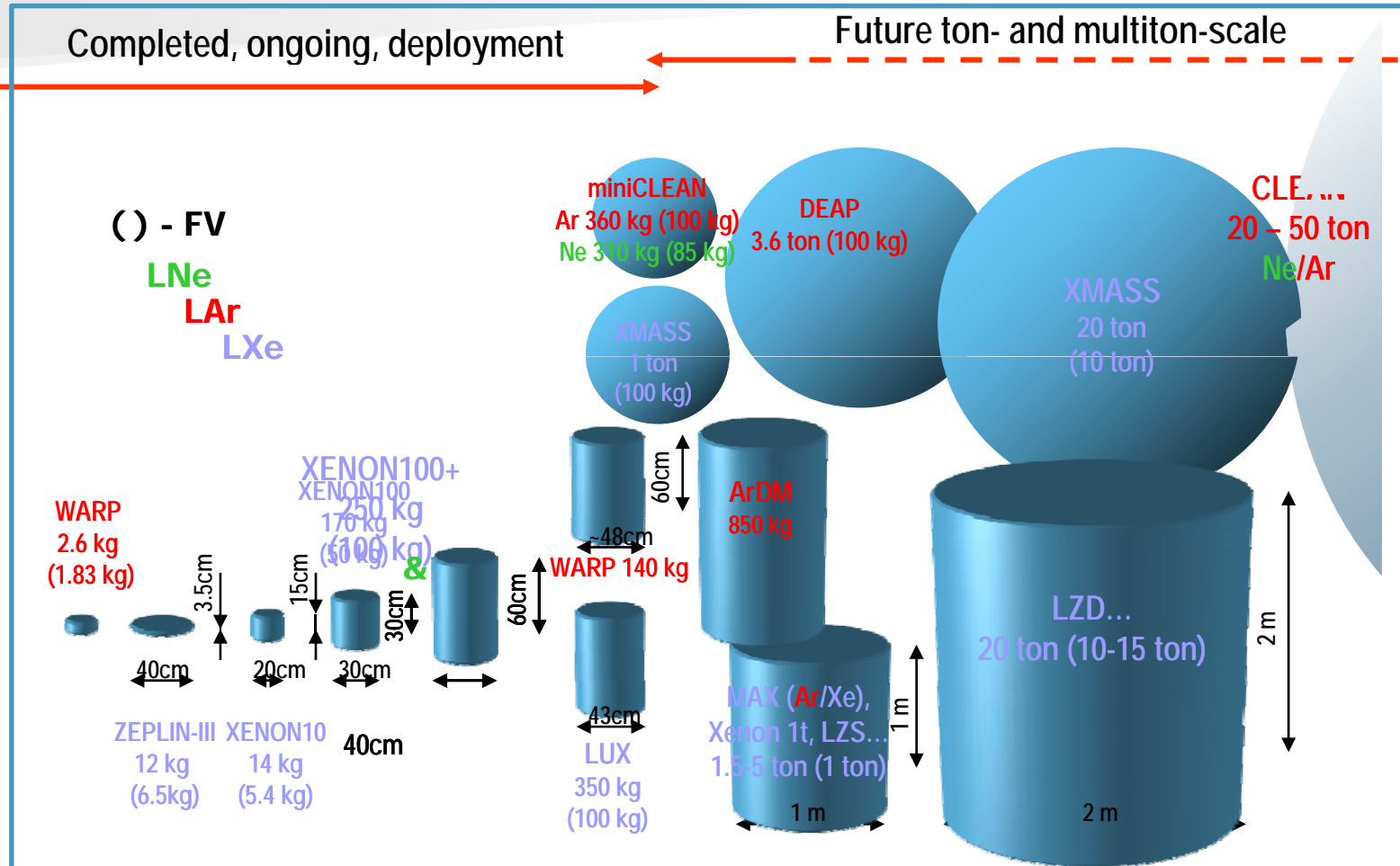


ARGON

- **WARP** and **ArDM**. Work on ICARUS experience. Underground prototyping.
- **DEAP**. Developing stage.
- Also **CLEAN** with Neon.

- **XENON100+**
- **XENON1t**
- **MAX**
- **LUX**
- **XMASS 20t**
- ...

Noble liquids Family



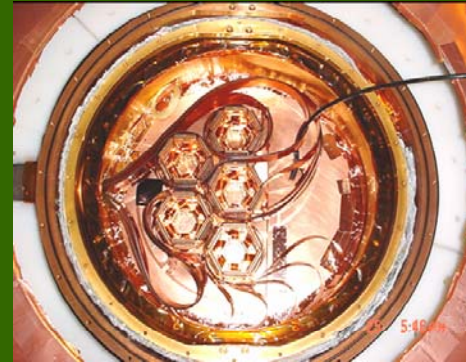
From Akimov VCI2010

Hybrid bolometers: CDMS

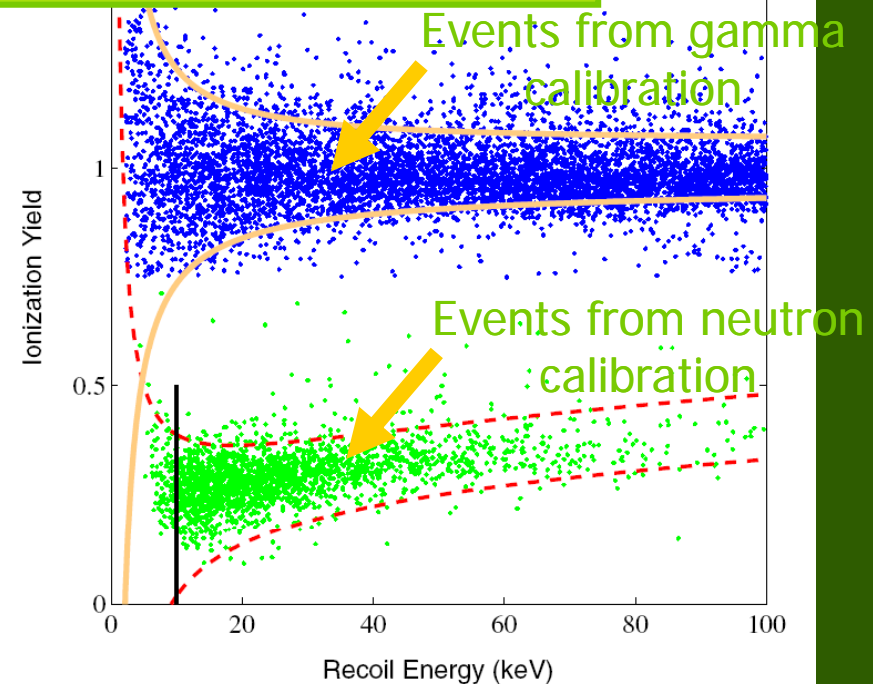
CDMS at Soudan

- 5 tower prototype (5 kgs of Ge) operating underground (+ several Si detectors). But only 1/3 of crystals in good shape.
- 125 kg d of exposure analysed and released in 2008
- 0 observed counts in NR band.

- Also EDELWEISS at Modane
- 12 * 400 g detectors installed in EDWII now



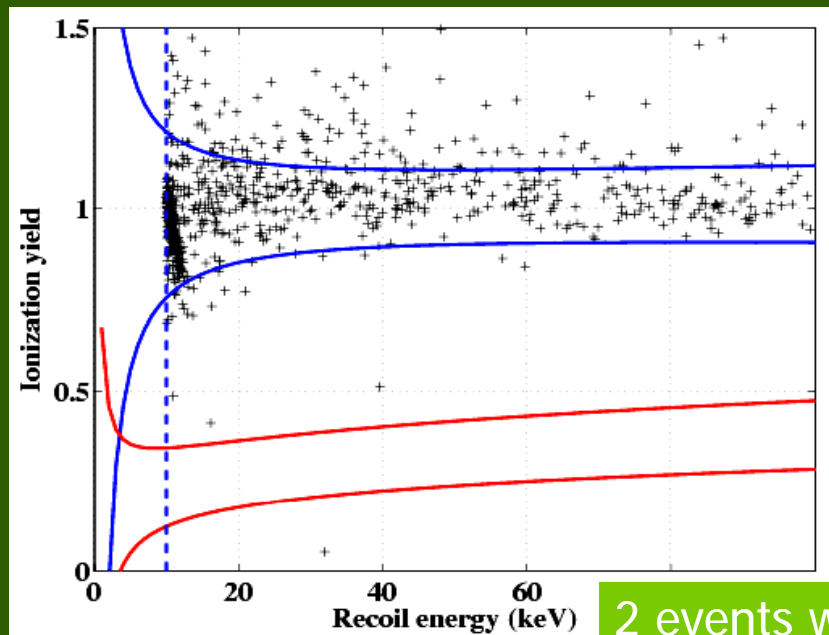
Nuclear/recoil discrimination demonstrated down to 10-15 keVr



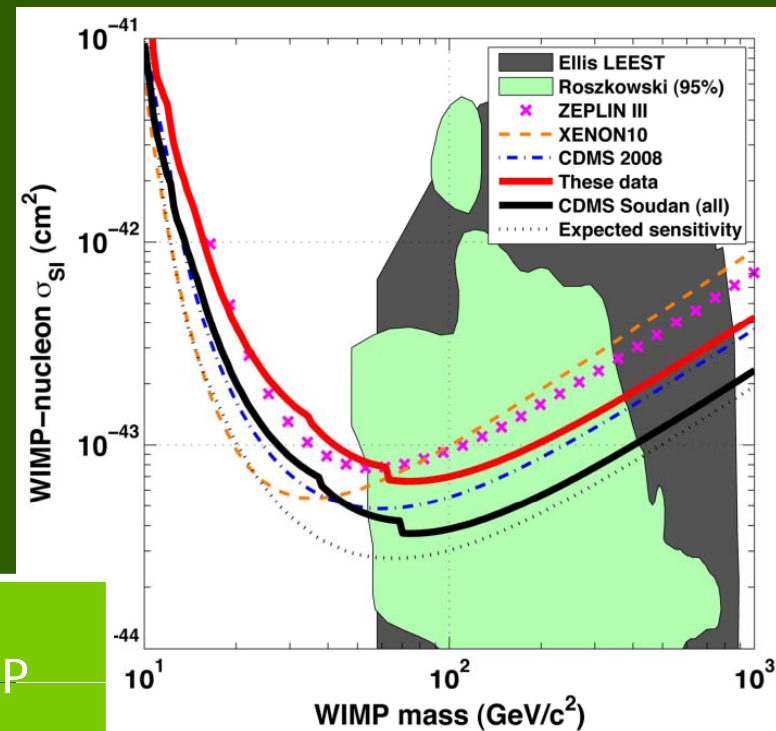
CDMS: last results

- Last exclusion plot (2008 and 2009) competes with that of XENON

Data taking
Jul2007 - Sep2008
arXiv:0912.3592v1



2 events were found in a WIMP search region



Hybrid bolometers: Heat+light

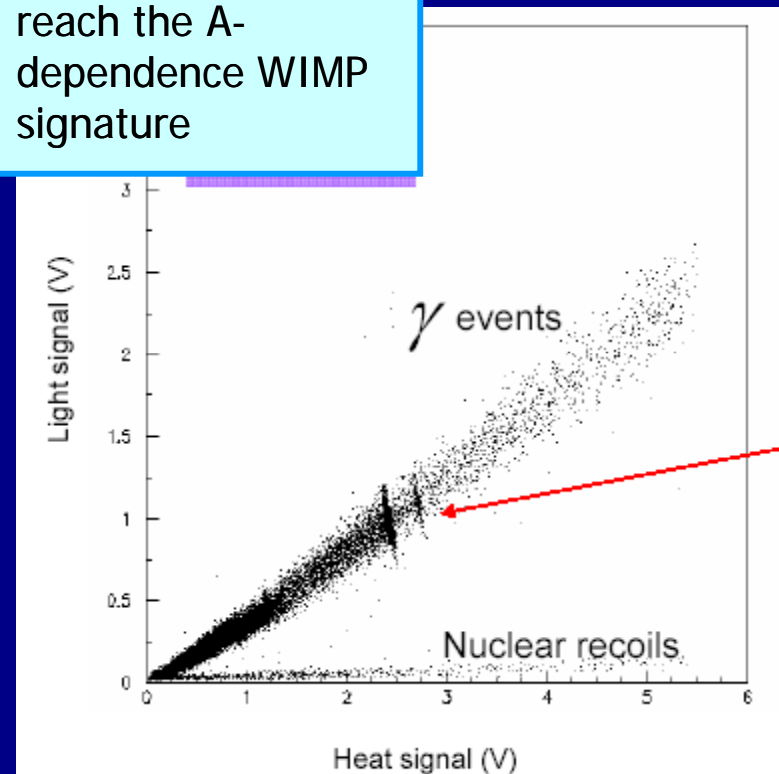
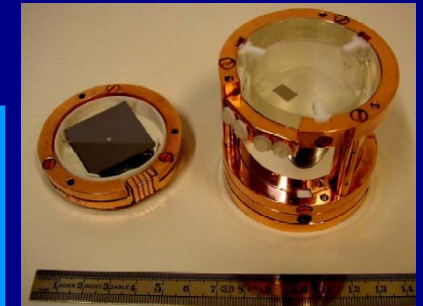
ROSEBUD-II at Canfranc

- Concept first applied underground.
- Discrimination down to 8-12 keVr demonstrated.
- Only low mass prototypes tested.
- Work towards multitarget setup

CRESST-II at Gran Sasso

- Discrimination between different nuclei recoils (W and O) in same crystal.
- 20 kg d of CaWO₂ reported. Competitive exclusion produced.
- Work ongoing towards 10kg prototype.

- Nuclear/recoil discrimination
- Only technique with good prospects to reach the A-dependence WIMP signature



Future bolometers: EURECA



Timeline:

2009/10: Design Study → TDR

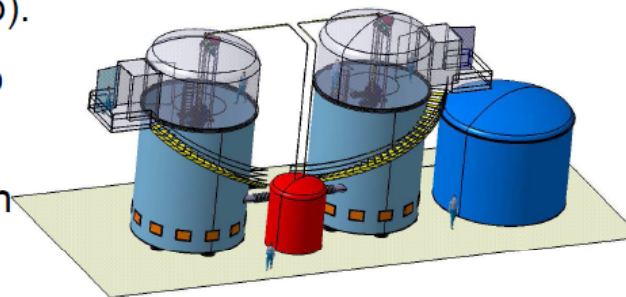
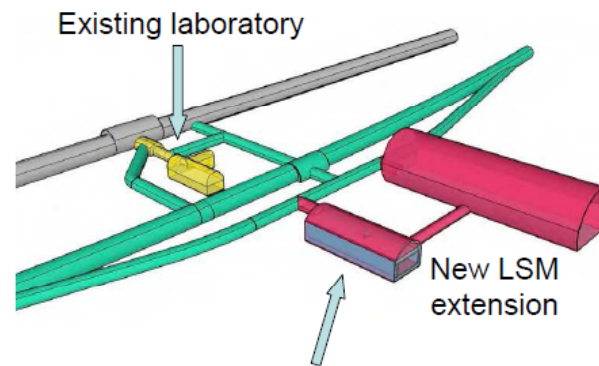
2011/12: Digging out of LSM extension begins. In parallel, begin construction of EURECA components away from LSM. Aim for ~100kg stage (10^{-9} pb).

2014: LSM extension ready to receive EURECA.

2015: Begin data taking and in parallel improve and upgrade.

2018: One tonne target installed.

EURECA in LSM

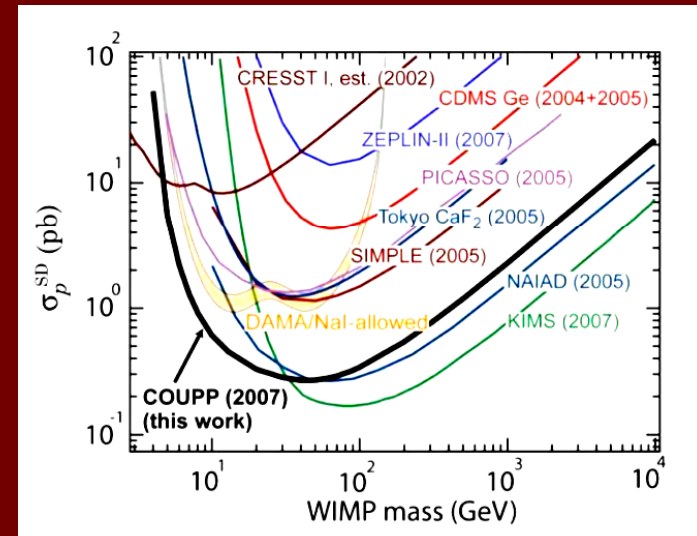
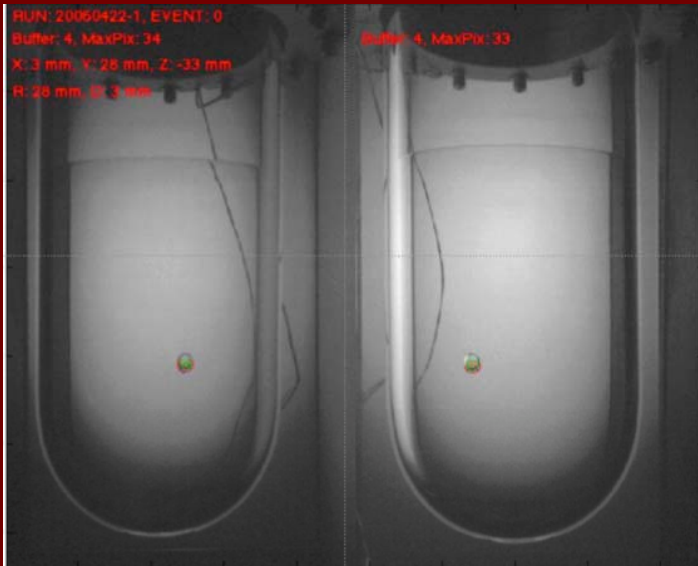


Possible EURECA Facility Layout

In the US: CDMS → SuperCDMS

COUPP at Chicago

- The old bubble chamber concept.
- Insensitive to gamma backgrounds
- No energy info (digital response). But tuning of threshold allows energy scan
- Good sensitivity with ^{19}F nucleus to SD pure p couplings (even in presence of high radon background)
- Good scaling-up prospects



Low WIMP mass limits

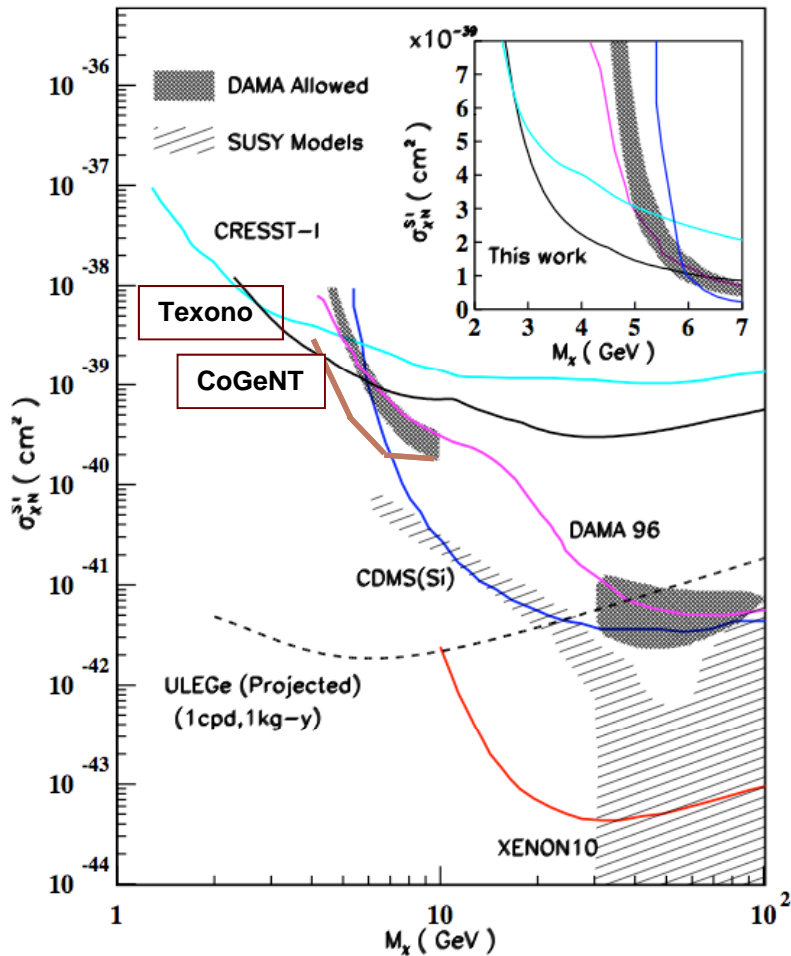


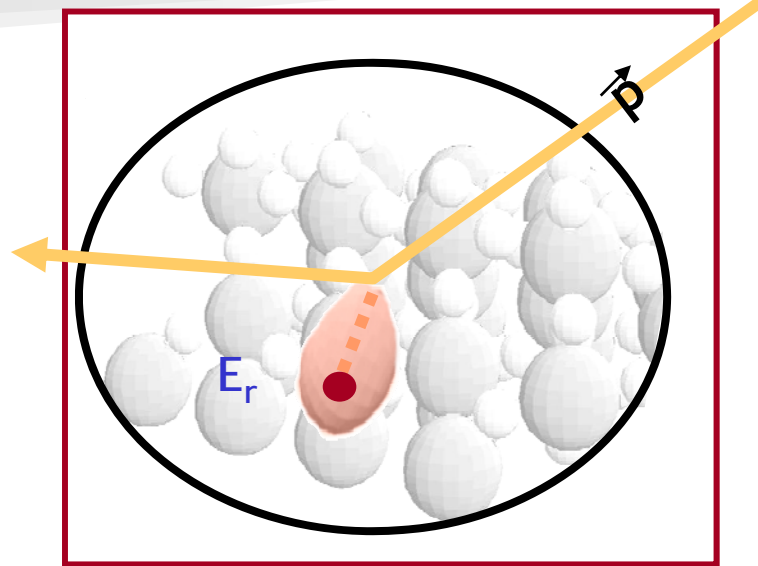
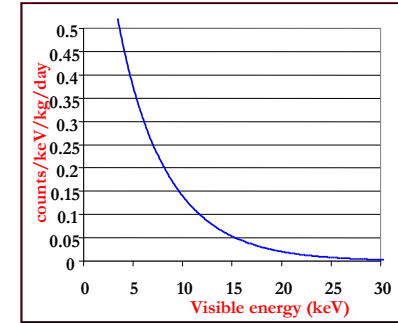
FIG. 5: Exclusion plots of spin-independent χN cross-section

MARCH 2010

Igor G. Pastorza / U. Zaragoza

- To access low mass region (< 10 GeV) \rightarrow thresholds below 1 keV
- Non discriminating techniques (CRESST, Texono, CoGeNT)
- Interest \rightarrow models making DAMA compatible with others (now covered by CoGeNT)
- Still limits are 3.5 orders of mag higher @ 6 GeV than @ 60 GeV

WIMP signatures/features



- E_r spectrum: very poorly identificative
- Nuclear/electron discrimination (leading present techniques)
- Independence of position (important for future larger detectors)
- In present leading experiments, if a WIMP is detected, it will show only as an unexplained background...

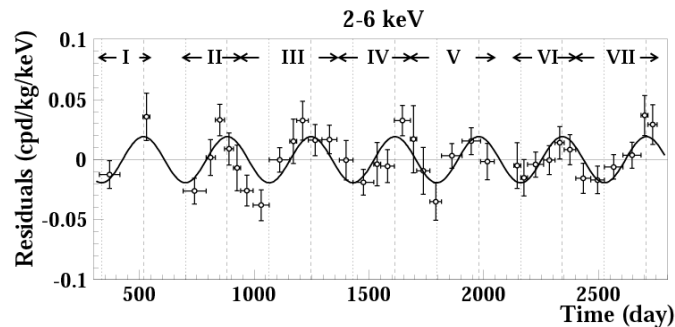
■ Rate changes:

- **Annual modulation:** at reach if large target mass (DAMA,...)

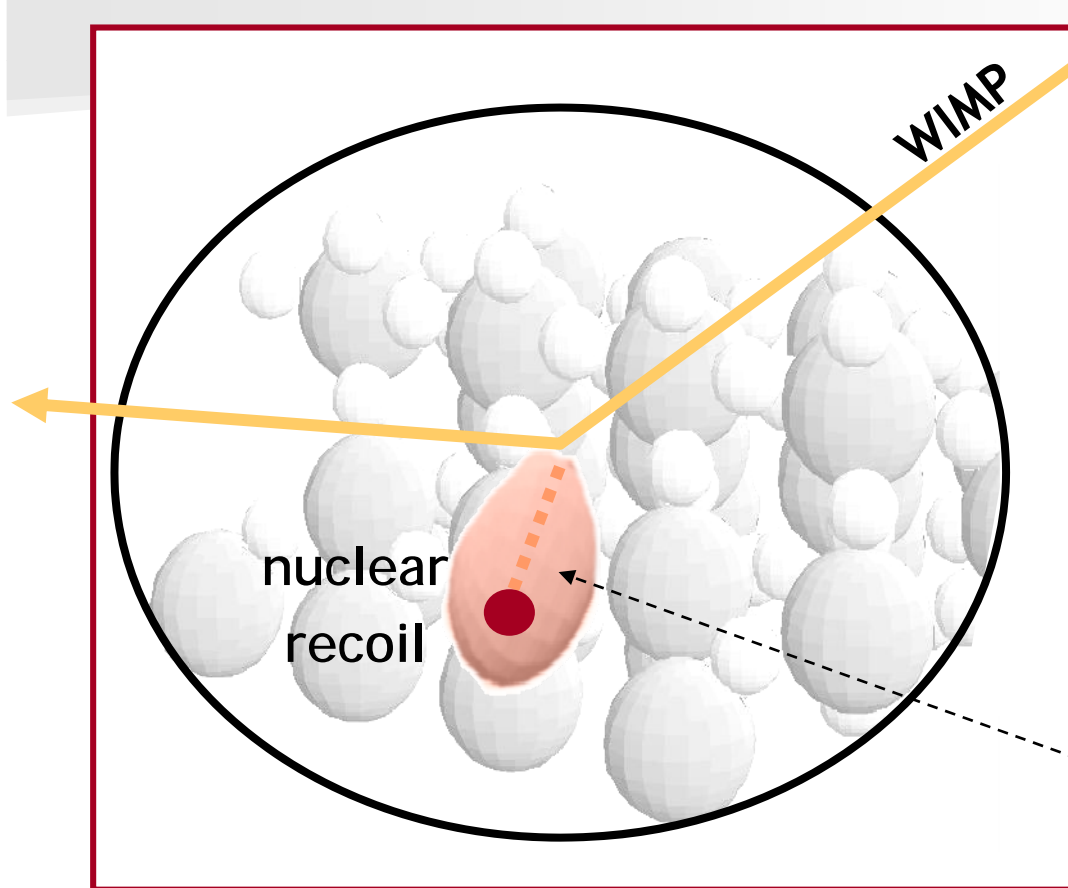
■ Target material dependence:

- Challenging, but good progress (ROSEBUD-II, CRESST-II). Maybe at reach soon.

■ Is that enough to claim discovery?



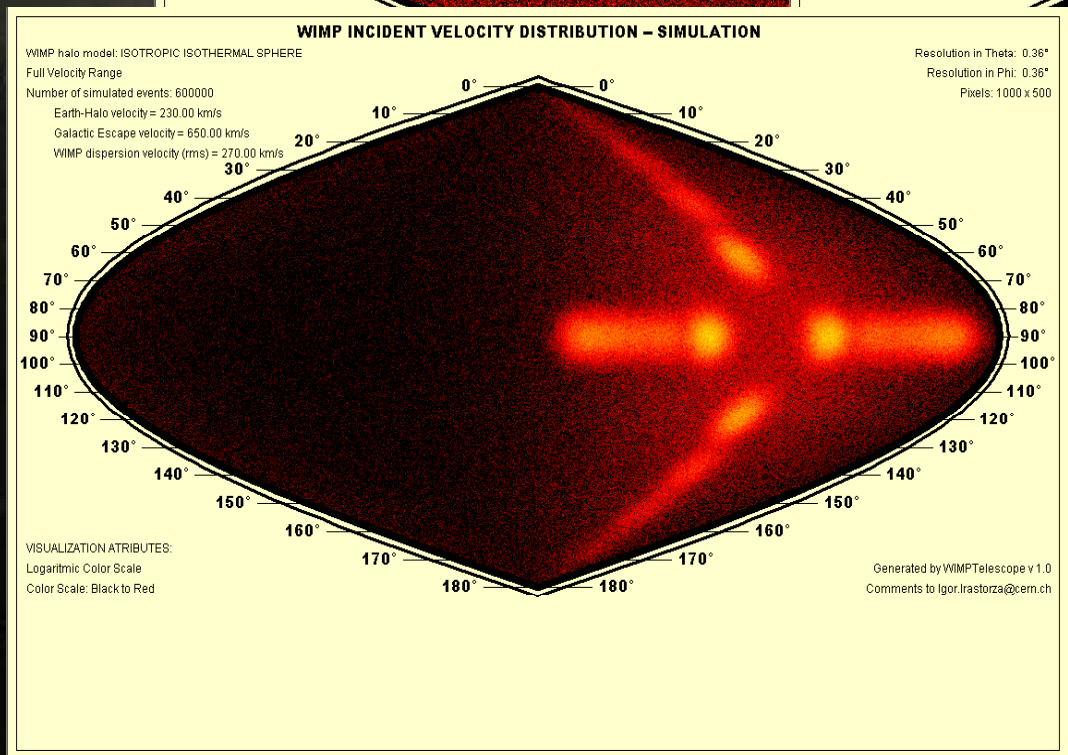
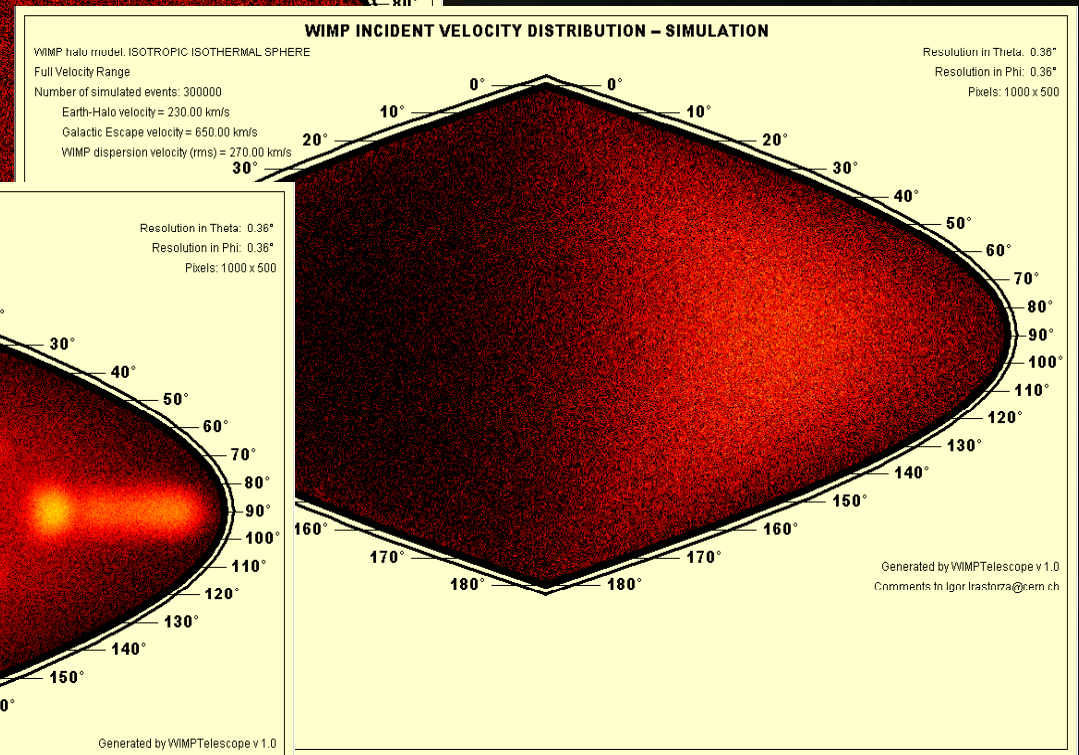
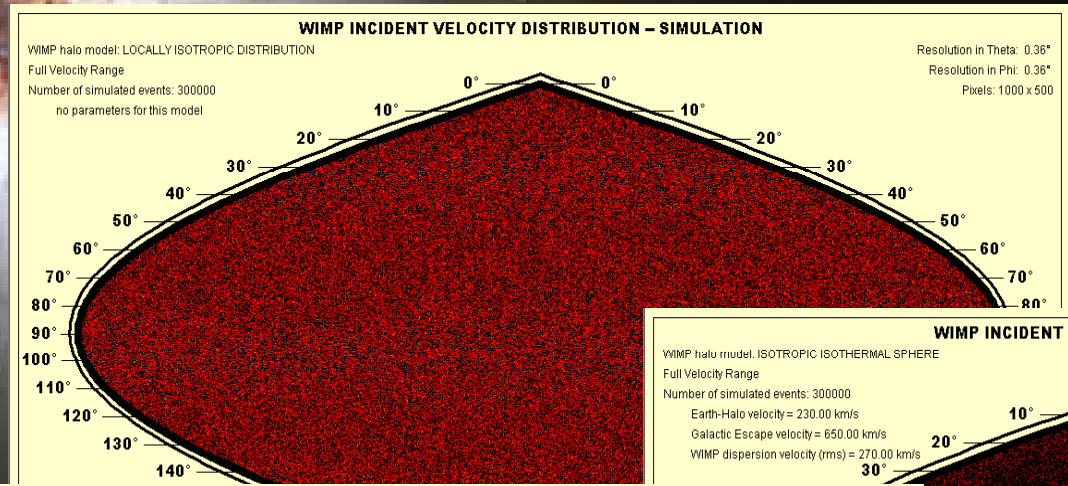
WIMP directional signal



- Positive signatures?
 - Annual modulation
 - A dependence
- Possible but subject to systematics.. Not enough indentifying of a WIMP
 - **Direction of the recoil \leftarrow is that possible?**
- If the direction of the nuclear recoil could be measured, unique signature of WIMP...
- **Directional signal**

Directional signal

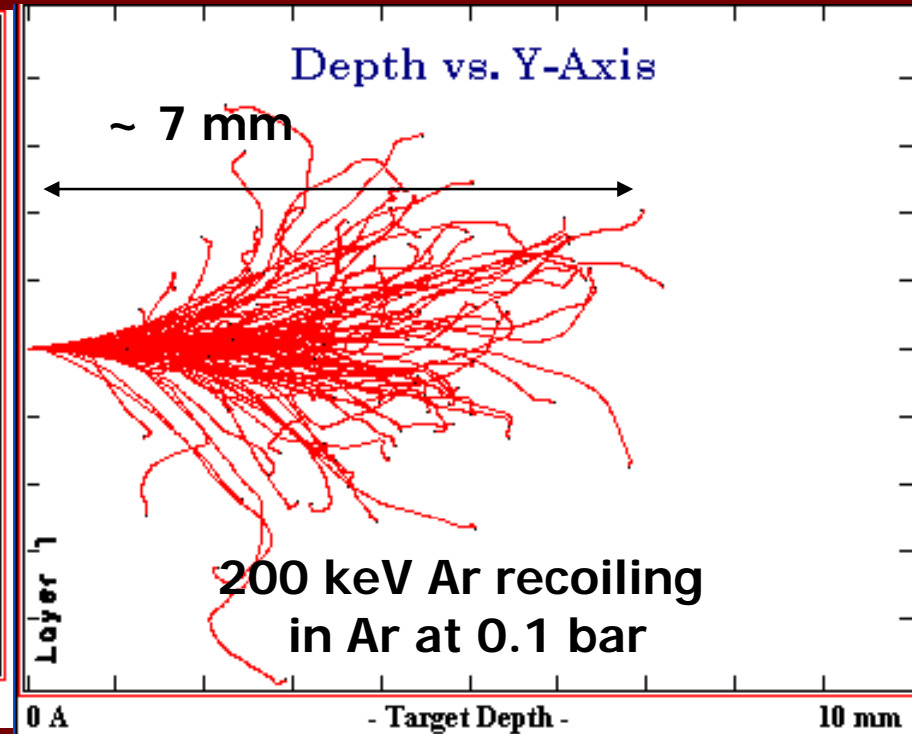
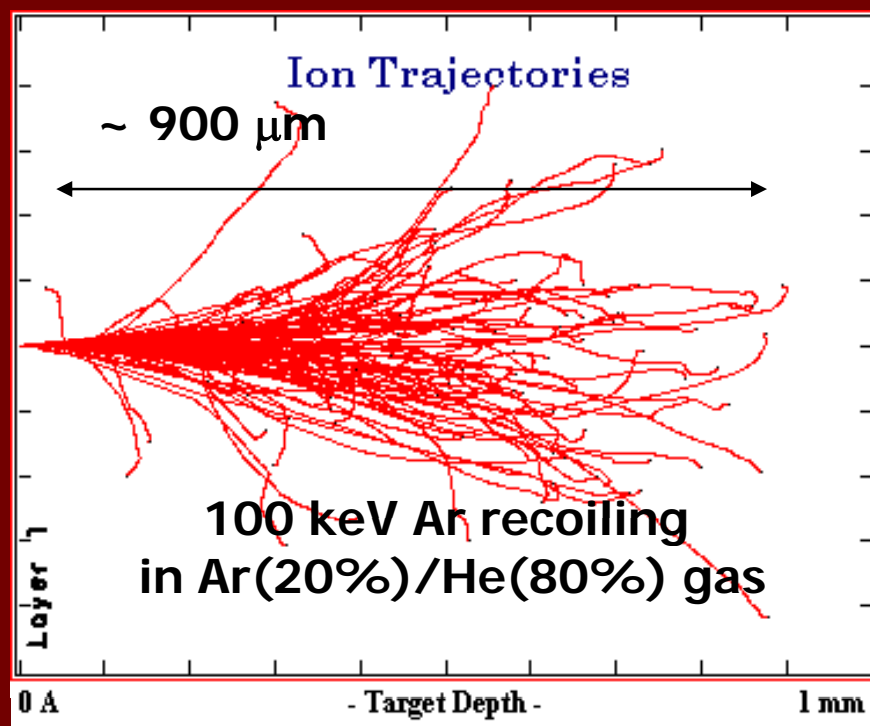
Background is isotropic



While the signal is not

But can the direction of the recoil be measured?

- Very hard technological challenge...
- In solids/liquids only 100 nm, so we go to gas...
- Some examples of n.r. tracks in gas:



Pionners: DRIFT

DRIFT detector

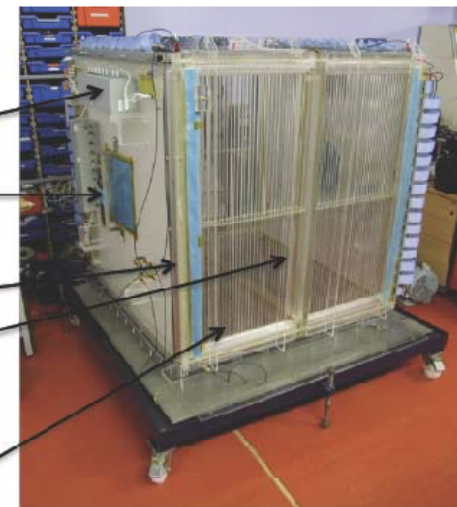
- 1100m underground in Boulby mine, N. Yorkshire
- At a latitude of 54° .
- $1.5\text{m} \times 1.5\text{m} \times 1.5\text{m}$ stainless steel vacuum vessel.
- Polypropylene pellet neutron shielding – equivalent to 40gcm^{-2} solid hydrocarbon.
- 0.8m^3 fiducial volume – 134g CS_2 target mass.
- Central cathode plane – 512 $20\ \mu\text{m}$ wires.
- MWPC - anode plane of 512 $20\ \mu\text{m}$ horizontal wires sandwiched between two planes of 512 perpendicular $100\ \mu\text{m}$ wires (2mm pitch).
- Field cage – 31 stainless steel rings.



Pre-amps
 ^{55}Fe calibration source

MWPC
Central cathode

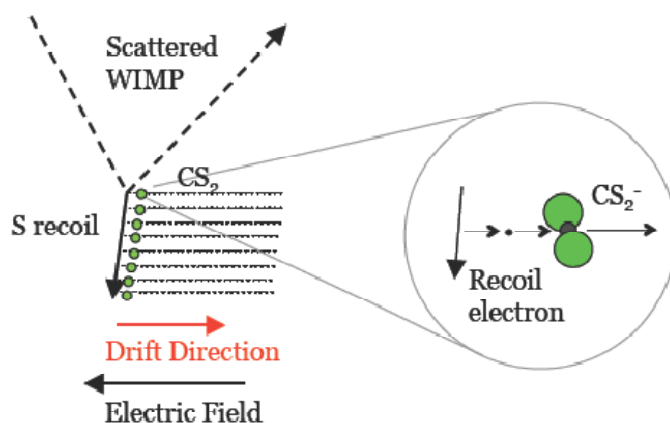
Field cage



DRIFT: negative ion TPC concept

Directional detection with a negative ion TPC

- Require long nuclear recoils for directional information
 - Use a TPC with a low pressure gas as a target material
- Require a reasonable target mass
 - Use a large volume detector
- Need to minimise diffusion of ionisation track
 - Negative Ion TPC



- Electronegative CS_2 molecules transport electrons to the MWPC readout plane with only thermal diffusion.
- At MWPC electrons are stripped from the CS_2^- ion and avalanche in the normal fashion.
- Standard TPC – electrons at $\sim 1000\text{ms}^{-1}$.
- NI TPC – ions at $\sim 50\text{ms}^{-1}$.
- Minimises diffusion
- Improves spatial resolution

Micropattern detectors

Breed of Micro Pattern Gas Detectors

Micro Strip Gas Chamber

Micro Gap Chamber

Micro Dot Chamber

Micro Pin Structure

Micromegas

Compteur a Trouve

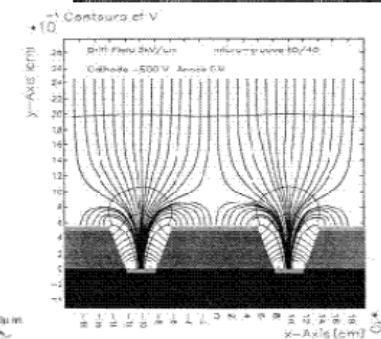
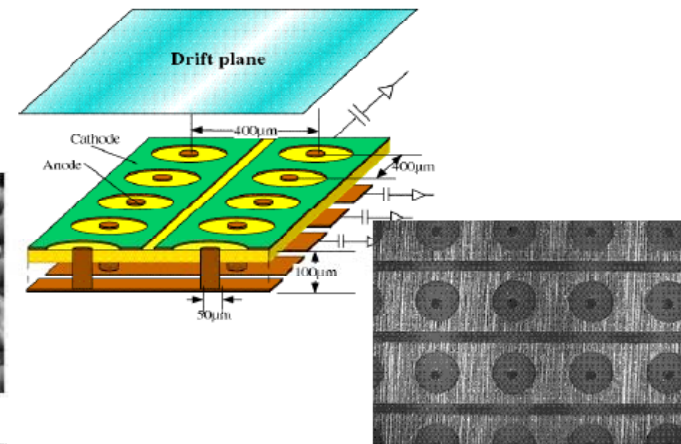
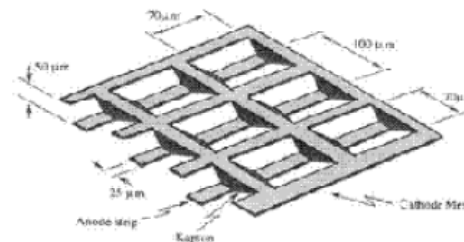
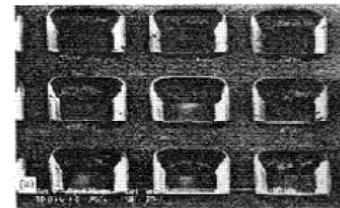
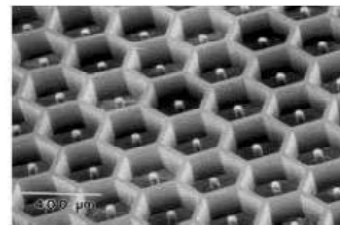
Micro Groove Detector

Well Detector

Micro Wire Detector

Gas Electron Multiplier

Sandglass Detector



Directionality with novel concept TPCs. Recent initiatives

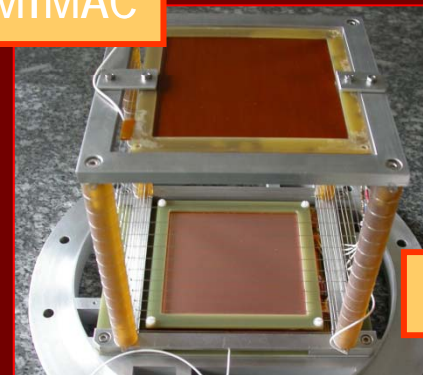
- NEWAGE (Kamioka):
 - Microdot readout
- MIMAC (French coll.)
 - Micromegas readout
- DMTPC (US groups)
 - “optical readout”

All have recently measured first nuclear recoils tracks...

NEWAGE

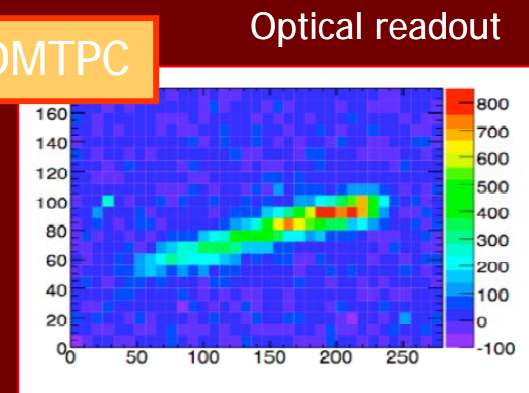


MIMAC

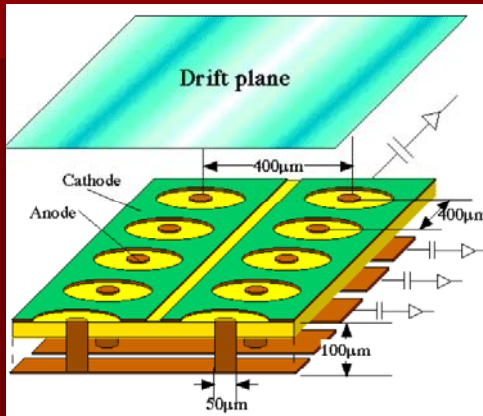


GEM/MMs

DMTPC



NEWAGE at Kamioka



m-PIC (30*30cm²)
Gas amplification +
readout
400mm pitch
768+768 readouts
Gas gain ~ 1000
with 152torr CF₄

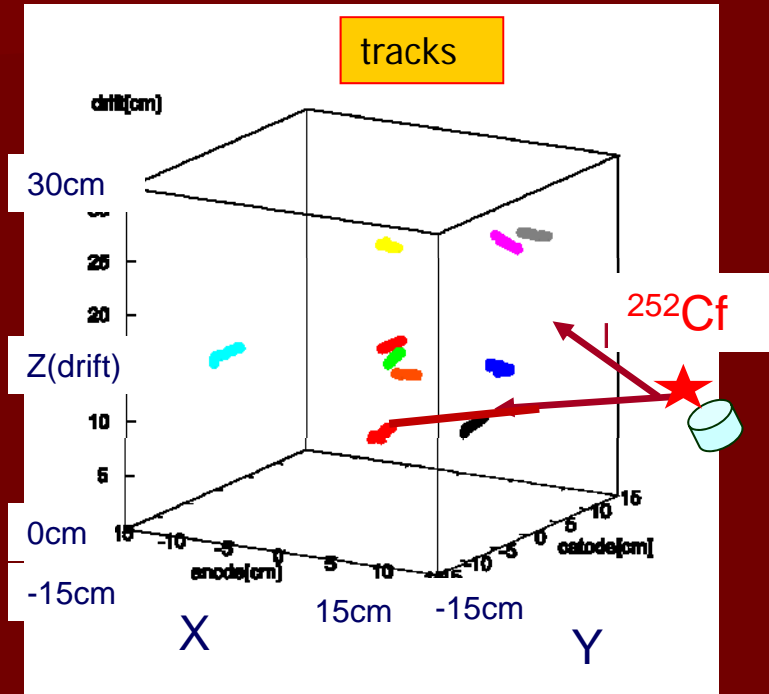
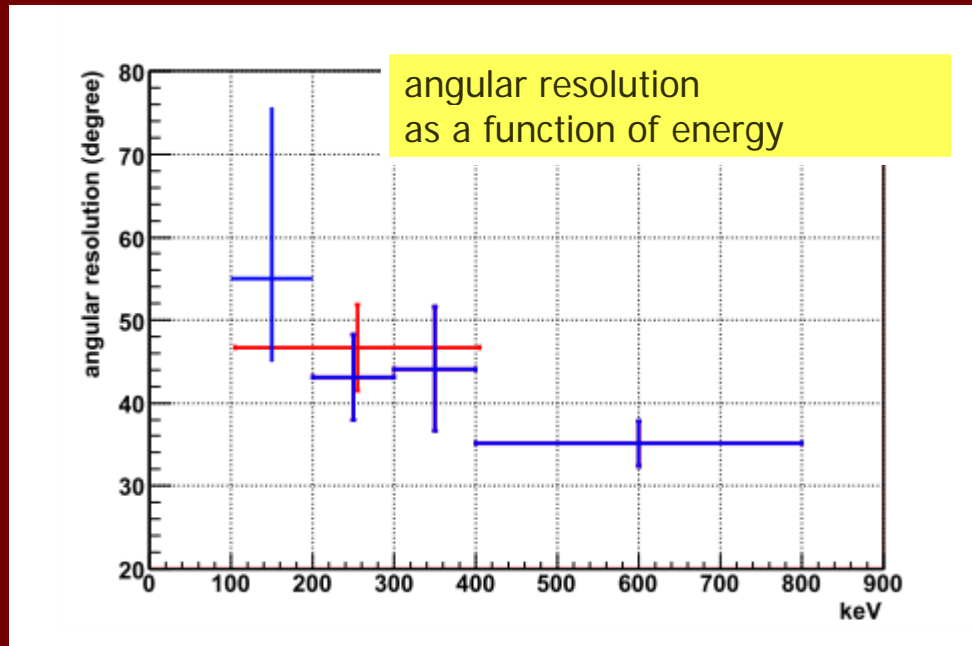
Detector

NEWAGE-0.3a 23×28×31cm³
152torr CF₄ = 11.48g



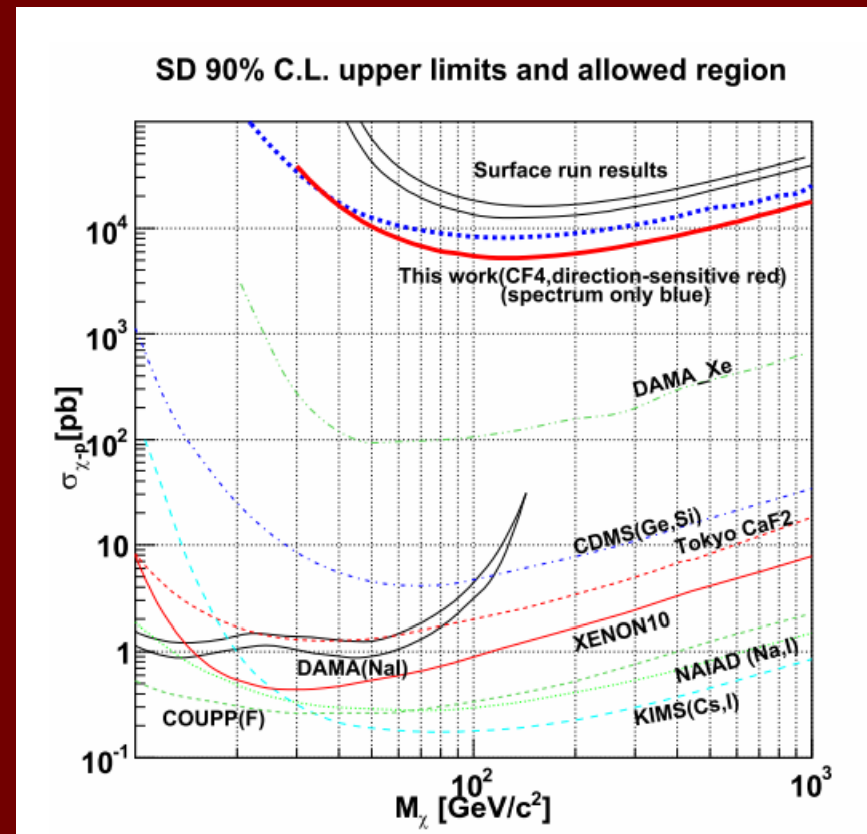
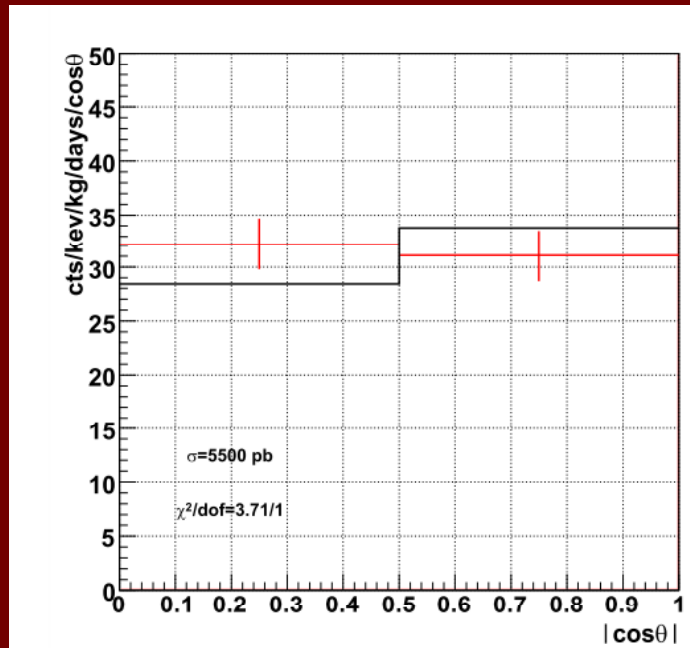
NEWAGE

- First nuclear recoil tracks...



NEWAGE

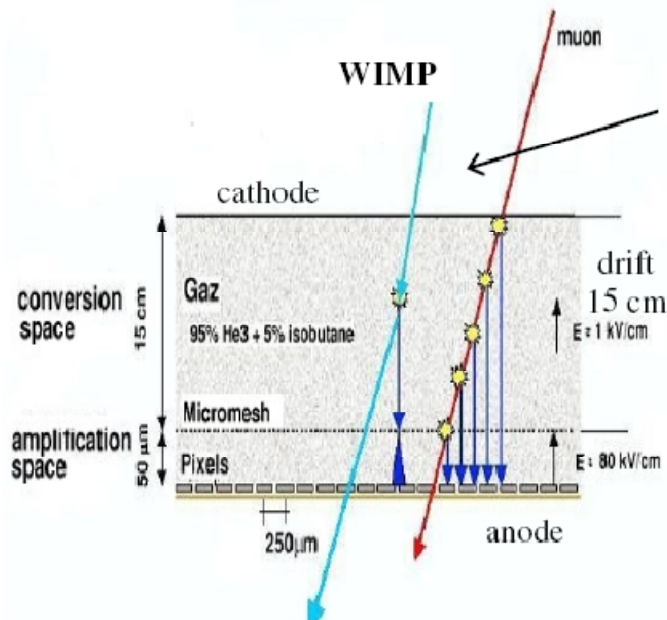
- **RUN5 results③**
 - **poor statistics : 2bin analysis**
 - **new limits 5400pb for 150GeV**



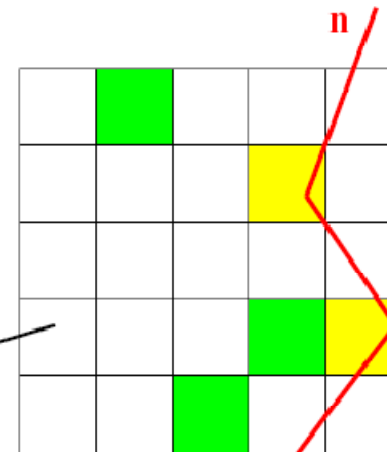
MIMAC

Strategy:

- direct detection of nuclei recoil
- 3D track reconstruction
- recoil energy measurement



MIMAC



Principle:

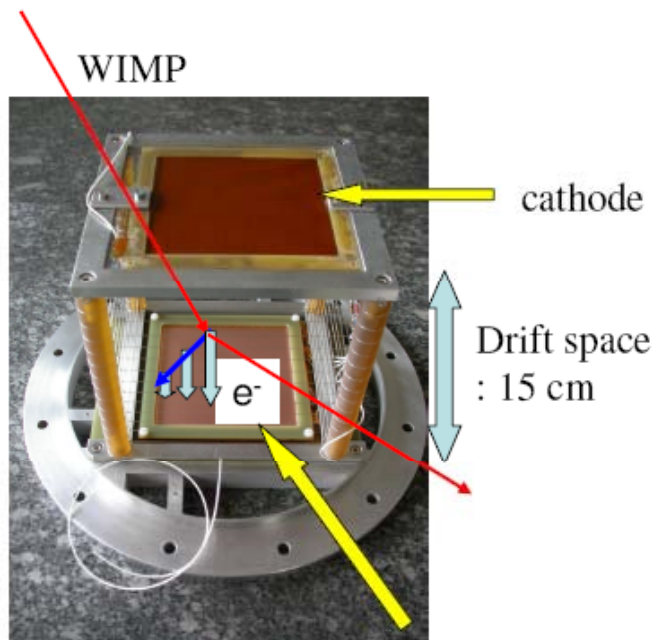
- matrix of gaseous μ TPC
- low mass, targets at low pressure : ${}^3\text{He}$, CH_4 , C_4H_{10} , CF_4 : few mm tracks
- low energy recoil : 10 keV

Background rejections based on:

- energy and track : e-/nuclei
- correlation of μ TPC (neutrons)
- direction

MIMAC

The micromegas μ TPC prototype



Bulk micromegas with pixellized anode (x,y): 3 cm x 3 cm

Collaboration : CEA Saclay

The micromegas offers:

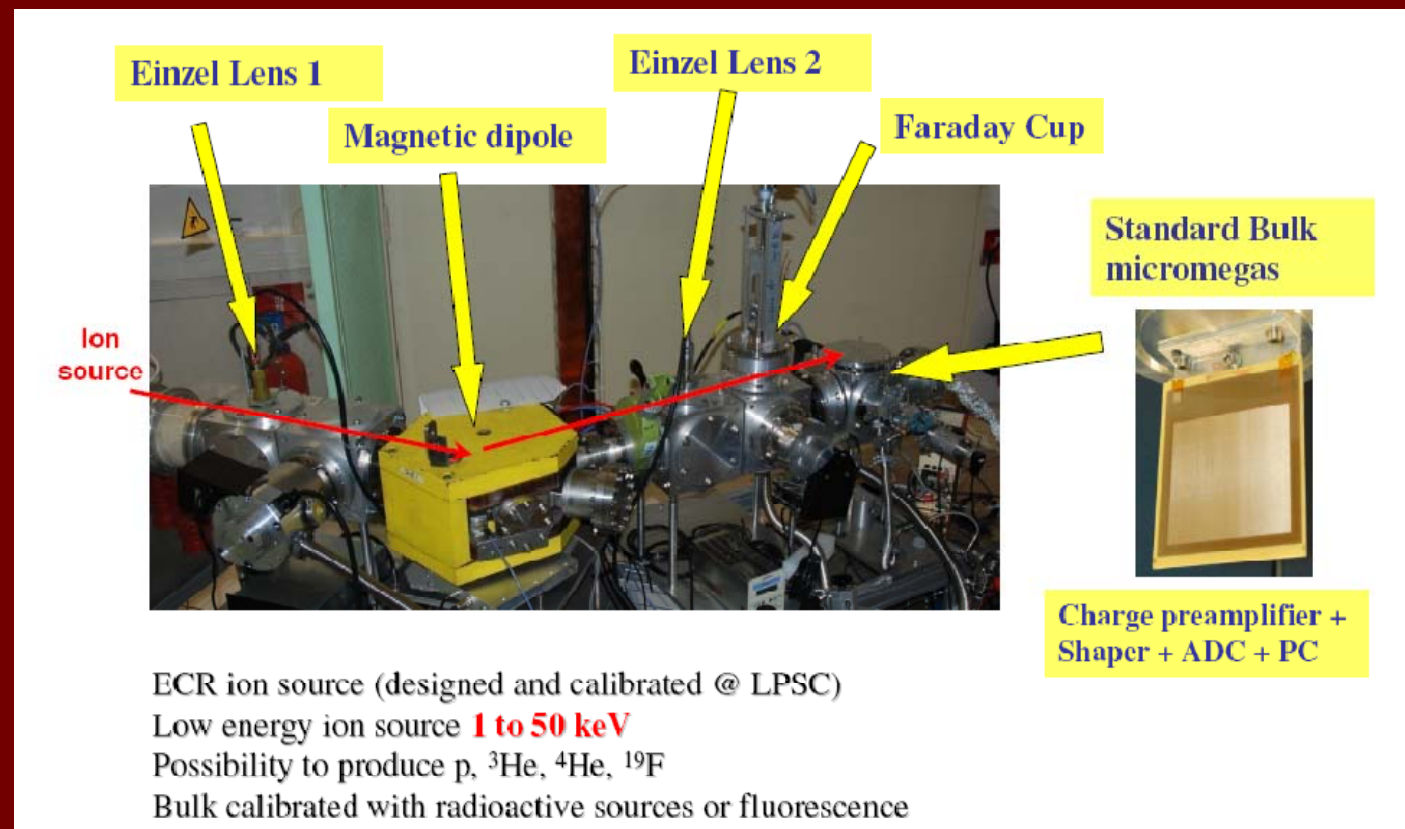
High $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{energy} \\ \text{time} \\ \text{spatial} \end{array} \right\}$ resolution

- Recoil track reconstruction
- Energy threshold 1 keV
- Electron/nuclei discrimination

Measured Energy $\neq E_{\text{recoil}}$

MIMAC

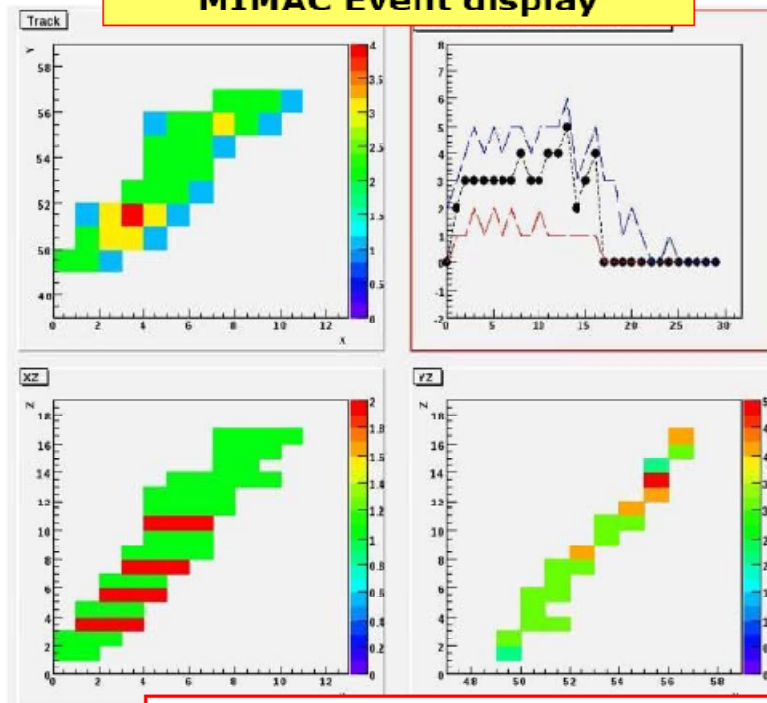
■ Quenching factor measurements



MIMAC

3D Track : 5.9 keV electron from ^{55}Fe

MIMAC Event display



$^4\text{He}+5\%$ Iso
 $E=200$ V/cm
 $P=350$ mbar
 $v = 16$ $\mu\text{m}/\text{ns}$

DATA

With the
3D reconstruction



Track 45

$\phi = 41.6$ deg

$\Theta = 34.2$ deg

$L = 7.5$ mm

First 3D track of ~ 6 keV electron !!
... typical of a background event for Dark Matter

MIMAC

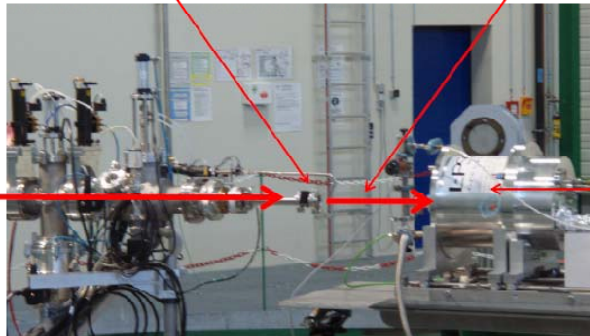
■ First nuclear recoils tracks...

Amande neutron source : IRSN facility @ Cadarache

Target:
Sc for 8.2 keV n
LiOH for 144 keV n

neutron beam

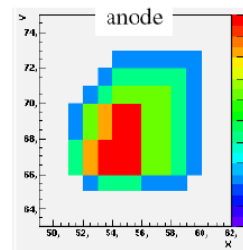
Proton or
deuteron beam



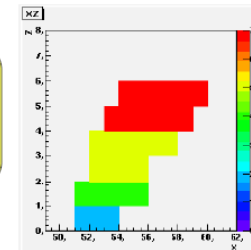
prototype with
pixellized bulk
micromegas

Recoil from 144 keV neutrons

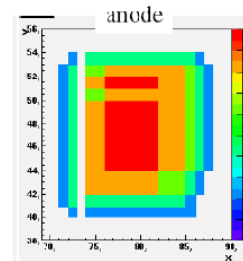
DATA



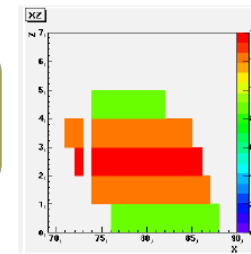
100 % iC₄H₁₀
100 mbar,
150 V/cm



Possible to reconstruct recoils of p @ low pressure in methane and isobutane



100 % CH₄
150 mbar,
120 V/cm



MPGD 2009

Cyril Grignon

21

DMTPC

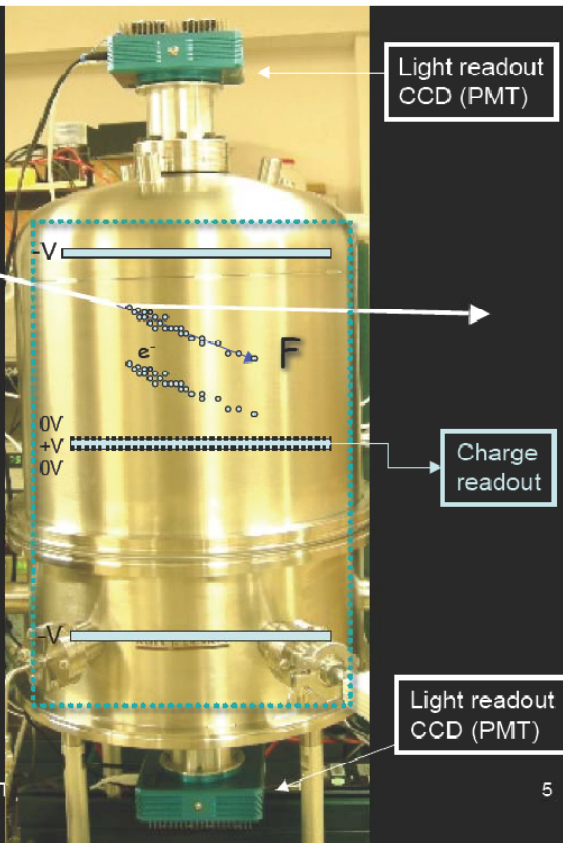
- "Optical" readout



DMTPC
10 liter
Prototype

Double-sided TPC χ
10 liter fiducial volume

CF₄ as target gas
Spin-dependent WIMP search
 $\lambda^2 J(J+1) \sim 0.74$

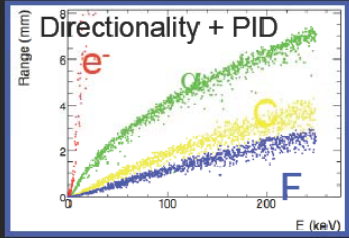


Light readout
CCD (PMT)

Charge
readout

Light readout
CCD (PMT)

5



Directionality + PID

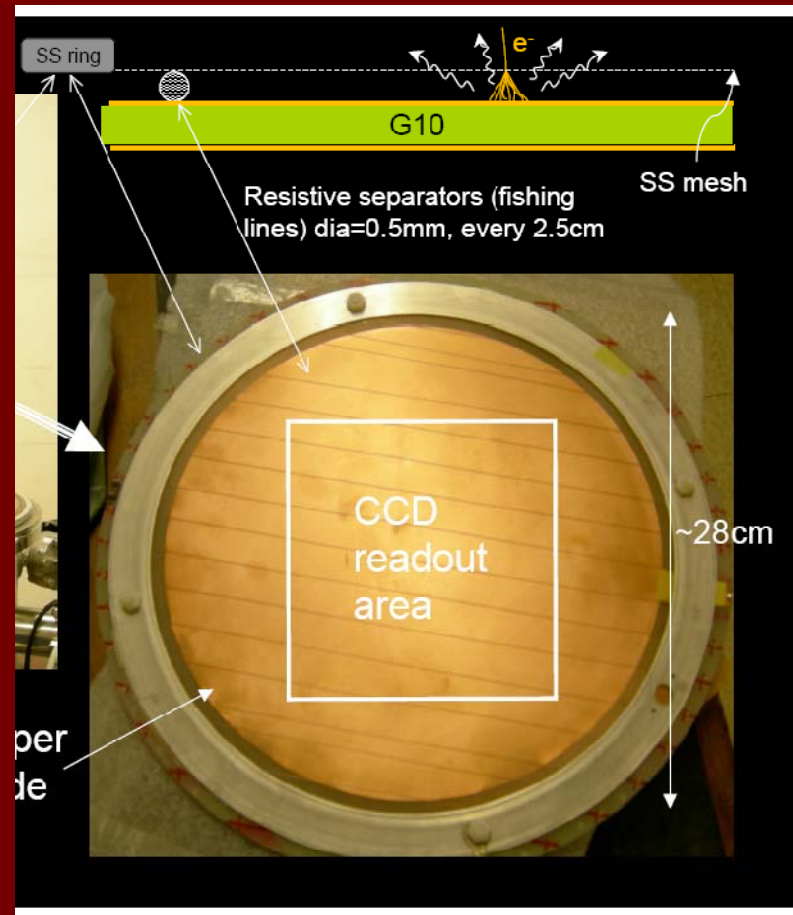
Range (mm)

F (keV)

July 2, 2009

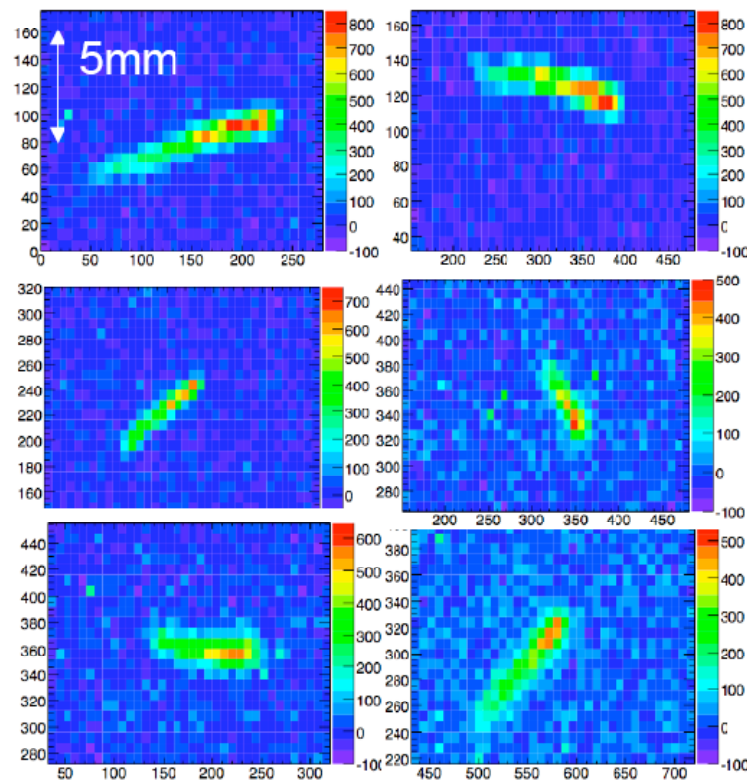
DMTPC

- Micromegas-like structure + CCD camera
- BUT, only 2D imaging

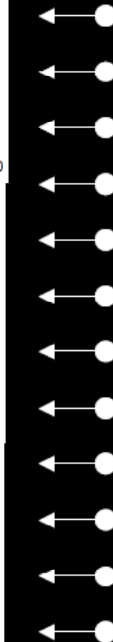


DMTPC

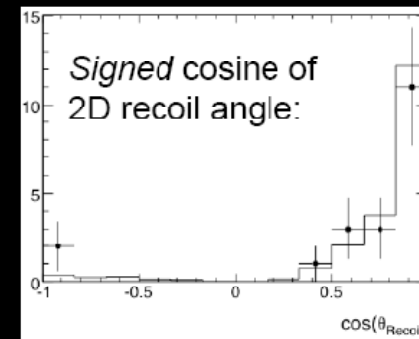
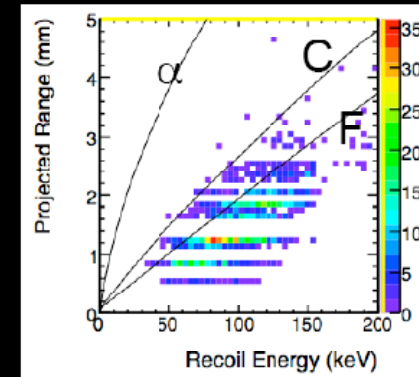
Neutron Calibration



neutrons



Cf-252 neutrons

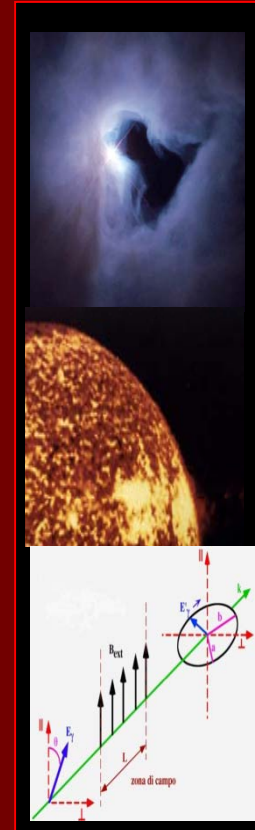


Directionality: Where we stand?

- A directionality signal would be the best positive evidence of a WIMP, providing also information on the galactic halo.
- A directional detector remains still a high experimental challenge... BUT:
- Novel TPC concepts (micropattern detectors) are opening new perspectives. Followed by an increased efforts from several experimental groups.
- For SD interacting WIMPs, a competitive detector based on He3 or CF4 seems already feasible (MIMAC, DMTPC...)
- But for the general SI case.... Large volume challenge to address
- An early signal in solid state detectors would strengthen the case for directionality.

But what if there are no WIMPs... but AXIONS?

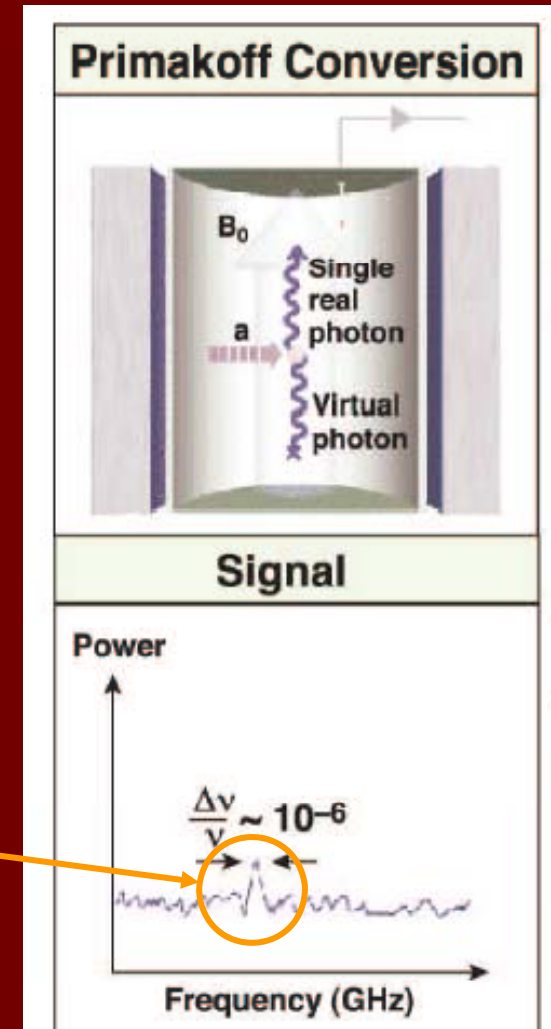
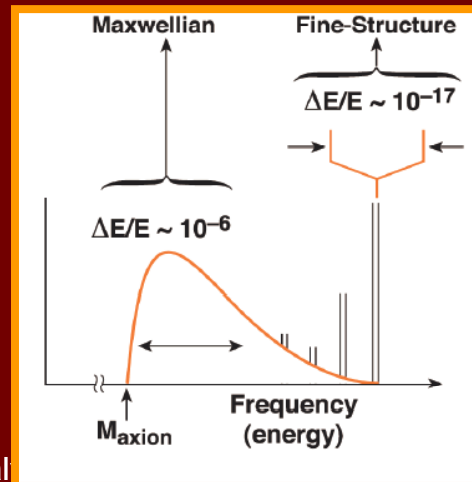
- Axions are searched in 3 different contexts (different sources of axions):
 - Dark matter axions (as relics of Big Bang):
 - Axion Haloscopes (**ADMX**, CARRACK)
 - Axions produced in the Sun:
 - Axion Helioscopes (Kyoto, **CAST**)
 - Crystal detectors (SOLAX, COSME, DAMA)
 - Axions produced in the laboratory
 - “Light shining through wall” experiments
 - Vacuum birefringence experiments
PVLAS, ALPS, OSQAR, BMV, ...



In general not in
Underground Labs

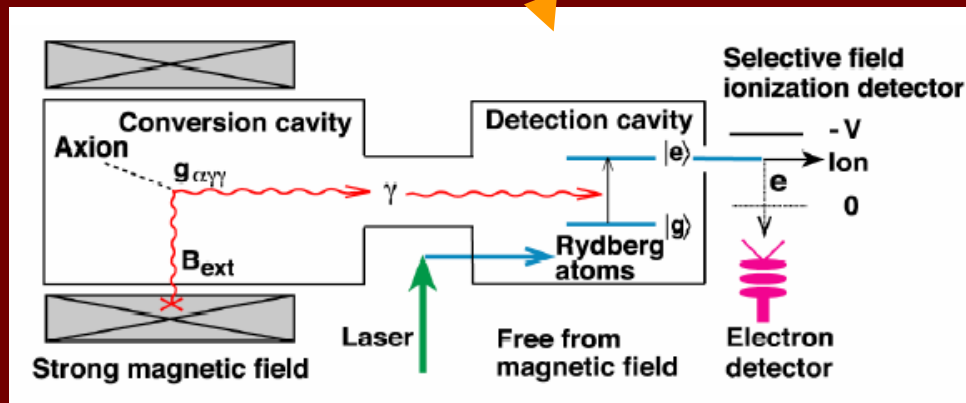
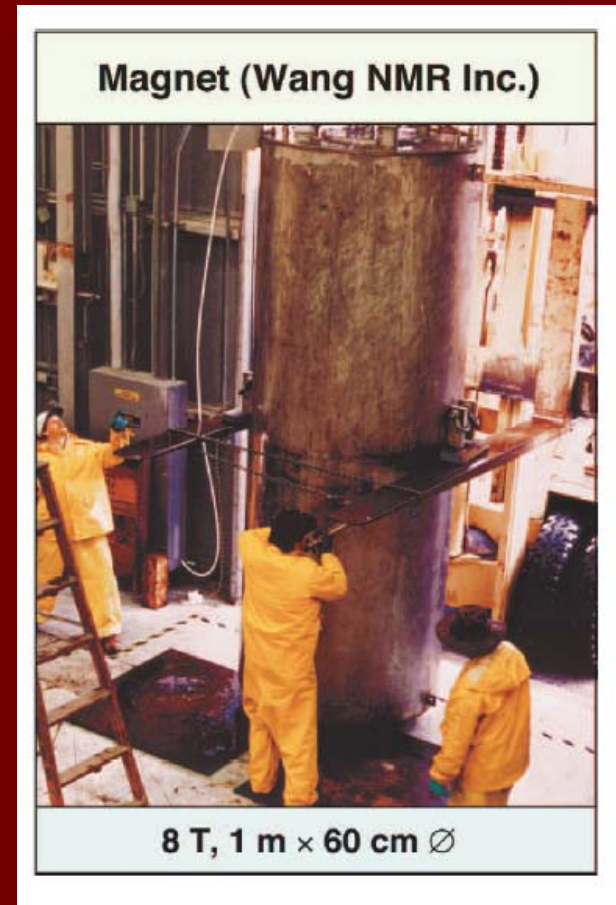
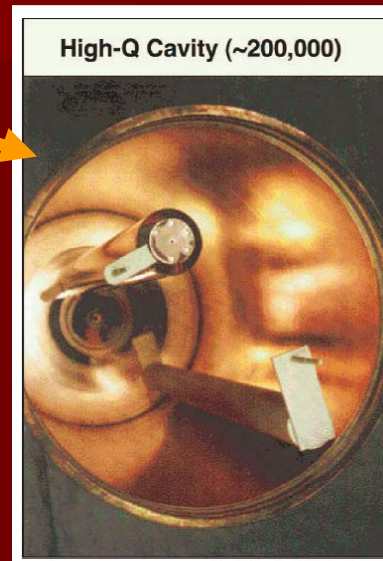
Dark Matter Axions: Haloscopes

- Resonant cavities (Sikivie, 1983)
 - Primakoff conversion inside a “tunable” resonant cavity
 - Energy of photon = $m_a c^2 + O(\beta^2)$
 - Expected peak at right frequency (DM axions are non-relativistic)
 - Substructure of the peak may give information of the WIMP halo model



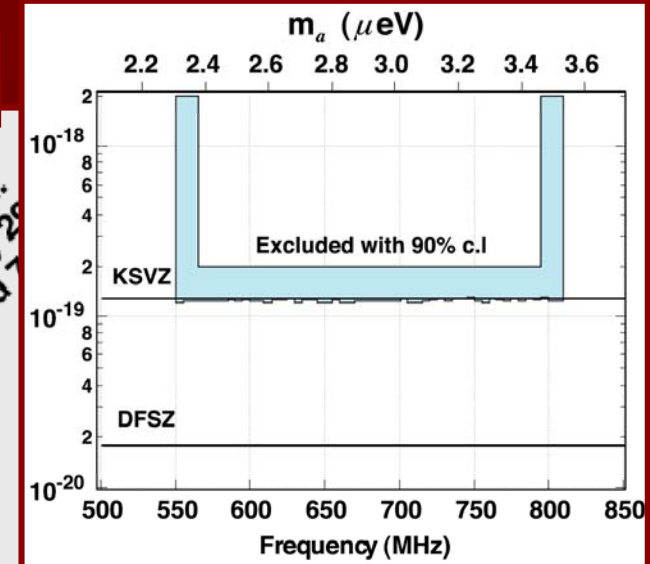
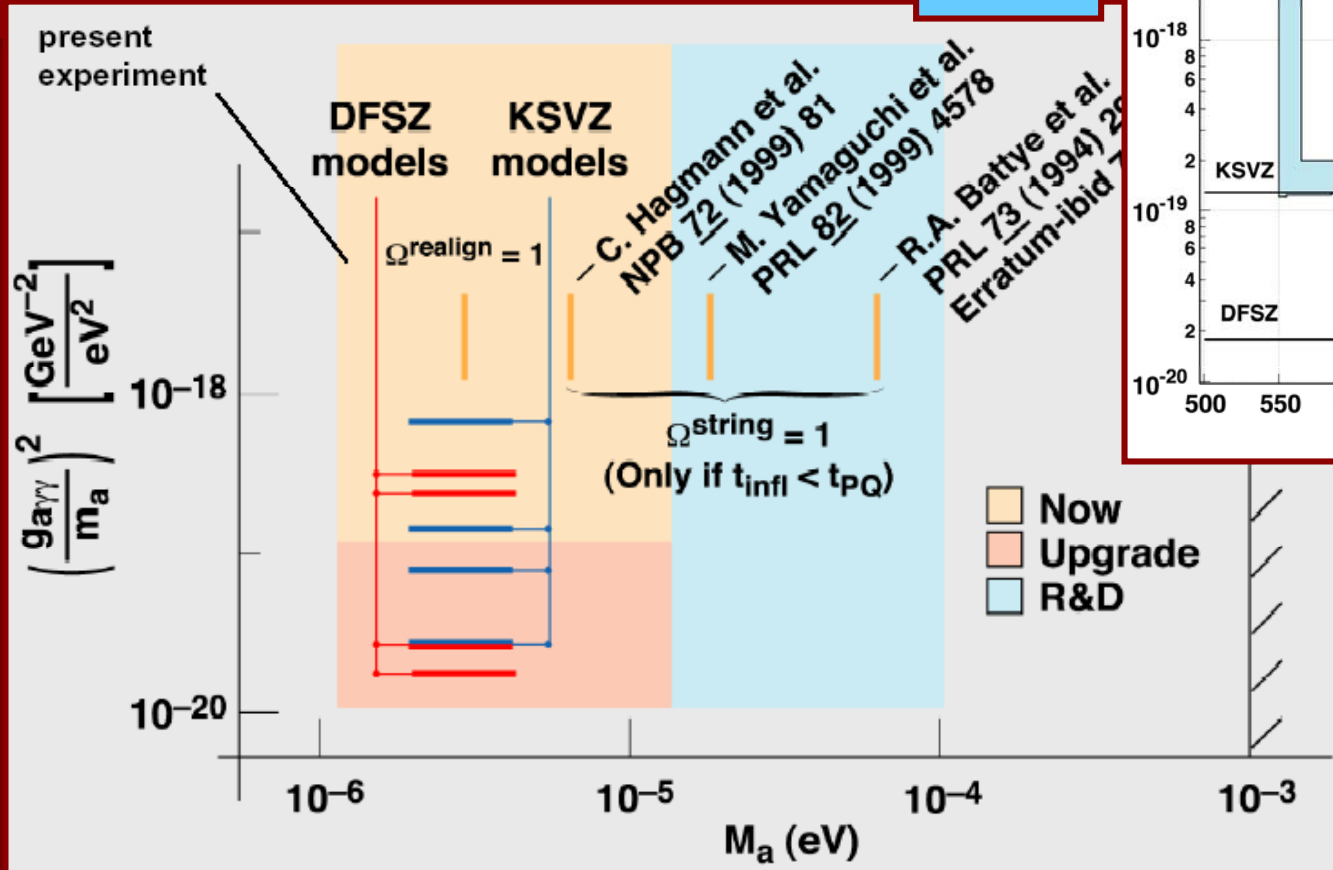
Dark Matter Axions: Haloscopes

- ADMX in Livermore
 - Development of SQUID technology for 2nd phase
- CARRACK in Kyoto.
 - Different detection approach: “single microwave quanta” detection.



Haloscopes sensitivity

ADMX



Conclusions

- Growing observational evidence for Dark Matter (cosmological, astrophysical,...).
- Intriguing experimental results (DAMA).
- Many groups working in many different experimental approaches.

- Recent WIMP limits from XENON10 and CDMS (and others), already at the $\sim 5 \times 10^{-44}$ cm² level for 50-100 GeV WIMP mass...

- Directionality detectors could offer an unmistakable signature of a WIMP. Challenging, but their realization is closer thanks to latest developments.

- AND... don't forget the axion!