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CNGS in 2011

- CNGS in dedicated mode (CNGS + LHC) since March 18th until June 7th (4 additional weeks due to North Area problems)
- Expected to run for 223 days (till November 20th) \rightarrow > 5 x 10¹⁹ pot
- Integral (2008÷2011) \rightarrow ~14.5 x 10¹⁹ pot ~ 65% of 5 nominal years



SPS super-cycle with 6 CNGS cycles + LHC in dedicated mode



2011 run: integrated pot so far





CNGS beam performance

Detector and facilities performance

Improvements in the understanding of the electronic detector New Journal of Physics 13 (2011) 053051



Brick manipulator system



Target mass evolution



Emulsion development facility



Scanning of Changeable Sheets: several tasks accomplished



LNGS: 11 microscopes, 220 cm²/h



Nagoya: 5 S-UTS, 220 cm²/h



So far ~ 1000000 cm² analyzed

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Improvements in the emulsion analysis

Speed up CC event analysis: likelihood to replace visual inspection



Speed up the analysis of events without μ in the final state: vertex pre-definition



28/06/2011

Study of CS tracks as seen in the brick





Improved decay search procedure



Decay search: penetrating tracks discarded



Decay search: track selection



Decay search: electron pair



Decay search: kink topology detected



Current status of the data analysis

Performance plot



Our strategy: analysis of 2008/09 runs

	0mu	1mu	All
Events predicted by the electronic detector	1503	3752	5255
Interactions located in ECC	519	2280	2799
Located in dead material	54	245	299
Decay search performed	494	2244	2738
			4

1088 in Phys. Lett. B691 (2010) 138

Results of the decay search: neutrino induced charmed hadron production

• Charm topology analogous to τ (similar lifetime)

 $D0 \rightarrow 4 \text{ prong}$

Charged charm \rightarrow trident



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Charm events as a control sample (data versus MC)

Topology	Observed events	Expected events			
		Charm	Background	Total	
Charged 1-prong	13	15.9	1.9	17.8	
Neutral 2-prong	18	15.7	0.8	16.5	
Charged 3-prong	5	5.5	0.3	5.8	
Neutral 4-prong	3	2.0	<0.1	2.1	
Total	39	39.1±7.5	3.0±0.9	42.2±8.3	



Interesting by-product of the analysis chain: detection of v_e in muonless events



14 events in the analyzed sample $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{e}$ analysis ongoing

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Detection of the first v_{τ} candidate event PLB691 (2010) 138

Variable	Value
kink (mrad)	41 ± 2
decay length (μm)	1335 ± 35
P daughter (GeV/c)	12 ⁺⁶ ₋₃
Pt (MeV/c)	470 ⁺²³⁰ -120
missing Pt (MeV/c)	570 ⁺³²⁰ -170
φ (deg)	173 ± 2
	27

While analyzing 2008/09: analysis of 2010 and 2011 runs in progress

Status of the 2010 run

	0mu	1mu	All
Events predicted by the electronic detector	1165	2747	3912
Extracted CS	1146	2700	3846
CS Scanned	1043	2517	3560
Found in CS	479	1420	1909
Interactions located in ECC	156	558	714
Decay search	113	381	494

Improvements in the data analysis

Full emulsion simulation OpEmurec code

Vertex position distribution within the brick: Located interactions for events without μ in the final state are compared with OpEmurec simulation



Background reduction: systematic track follow-up for muon detection Tested in the analysis of the first v_{τ} candidate



•Hadronic interactions in v_{μ} CC with misidentified μ ($\tau \rightarrow h$ channel) •Hadronic interactions in v_{μ} CC and NC ($\tau \rightarrow \mu$ channel)

•Charm

Track follow-down analysis

- \checkmark Interaction visible in the brick
- ✓ Momentum/range correlation

Discriminating variable

$$D = \frac{L}{R_{\text{lead}}(p)} \frac{\rho_{\text{lead}}}{\rho_{\text{average}}}$$

L = track length $R_{lead} = \mu \text{ range}$ $\rho_{average} = \text{average density along the path}$ $\rho_{lead} = \text{lead density}$ p = momentum measured in emulsion

- Mis-ID muons in charm events 3.28% (was 5%)
- 2 orders of magnitude reduction of the $\tau \rightarrow \mu$ background due to μ mis-match in CC and NC events





Measure interactions far from the τ decay region

- Search for interactions and "kinks" along 14 m of hadron tracks in neutrino events. 5 times larger than the so far scanned track length for NC events
- No events in the signal region
- 90% CL upper limit of 1.0 x 10⁻³ kinks/NC event
- In the boundary region ($P_{\perp} > 200 \text{ MeV/c}$) 10 observed events (10.8 expected)



MC validation by π beam test Two 4 GeV/c π beam exposures: KEK and CERN



Daughter p (GeV/c)

Summary of physics background

- Production and decay of charmed particles
- Hadron re-interactions
- Large angle μ scattering

Decay	Number of background events for:							
channel	22.5×10^{19} p.o.t.				Analysed sample			
	Charm	Hadron	Muon	Total	Charm	Hadron	Muon	Total
$\tau{\rightarrow}\mu$	0.025	0.00	0.07	0.09 ± 0.04	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02 ± 0.01
$\tau \rightarrow e$	0.22	0	0	0.22 ± 0.05	0.05	0	0	0.05 ± 0.01
$\tau \rightarrow h$	0.14	0.11	0	0.24 ± 0.06	0.03	0.02	0	0.05 ± 0.01
$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	0.18	0	0	0.18 ± 0.04	0.04	0	0	0.04 ± 0.01
Total	0.55	0.11	0.07	0.73 ± 0.15	0.12	0.02	0.02	0.16 ± 0.03

- Charm production cross-section increased (last CHORUS data)
- \bullet Fragmentation fraction into D^+ increased from 10% to 22%
- Improvements due to the track follow-down
- Significant reduction of the background in the $\tau \rightarrow \mu$ channel

Signal events

Decay channel	Number of signal events expected for			
	22.5×10^{19} p.o.t.	Analysed sample		
$\tau \rightarrow \mu$	1.79	0.39		
$\tau \rightarrow e$	2.89	0.63		
$\tau \rightarrow h$	2.25	0.49		
$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	0.71	0.15		
Total	7.63	1.65		

- One v_τ candidate observed in the τ → h channel where 0.49±0.12 events are expected with a background of 0.05±0.01 event
- The probability for the event not to be due to a background fluctuations is 95%

Conclusions

- CNGS is performing well for the 2011 run. Chance to go beyond the CNGS nominal year (4.5 x 10¹⁹ pot)
- Thanks to the CNGS team and to CERN for the strong support
- Improving performance of the OPERA detector and of its ancillary facilities
- Analysis of the 2008/09 data sample: better knowledge of experimental features, background and efficiencies. Several notable improvements
- One v_{τ} candidate observed with a significance of 95% in the hadronic channel
- These results are being submitted for publication to Phys. Lett. B
- In parallel: scanning and analysis of 2010 and 2011 in progress
- Next goal: high statistics study of $v_{\mu} \rightarrow v_{\tau}$ by next year
- Working on $v_{\mu} \rightarrow v_{e}$ search. Exploit the peculiar capabilities of OPERA in identifying electrons. Aim at contributing soon to the international effort